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THE COMMERCIAL, PITTSBURGH.

The Daily Commercial.

NEWS SUMMARY.

BY TELEGRAPH.

The Boston City Councils refused to appoint a committee to extend the hospitalities of the city to Prince Arthur.

A telegram from Omaha, dated Thursday, says: Passengers from the West report that more than forty miles of telegraph lines, including the railroad and commercial lines, are almost entirely demolished by the recent storm. A large force is rebuilding the lines as fast as possible. There is no communication yet west of Grand Island.

A Jacmel, Hayti, correspondent of the 28th ult., says that the United States war steamer arrived there on the 28th. Her commander had an interview with the authorities at the Government House, during which he notified them that the Bay of Samana had been leased to the United States Government, and that the said government has granted her protectorate to the Dominican Government, and hoped that the Haytien authorities would not interfere with the present order of things by assisting the Carbal party. Alexander's steamer Petetion is momentarily expected from Port au Prince with a delegation on board, the precise nature of which has not yet transpired. Piquets are all tendering their submission to the authorities, and confidence is being restored.

The operators in Wall street, New York, who forgot to pay the tax on their money making capital, are now rapidly discharging their obligations to the Government. Thursday one of the legal representatives of the brokers paid ten thousand dollars into Court on behalf of his client, and other checks were to be handed in yesterday. It is believed that the whole amount to be paid by brokers against whom proceedings had been commenced will be over one hundred thousand dollars.

It is stated that some $2,000,000 worth of stock of the Chicago and Rock Island Railroad have been quietly put in the market on Wall street, much to the disgust of certain speculators for a rise in that stock.

Helena papers report the arrival of the Agent of the Mountain Crows from Fort Parker, in the Yellow Stone Valley. The Indians are generally all contented. Sully has caused the erection of a substantial mill and farm houses. It's expected that the Indians will help in the cultivation of the soil next spring.

Gen. Augur has just received official information from Fort Randall showing that there is no doubt that Pawnee Killer's band were engaged in the massacre of Buck's surveying party, on Republican river last August. Eight whites were killed in the first attack; several escaped but they were subsequently murdered by another band of Indians.

The Colored Educational Convention, at Jefferson City, Mo., has presented a bill to the Legislature asking for the establishment of a Colored Normal School, and to grant separate schools for colored children in the different school districts, and until this is done, that the colored children be permitted to attend the present schools.

Concurrent resolutions have been introduced in the Lower House of the Kansas Legislature asking Senators Ross and Pomeroy and Representative Clarke to resign, as their influence had been impaired by circumstances growing out of the late impeachment trial, and the disposition for lavish expenditures on the part of one of them. The resolutions were referred to special committees.

The Buffalo Board of Trade yesterday passed resolutions denouncing the income tax as detrimental to trade and commerce.

John Francis Rollins has been arrested, charged with the murder of his two months old child in Swanton, Vermont. He was married last May. The child was found buried in a cellar, partially devoured by rats.

There is a general strike among the coal miners on the Toledo, Peoria and Warsaw Railroad, extending through Cuba, Mapleton and Orchard mines.

A special from Desmoines says the Iowa Senate to-day, after considerable debate, by a vote of 30 to 14, refused to concur in the House resolutions adopting the Fifteenth amendment to the Constitution of the United States. The majority of the Senate claim that the House should have taken their resolutions as they first adopted them, and not have passed a new series of their own. The result is that only one house has as yet passed the Fifteenth amendment.

Wm. Kriel was hung at Louisville yesterday. He ascended the scaffold with a light step. Though the neck was not broken, the culprit died quite easy, for in eight minutes his pulse ceased to beat. Fully ten thousand persons witnessed the execution.

George D. Prentice, the veteran editor, is again prostrated and in a dying condition.

In the Wisconsin House yesterday a resolution was introduced, instructing the Senators and Representatives in Congress to favor connection with the Postoffice system a complete system of telegraphic communication, to be under charge of the Government.

Miss Hattie Butterfield, teacher of the Kinzie school, Chicago, was arrested yesterday for beating a girl aged about nine years on Thursday during school hours, and gave bail for her appearance on Wednesday next to answer. Miss Butterfield claims that she simply did her duty on the occasion, and to have done less would have yielded all control over the scholars.

A panic occurred in a school house at Lowell, Mass., on Thursday, by reason of the blowing off of the safety valve of the boiler. The escape of steam in the cellar caused a panic in four rooms on the first floor of the school house, and in the rush of children to get out several were tramped upon and somewhat injured.

A woman and three children were burned to death in a house at West Point, Prince Edward's Island, on the 13th inst.

In the Louisiana Legislature yesterday an act was introduced authorizing the settlement of debts due by the State to certain banks. The legislative "ring" said to exist broke in the House of Representatives Thursday, under the severe pressure brought against it by General McMillan, upon the question of payment by the issuance of bonds of the indebtedness alleged to be due by the State to certain banks in the city. It is understood the whole matter had been arranged to go through, but the "ring" broke, and the question is indefinitely postponed. The lobby is very busy, closing up the business in order to make another effort to pass the bill. It was called up again yesterday, and the session consumed in its discussion.

The report that the Prince Edwards Island Government has accepted the better terms and agreed to confederation, is premature. An Island paper intimates that the terms are not satisfactory to the leading unionists. They are disappointed at no provision being made for a railroad.

MORE GIANTS.

Skeletons of an Overgrown Race Found in Wisconsin.

[From the Dubuque Times.]

The evidence appears to be pretty well settled that this whole western country was once inhabited by a race of beings of gigantic stature, who were not only hard-working, industrious fellows, but well up in many of the fine arts. What their laws, institutions, and code of morals consisted of, we shall probably never know, as printing presses and interviewing reporters were scarce in those days, but from the various mounds scattered all over the country, which the learned savans tell us were the work of their hands, it is quite easy to assume that they were heavy on the dig, and took much delight in wielding the spade and shovel. They would be useful fellows to have in these days of railroads and canals, and it is to be regretted that the race died out before the present system of internal improvements commenced.

From time to time the skeletons of an unknown race have been discovered in the different mounds mentioned, up and down the Mississippi river, the last discovery of the kind being made near Potosi, Wisconsin, a little over a week ago. A young man by the name of Patterson, brother-in-law to S. M. Langworth, of this city, was engaged with a number of men in digging out for the foundation of a saw mill, near the bank of the river. In digging this it became necessary to remove one of these ancient mounds or tumuli. The workmen had descended to the depth of about seven feet, when they unearthed two human skeletons, the bones of which were almost perfect, and in a good state of preservation. Upon turning them out, an accurate measurement was made of the skeletons, when one of them was found to be seven and a half feet, and the other eight feet in length. The jaws of each were filled with double rows of teeth, while the cheek bones were very high and prominent. Under the bones a large collection of arrow heads and strange toys were found, which had evidently been buried with them.

Strange to state, the workmen instead of preserving the bones, carted them off into the road, and it is feared that the greatest portion are now wasted. It is highly probable that other skeletons exist in the vicinity.

Mr. Langworthy, we understand, will soon visit that locality for the purpose of preserving the skeletons already found, and pushing further and more persistent search for fresh discoveries.

Decrease in Distillation of Spirits.

In the House of Representatives at Washington on Monday, it was resolved that the Commissioner of Internal Revenue be requested, if not incompatible with the good of the public service, to inform the House what increase or decrease there has been in the manufacture of distilled spirits, other than highwines, during the present distilling season, as compared with the same time during the years 1868-9; giving the information he has as to the relative amount that will probably be distilled from the present time till the close of the distilling season, as compared with last year; stating the causes which in his opinion operate to produce the differences he may report, the distilled spirits specially inquired about being the class of liquors generally known as Bourbon and rye whiskies, and put up in original packages at not exceeding ten degrees above proof.

We learn that the distillers of Pennsylvania and Kentucky have been canvassed as to the production of the present season, and the result shows that there will be a decrease of seventy-five per cent. as compared with last season.

Murder at Plymouth, Ind.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

PLYMOUTH, IND., January 21, 1870.

A man named Thornburg died last night from the effects of injuries inflicted in a brawl at Hoslinger's saloon, on Tuesday night, by two men named O'Conner and Crier, night watchmen in the employ of the merchants of this place. Thornburg was cruelly beaten and kicked out. He was found the next morning badly frozen and senseless, with his head terribly lacerated, between two saw logs, in the mill yard of Oglesby & Co., where it is supposed he was placed by his assailants, who thought him dead. He did not rally, although every effort was made to save his life. O'Conner and Crier are under arrest, and a Coroner's jury are investigating the case. A post mortem examination showed the skull of Thornburg to be terribly fractured. A preliminary examination of the prisoners will take place to-morrow. Popular indignation is greatly excited against the parties guilty of this atrocious deed.

FIRST EDITION.

12 O'CLOCK, M.

HARRISBURG.

LEGISLATIVE PROCEEDINGS

Board of Control of State Finances.

Change in Allegheny County License System Proposed—State Insurance Department—March 17th Fixed for Final Adjournment—Change of Date of Elections—State Officers Appointed by the Governor—The Treasury Balance—The Legislative Record—Candidates for Flour Inspector and Sealer of Weights and Measures—The Pardon Business—The Erie Canal Project.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

HARRISBURG, PA., January 21, 1870.

SENATE.

A Pipe Bill.

Mr. Kerr called up the bill incorporating the Bear Creek Pipe and Oil Company, in Armstrong and Butler counties. Passed second reading.

Final Adjournment.

Mr. Davis called up the joint resolution for final adjournment on Thursday, March 17th. Passed finally.

Bills Introduced.

Mr. Warfel—Establishing a State Insurance Department. Also, providing for the incorporation of Life and Health Insurance companies, and regulating their agencies.

Mr. Rutan—Fixing the third Friday in March for elections for city, ward, borough and township officers throughout the Commonwealth.

Mr. Howard—Supplement to liquor license laws of Allegheny county, which takes the granting of licenses from the Commissioners, and transfers it to the Judges of the Quarter Sessions.

Also, supplement relative to State Treasurer, and creating a Board of Control in place of the Sinking Fund Commissioners, the Board to have control of the treasury depositories, to be created by advice of the banks and exchange brokers, the depositories to give security and highest rates of interest, and pay all drafts on demand.

Another correspondent says the Board is to consist of the Secretary of State, Auditor General, Attorney General and Treasurer. The Board is to advertise for proposals for depositories of State funds. The Board is to select two banks in Philadelphia, one in Harrisburg and one in Pittsburgh that shall stipulate and agree to pay all checks or drafts drawn by the State Treasurer and countersigned by the President and Secretary of the Board, and shall stipulate and agree to pay for the use of the Commonwealth, the highest rate of interest on all current balances, and pass the same to the credit of the State Treasurer, and shall give bonds to save the State from loss.

Mr. Lowry—Increasing the salary of the Chief Justice to $8,500, and the rest of Supreme Court Judges to $8,000.

The Treasury Balance.

Mr. Billingfelt introduced the following resolution: That the State Treasurer be requested to furnish the Senate a statement showing the balance in the Treasury on the 1st inst.; what proportion of the same belongs to the sinking fund; what belongs to the fund created for the redemption of the war loan, and what is the deficit in the general fund. Laid over.

Postage Defeated.

The bill from the House giving each member one hundred dollars for postage and five dollars for box rent, was unanimously defeated.

The Governor's Cabinet.

The Governor transmitted a message nominating John Youngman, of Sunbury, as Superintendent of Public Printing, and announcing the appointment of F. Carroll Brewster as Attorney General, A. L. Russell as Adjutant General, and Francis Jordan as Secretary of the Commonwealth. He later announced the appointment of J. M. Weakley as Deputy Secretary of the Commonwealth.

HOUSE.

Mr. Webb moved an appropriation of five hundred dollars for postage on documents received by members. Lost.

Still Refuse to Print.

Resolutions to print the State Librarian's, Treasurer's and Auditor General's reports and Governor's message were all defeated. This is the sixth fruitless attempt to get these documents printed. The reason of the failure is alleged to be the absence of the postage appropriation.

The Record Job.

The report of the *Legislative Record* Committee, giving Geo. Bergner a contract at fourteen dollars and fifty cents per page, was discussed nearly all day.

Mr. Brown, Democrat, moved an amendment giving the *Telegraph and Patriot*, the Harrisburg dailies, five thousand dollars each for publication of the proceedings. Lost.

Mr. White, Republican, moved an amendment instructing the State printer to publish the daily journals, as made up by the clerk. Lost.

The whole matter was then referred back to the Committee.

Both Houses adjourned until Monday evening.

Appointments.

A great pressure is being brought to bear upon the Governor for Western appointments. Applications or recommendations are now on file for the two principal offices, as follows:

For Flour Inspector.

Joseph F. Trees, Charles Jeremy, George F. Morgan, Morris F. Kunes, Samuel Lindsey, Jr., Benjamin Craig, William A. Herron, J. R. Penney, Casner Hanover, John A. Carothers, Wesley Wilson, Samuel Elder, Richard Perry, A. G. Williams, H. W. McClure, John M. Fass, Jacob William Culp.

For Sealer of Weights and Measures.

H. B. Lyon, Robert H. Armstrong, Thomas Harris, Thomas Thompson, Thomas Penney, Stewart McKnight, Charles Barnes, R. H. Armstrong, A. S. Bright, George W. Rankin, Phineas R. Gray, William McCreary, J. F. Keeler, Andrew G. Williams, Calvin Sackett, James N. Drennan, F. A. Heisley, Chauncy B. Bostwick, David L. Smith, James M. Hayes.

Other Offices.

The pressure for other offices is in the same proportion. For six prominent offices in the gift of the Executive there are now over two hundred applications on file, and the Governor's office is crowded daily by those making verbal application, and the friends of the various applicants.

The Pardon Business.

There are now three hundred unanswered applications for pardon on file—one hundred and fifty of which are from Philadelphia, sixty or seventy from Allegheny, and the rest scattered throughout the Commonwealth. There are thirty-four counties from which there are no pardon requests—an unusual deficiency, indicating a large decrease in pardon-seeking within the last three weeks.

The Erie Canal.

A very strong effort is being made in behalf of the widening and deepening of the Erie Canal, and the movement is assuming considerable proportions. An effort will be made by united Western and Northwestern capitalists to obtain by legislation the use of three millions of bonds, now lying in the State Treasury, for this project.

HUNTINGDON, PA.

The Peightal Murders—Conviction of Bohner and Van Bordenburg—Sentenced to be Hung.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

HUNTINGDON, PA., January 21, 1870.

The trial of Bohner and Van Bordenburg, the murderers of the Peightal family, which ended on Tuesday last, resulted in the conviction of both prisoners of murder in the first degree. It was understood that they would be sentenced this morning, and the greatest anxiety was manifested by the people generally to be present. Long before the time for opening the court, a vast crowd began to move towards the Court House, and the room was densely filled when Bohner and Van Bordenburg were brought in. His Honor, Judge Taylor, soon afterwards arrived, and proceeded at once to pronounce the sentence, when they were asked if they had anything to say why sentence of death should not be pronounced against them. Bordenburg replied that he was not guilty; that he knew nothing of the murder until he was arrested in Altoona, when he was informed of it. Bohner had nothing to say. Judge Taylor then recounted briefly the circumstances of the murder and the evidence against them, calling attention to the horrible atrocity of the crime, the justice of the punishment to be inflicted, the hopelessness of escape from it, and pronounced the sentence in the usual words. The prisoners were then removed to the jail to await the day of execution.

CUBA.

Insurgent Chiefs Abandon the Cause—Progress of Hostilities.

NEW YORK, January 21.—The Spanish Consul in this city is in receipt of a dispatch conveying the intelligence that the two insurgent chiefs, Coca and Carbollas, have abandoned the cause of independence and issued a proclamation in favor of the Spaniards.

The Havana correspondents of the metropolitan papers continue to furnish details of the progress of hostilities in Cuba. There has been heavy skirmishing all along the line, with victories on both sides. The Spaniards continue to shoot their prisoners in cold blood.

The sugars brought to the Havana market are generally of a very inferior quality; but few good lots have arrived, and merchants are complaining.

WASHINGTON.

The Admission of Virginia.

Bill With New Conditions Passed in the Senate—Its Probable Acceptance by the House—The Tariff Bill to be Reported on Monday—Legislation Relative to Utah—General Butler to Defend the Administration—The Course of General Terry in Georgia Criticised—The Agricultural Department Appropriation.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

WASHINGTON, D. C., January 21, 1870.

The Virginia Case.

The Virginia question, after two weeks debate, has finally got out of the Senate. The day has not been equalled for interest and excitement since the close of the impeachment trial. The main galleries of the Senate chamber were packed almost to suffocation; the diplomatic gallery was crowded with representatives from the foreign corps; the lobby in the rear of the chamber was filled with privileged persons, and five or six hundred men and women wandered up and down the halls, utterly unable to get near any open door. The audience was in the highest degree intelligent and cultivated, and it paid the closest attention to the day's proceedings, most of its members keeping their seats for five hours without apparent weariness. General Sherman, General Rosecrans and Mr. Evarts were among those present. The feature, on the floor, of the day was Mr. Trumbull's review of Mr. Sumner's course in connection with the reconstruction policy of Congress, and the speech was one of the most pungent of its kind ever delivered in the Senate, and the galleries enjoyed it immensely. Mr. Sumner had an hour for reply, but did not speak with near so much force as in the former tilt with Mr. Trumbull. The Vice President felt himself called on to enforce the rule relating to personalities against both speakers. The arrangement made last night was to vote at four o'clock, but it was a half hour later before Mr. Sumner concluded, and it was with great difficulty that Messrs. Trumbull, Edmunds and Conkling could then hold members to their agreement. The first vote was called at a quarter before five, just as the light from the gas burners above burst out and flooded the chamber with its soft warmth. The amendment proposed was of a verbal character, and little attention was paid to the roll call, as every body knew it would not be a test vote of the strength of the opposing parties. That came on the first of Drake's amendments, and during this roll call there was every manifestation of absorbed interest. The vote stood yeas 31; nays 28; showing that the conditionists had a sure though small majority. All the other amendments, viz: Wilson's, Morton's and Drake's second, were adopted by the same vote. The absent Senators were Brownlow, Cameron, Cattell, Pool and Sprague, while McCreery was paired with Cameron, and therefore did not vote. The Senators who stood by the Bingham bill without conditions were Carpenter, Cole, Conkling, Corbett, Fenton, Ferry, Morrill, of Maine, Nye, Ross, Sawyer, Scott, Sherman, Stewart, Tipton, Trumbull, Warner, Willey and Williams. The amended bill was passed by 48 to 10, the Democrats alone voting in the negative, and Messrs. Sumner and Thayer refusing to vote at all. The action of the Democrats was based on Mr. Thurman's briefly expressed opinion that the amendment of the afternoon clearly made the bill unconstitutional. Mr. Sumner offered no reason for refusing to vote. The bill as it now stands is a wretched piece of patch work, and certainly ought to go into somebody's hands for decent revision. In its terms it is not very widely different from the original measure brought in by the Reconstruction Committee, and rejected by two majority in the House, though it is not in near as good shape. It will reach the House on Monday. There is a great deal of talk about what may be done with it in that body. Mr. Butler, in conversation to-day, did not go so far as the bill does, but the chances seem to be that he will accept it, and that it will also be taken by the House.

The Tariff Bill

Will be reported from the Ways and Means Committee next Monday, notice to that effect having been given this afternoon, and the House will probably take it up for debate in a week or ten days thereafter. The tariff men are not pleased with the appearance of things. Most persons look upon the vote of yesterday on printing Wells's report as in some degree a test of the strength on the question of protective duties. If this view is justified, it is clear enough already that the committee's tariff bill will be torn all to pieces as soon as the House gets at it. Three or four members of the committee at least expect this result, and that the committee will be overruled on very many points, and in favor of lower duties, is regarded as certain by all careful observers. The committee agreed this morning to a reduction of duties on molasses and sugars.

The Case of Utah.

The House Committee on Territories have had some consultation with Governor Shaffer and other persons interested in the affairs of Utah, and held a session this morning to hear evidence from gentlemen living in that Territory. One witness gave an interesting report from his own knowledge of the views toward the General Government entertained by Brigham Young. Governor Shaffer does not care to go out there till some legislation is had here. The President is also desirous to have Congress take action. The Committee is well inclined toward the general features of the Cullom bill, but cannot report for some time.

Defender of the Administration.

Gen. Butler is coming out, when he can get a chance, in the special role of defender of the Administration. He tried hard to get the floor to-day for the purpose of replying to Mr. Dawes, but the fates and rules of the House were against him, and his speech goes over to another time. Pretty much everybody wanted to hear him, and Mr. Dawes two or three times asked that he might be allowed to go on, but Mr. Benjamin, of Mo., pertinaciously insisted on the inforcement of the rules, and Mr. Butler was only allowed to say that he thought Mr. Dawes had started on the wrong basis, but no one had warrant for charging him with improper motives. The proceedings while Mr. Butler tried to get the floor were decidedly funny.

General Terry's Course in Georgia.

There is some feeling among Republicans in Congress about the course General Terry is pursuing in Georgia. Nobody knows by what authority he is making a military investigation into the right of members of the Legislature to hold their seats, and some of the soundest Republican Senators say he has no right under any law to do this thing. It is given out in administration circles that he intends to do no more than submit to the Governor and Legislature such evidence as he takes, and leave them to take proper action in the premises.

Wells's Pig Iron Estimates.

The Senate some days ago called on the Secretary of the Treasury for information on which Commissioner Wells bases the conclusion that pig iron is made at a certain figure named in his report. A reply will be made on Tuesday next, in which Wells will present a good deal of evidence called out since the preparation of his letter printed the first of this week, some of which is remarkably strong in support of his views.

The Agricultural Department.

The House Appropriation Committee finished the consideration of the estimates for the Agricultural Department to-day. $25,000 was voted for the purchase of choice seed, and a small appropriation made for the erection of a conservatory. The figures throughout for the department were fixed a little higher than those of last year.

Railroad Matters.

The Senate Railroad Committee have had but two or three meetings this session, and have not done any business of consequence. At a meeting to-day they considered the bill for a road from Central Missouri to Albuquerque, but did not vote on any of its provisions.

The Funding Bill.

The Finance Committee of the Senate had another meeting to-day, for a talk on the Funding bill. They mostly agree with Mr. Boutwell's scheme, except as to the rate of interest, on which point there is considerable difference of opinion, some members not believing anything can be done with four and a half per cent loans.

Female Suffrage in the District.

The leaders in the Woman's Suffrage movement are to appear to-morrow morning before the two District Committees of Congress to present a petition for a law establishing female suffrage in this District, and a rather interesting time is expected.

Covode vs. Foster.

The Committee on Elections to-day took a preliminary vote on the contested seat case from Pennsylvania, of Covode *versus* Foster, and the result indicates a report strongly favorable to Covode.

WASHINGTON, D. C., January 21, 1870.

The House Committee on Judiciary have agreed to a proposition that Judge Watrous, of Texas, provided he resigns, shall be paid his salary for the remainder of his life. In case he refuses to resign, the President will be authorized to nominate an Assistant Judge to discharge the duties. This course is suggested by the fact that Judge Watrous is now considered disqualified by mental disability.

THE M'GARRAHAN CLAIM.

The committee have agreed on a resolution that Executive action be postponed on the McGarrahan claim until further action of Congress.

NOMINATIONS.

The President to-day sent to the Senate the following nominations: Wm. Cumback, of Indiana, Minister Resident at Portugal, vice Shellabarger resigned; E. S. Nodal, of New Jersey, Assistant Secretary of Legation at London, vice Badeau, resigned; Luther Lee, Jr., Collector of Customs, Norfolk and Portsmouth, Virginia.

The Committee on Banking and currency to-day examined C. J. Osborne and Richard Schnell, of New York, in reference to the gold panic.

The Committee of Ways and Means this morning, reduced the duty on molasses from eight to five cents. They will also reduce the duty on sugars, tea and coffee, leaving the bulk of duties on manufactures generally unchanged.

BILL SIGNED.

The President has signed the bill providing that hereafter no officers of the army on the retired list shall be assigned to any duty or be entitled to any more pay than that of his grade.

THE TAX ON SALARIES.

Secretary Boutwell has issued a circular of instructions for the guidance of all disbursing officers, agents or clerks of the United States relative to the continuance of the Internal Revenue tax on salaries, in which he says the question has been submitted to the Department whether the tax on payments for salaries and services by the United States Collectors, and withheld by virtue of the 123d section of the Internal Revenue Act, approved June 30th, 1866, as alleged, is governed by the 119th section of said act, as alleged, which latter relates to taxes on incomes, and not to taxes on such salaries. The decision of the proper accounting officers and the Commissioner of Internal Revenue has been given on the subject, and in accordance therewith, such taxes will be withheld as usual by disbursing officers, agents or clerks of the United States.

THE VIRGINIA BILL AS PASSED BY THE SENATE.

The following is the Virginia bill as it passed the Senate:

An Act to admit the State of Virginia to representation in the Congress of the United States.

WHEREAS, The people of Virginia have framed and adopted a Constitution of State government which is republican; and whereas, the Legislature of Virginia, elected under said Constitution, have ratified the Fourteenth and Fifteenth amendments to the Constitution of the United States; and whereas, the performance of these several acts in good faith was a condition precedent to the representation of the State in Congress; therefore,

Be it enacted, &c., That the said State of Virginia is entitled to representation in the Congress of the United States; provided, that before any member of the Legislature of said State shall take or resume his seat, or any officer of said State shall enter upon the discharge of his office, he shall take and subscribe and file in the office of the Secretary of State of Virginia for permanent preservation an oath in form following: "I —— do solemnly swear that I have never taken an oath as a member of Congress or as an officer of the United States, or as a member of any State Legislature, or as executive or judicial officer of any State, to support the Constitution of the United States and afterwards engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the same, or given aid or comfort to the enemies thereof, so help me God;" or such person shall in like manner take, subscribe and file the following oath: "I, ——, do solemnly swear that I have, by act of Congress of the United States been relieved from the disabilities imposed upon me by the Fourteenth Amendment of the Constitution of the United States, so help me God," which oath shall be taken before and certified by any officer lawfully authorized to administer oaths; and any person who shall knowingly swear falsely in taking either of such oaths shall be deemed guilty of perjury, and shall be punished therefor by imprisonment not less than one year and not more than ten years, and shall be fined not less than $1,000 and not more than $10,000, and in all trials for any violation of this act the certificate of taking of either of said oaths with proof of signature of either party accused shall be taken and held as conclusive evidence that such oath was lawfully and regularly administered by competent authority. And providing further, that every such person who shall neglect for a period of thirty days next after the passage of this act to take, subscribe and file such oath as aforesaid, shall be deemed and taken to all intents and purposes to have vacated his office; and provided further, that the State of Virginia is admitted to representation in Congress upon the following fundamental conditions: That the Constitution of Virginia shall never be so amended or changed as to deprive any citizen or class of citizens of the United States of the right to vote who are entitled to vote by the Constitution herein recognized, except as a punishment for such crimes as are now felonies at common law, whereof they shall have been duly convicted under laws equally applicable to all the inhabitants of said State; provided, that any alteration of said Constitution prospective in its effects may be made in regard to time and place of residence of voters; that it shall never be lawful for the same State to deprive any citizen of the United States, on account of his race, color or previous condition of servitude of the right to hold office under the constitution and laws of said State, or upon any such ground to require of him any other qualification for office than such required of all other citizens; that the constitution of Virginia shall never be so amended or changed as to deprive any citizen or class of citizens of the United States of the school rights and privileges secured by the constitution of said State.

INDIAN AFFAIRS.

Gen. Sheridan has forwarded to the War Department the report of General Morrow on the condition of Indian affairs in the vicinity of Fort Buford. Most of the tribes are friendly, but the Uncpapas, a band of Tetons and Santees are hostile. It is recommended that the friendly tribes who are not already so be placed on reservations. Several recommendations are made for the amelioration of the condition of friendly tribes, and it is suggested that the control of Indian affairs on the frontier be transferred from the Internal to the War Department.

TRANSFER OF ARMY OFFICERS.

A list of officers to be transferred from the bureaus in the War Department to the western country is being prepared, but the transfer will probably not take effect till the last of February. It is understood Gens. Williams, Kelton and Breck will be among those transferred.

WESTERN PACIFIC RAILROAD.

Messrs. Haines, Tuttle and Morely, Commissioners appointed to examine the Western Pacific Railroad, have reported the completion of an additional section of 20 16-100 miles of that road, commencing at the end of the eighty-third mile from the point of junction with the Central Pacific road. The Secretary of the Interior recommends the issue of bonds on account of the new section.

WOMEN'S SUFFRAGE.

A women's suffrage meeting was held in the Union League Hall this evening.

RECEPTIONS.

The receptions of Secretary Fish and Speaker Blaine to-night were largely attended.

CONGRESS.

Virginia Admission Bill Passed.

Various Conditions Imposed—Personalities Indulged in by Trumbull and Sumner—The Tariff Bill to be Reported to the House on Monday—Another Constitutional Amendment.

WASHINGTON, D. C., January 21, 1870.

SENATE.

Memorials of army officers for an increase of pay; for a Sixteenth Amendment giving suffrage to women, and petitions for the abolition of the franking privilege, were presented and referred. The latter occasioned some discussion, in which Messrs. BAYARD and THURMAN alluded to the action of the Postmaster General in sending out circulars instructing Postmasters to procure signatures to such petitions as improper. The latter said there had been a time when the Congress of the United States would not have quietly tolerated such conduct by the head of a department, or an attempt by any authority of the government to forestall public opinion and prevent a proper investigation.

Mr. SHERMAN, from the Committee on Finance, reported with a verbal amendment the House joint resolution to construe the law relative to the tax on salaries, declaring the meaning of the act to be that the tax shall be collected until the end of the year 1870. After some discussion the resolution went over for the present.

Bills were introduced and referred as follows:

By Mr. PATTERSON, to abolish the Freedmen's Bureau and provide for a Bureau of Education.

By Mr. POMEROY, to prohibit the sale of public lands in Kansas, except by actual settlement; also, proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States, submitting to the States the following article, to be known as the Sixteenth Amendment, which, when ratified by three-fourths thereof, shall be part of the Constitution of the United States: "The basis of suffrage in the United States shall be that of citizenship, and all native and naturalized citizens shall enjoy the same rights and privileges of the elective franchise. Each State shall determine by law the age of the citizen and time of residence required for the exercise of the right of suffrage, which shall apply equally to all citizens, and shall make all laws in regard to time and place of holding elections." It was referred to the Committee on Judiciary and ordered printed.

The Virginia bill was taken up. During discussion which followed, Mr. TRUMBULL said in a former discussion the subject of a misunderstanding upon an alleged agreement to vote upon the Virginia bill on the previous Monday, the Senator from Massachusetts went on to impugn his (Trumbull's) motives in assuming the position he had taken previous to this. That Senator had asserted that certain loyalists of Virginia had knocked at the door of the Judiciary Committee, asking to be heard, and to set forth the condition of things in that State, yet the untruthfulness of this and similar statements was shown by a messenger at the door of the Committee, who said no such persons, singly or together, had approached the door at any time, and, notwithstanding the express denial by all the members of the Judiciary Committee of the assertions of Mr. Sumner, that any person was denied access to that committee, that Senator not only insisted upon the correctness of what he had asserted, but afterward actually inquired, as shown by the report, whether he (Trumbull) did not admit he had been in error. After an explanation by each of the members of the Judiciary Committee, that Senator still insisted upon the correctness of what he had said, refusing to admit the correction.

Mr. TRUMBULL continued in further exposition of the alleged untruthfulness and injustice of the assertions from the same source, remarked that he proposed to strip from one who could descend to the use of such impudent assumptions all his self-assumed infallibility. He defended the Judiciary Committee from all imputations upon their action, and vindicated the patriotism and loyalty of Gov. Walker, who had been openly denounced in the Senate by Mr. Sumner as a traitor. In regard to the recent election in Virginia, the assertion that it was a huge fraud was denied by the report of General Canby, after careful investigation, yet the Senator from Massachusetts had asserted, and repeated this charge, and said it could not be denied, even after an explicit refutation by more than one Senator. Such was the effrontery to which from day to day the Senate had been subjected. In answer to the imputation upon his own action, he quoted from the records of the Senate to show that Republican Senators had voted with but one exception for the bill for the more efficient government of the rebel States, which conferred the right of suffrage on colored men throughout the South. That exception was the Senator from Massachusetts. Upon the passage of the bill to submit the Fifteenth Amendment to the States, the same thing was repeated, that Senator refusing to vote for it for the same reason that governed his action in the other case, which was that his own idea of the kind of legislation which was required had not been blindly adopted by the rest of the Republican Senators. If the Senator's assurance and effrontery was such that he could not rest his inclination to assail others, he must gird his armor about him, lest it be stripped off and expose him to the American people as an impracticable obstacle in the way of legislation.

The CHAIR suggested that the personal application of the word "effrontery" was not strictly in accordance with the rules of parliamentary order.

Mr. TRUMBULL disclaimed a purpose to violate any rule of order, but reminded the Chair that some limit might be allowed, inasmuch as his remarks had been denounced as preposterous and absurd, and the charge made that he was attempting to impose upon the Senate. He said he well recollected the day when the Senator from Massachusetts was subjected to assaults of Southern Senators belonging to the then dominant party, and feared that the Senator had too well followed the example of those domineering slave masters. The Senator was the peer of those who assaulted him, but his attack upon the character of a loyal Governor of a State was upon a party who could not reply.

Mr. SUMNER replied that the Senator from Illinois ran into the region of personality as naturally as a bird flew in the air, a fish swam in the sea. As for himself, he would not be drawn aside from the strictest discussion of questions raised by that Senator.

He would ask how that Senator became a critic of himself? Did not the Senator know that from the first day the propositions were introduced into this chamber to confer suffrage colored men down to their final triumph, the Senator had been its persistent enemy? When called on to consider the case of Georgia, was not his unrelenting opposition encountered? As the representative of the Ku-Klux Klan he was willing to see the State handed over to that influence. When the just House of Representatives dragged to this bar the greatest enemy of reconstruction, the President of the United States, the Senator threw over that criminal the protection of his vote. Upon the question should Andy Johnson be expelled from office, so that reconstruction might have free course, the freedmen protection and the Ku-Klux Klan driven out, the Senator found a technical argument in favor of the criminal.

Mr. SUMNER continued in a similar strain, referring to the charge that upon the passage of the great measure relating to the rights of the colored people, he had declined to vote for the measure, he explained that he was absent from the chamber on account of fatigue and illness, though the bill did not, in his opinion, furnish to the freedmen a sufficient measure of protection. He was compelled to leave the chamber after midnight, and did not absent himself in order to avoid recording his vote.

During the continuance of his remarks, Mr. SUMNER was reminded by the Chair that in applying to another Senator the language, "he poured out his venom," he had violated parliamentary decorum.

Mr. SUMNER disclaimed any improper intention, and continued quoting from letters of correspondents and speeches, purporting to have been made by Governor Walker, to show the revolutionary intent and disloyal sympathies of the people of Virginia.

Upon the conclusion of Mr. Sumner's remarks the CHAIR stated the question to be upon the pending amendment of Mr. Drake to admit Virginia upon fundamental conditions, by prohibiting any change or amendment of the State Constitution to deprive citizens of the right to vote under the same who are now entitled to vote, except in punishment for crime, but permitting any alteration in the Constitution prospective in its effects in regard to time and place or residence of voters.

Mr. SCHURZ moved to insert in the amendment the words "or hold office," so as to prevent the exclusion from office hereafter by a change of the State Constitution of any person now allowed to hold office.

The Senate proceeded to vote in accordance with previous arrangements. The amendment of Mr. SCHURZ was rejected, yeas 28, nays 31.

Mr. McCREERY announced that he had paired off upon all votes on Virginia with Mr. CAMERON, who was absent.

A vote was then taken on the amendment of Mr. DRAKE, which was adopted, yeas 31, nays 28, as follows:

YEAS.

Abbott, Anthony, Boreman, Brownlow, Buckingham, Chandler, Cragin, Drake, Edmunds, Gilbert, Hamlin, Harlan, Harris, Howard, Howe, Kellogg, McDonald, Merrill, of Vt.; Morton, Osborne, Patterson, Pomeroy, Pratt, Ramsey, Rice, Robertson, Spencer, Sumner, Thayer, Wilson, Yates.

NAYS.

Bayard, Carpenter, Casserly, Cole, Conkling, Corbett, Davis, Fenton, Ferry, Fowler, Hamilton, Morrill, of Me.; Norton, Nye, Ross, Saulsbury, Sawyer, Scott, Sherman, Stewart, Stockton, Thurman, Tipton, Trumbull, Vickers, Warner, Willey, Williams.

Mr. DRAKE moved to further amend by imposing further fundamental conditions, that it should never be lawful for said State to deprive any citizen of the United States, on account of color or previous condition of servitude, of the right to hold office under the constitution and laws of said State, or upon any such ground to require of him any other qualification for office than such as are required of all other citizens. The amendment was adopted—yeas 30, nays 29.

YEAS.

Abbott, Boreman, Brownlow, Buckingham, Chandler, Drake, Edmunds, Gilbert, Hamlin, Harlan, Harris, Howard, Howe, Kellogg, McDonald, Morrill, Vt.; Morton, Osborn, Patterson, Pomeroy, Pratt, Ramsey, Rice, Robertson, Schurz, Spencer, Sumner, Thayer, Wilson, Yates.

Mr. WILSON moved an amendment to impose further fundamental conditions, that the constitution shall never be so amended or changed as to deprive any citizen of the United States of the social rights and privileges secured by the constitution of said State. Adopted, yeas 31, nays 29, the only difference from the previous vote being that Anthony and Cragin voted aye and Kellogg nay.

Mr. MORTON moved to substitute for the preamble adopted by the House another setting forth that the people of Virginia had adopted a constitution which is republican, and a legislature elected under it had ratified the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Amendments, and the performance of these acts in good faith was a condition precedent to representation. The proposed substitute was agreed to, yeas 38, nays 20:

YEAS.

Abbott, Anthony, Boreman, Brownlow, Buckingham, Chandler, Cole, Cragin, Drake, Edmunds, Fenton, Gilbert, Hamlin, Harlan, Harris, Howard, Howe, McDonald, Morrill, Me. Morrill, Vt. Osborn, Patterson, Pomeroy, Pratt, Ramsey, Rice, Robertson, Sumner, Schurz, Scott, Spencer, Sawyer, Thayer, Tipton, Willey, Williams, Wilson, Yates.

NAYS.

Bayard, Carpenter, Casserly, Conkling, Corbett, Davis, Ferry, Fowler, Hamilton, Kellogg, Norton, Nye, Saulsbury, Sherman, Stewart, Stockton, Thurman, Trumbull, Vickers, Warner.

The bill was then read a third time and the yeas and nays ordered on its passage. Before the vote was taken several Democratic Senators explained why they should vote against the bill, which was passed, yeas 47, nays 12, a strict party vote.

On motion of Mr. SHERMAN, the currency bill was taken up and laid over on orders.

The Senate at 5:30 adjourned till Monday.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Mr. SCHENCK, Chairman of the Committee on Ways and Means, obtained leave for that committee to sit during the session of the House, and at the same time notified the House that he expected very early next week, probably Monday, to report to the House the revision of the tariff bill, and that after its being reported and ordered printed, he would move at the first fitting opportunity to go into Committee of the Whole to take up the revision of the internal tax law.

Mr. GARFIELD obtained leave for the Committee on Banking and Currency to sit during the session of the House.

The House proceeded, as the business of the morning hour, to the consideration of private bills.

After several had been acted upon, Mr. BUTLER, of Massachusetts, moved the reconsideration of a vote that he might review the speech of his colleague, Mr. Dawes, whose whole argument had come from a false understanding of facts.

Messrs. BENJAMIN and RANDALL raised the point that Mr. Butler's point was not in order, as irrelevant to the question before the House.

Mr. DAWES made several appeals for the withdrawal of the objections, but Mr. BENJAMIN insisted, and finally Mr BUTLER yielded, giving notice that he would, after the morning hour, move to go into Committee of the Whole.

Several private bills were passed, when the morning hour expired, and the House went into Committee, Mr. JUDD in the Chair.

The intention of the House was to give Mr. BUTLER an opportunity to make his speech in reply to Mr. Dawes, but Mr. WILSON, of Ohio, who was first entitled to the floor in Committee, insisted on his right, and declined to yield the floor to Butler or any other man—a change of programme which caused a good deal of laughter.

Mr. WILSON then proceeded to address the Committee on the interests of agriculture.

Mr. ELI addressed the Committee in favor of a reduction of tariff duties on all material that enters into manufacturing.

Mr. COBURN addressed the Committee on the question of finances, and against any reduction of the currency.

Mr. NEGLEY made a personal explanation in regard to a charge of repudiation against Allegheny county, Pa., so far as Mr. Moorhead was identified with it, which was recently referred to by Mr. Woodward.

Mr. TOWNSEND addressed the Committee on the subject of finances, contending that the currency was not redundant.

Mr. STOUGHTON addressed the Committee on the same subject.

The Committee rose, and the House at 4:30 adjourned, with the understanding that the session to-morrow be for debate only.

THE PACIFIC COAST.

The Austrian Embassy—Bad State of Affairs at the Mint—The Red Men—Oregon Republican Convention.

SAN FRANCISCO, January 20.—The Austrian Embassy to Central and South America, recently arrived here from China *via* Yokohama and Honolulu, will proceed to Guatemala by the Panama steamer of February 3d. The Austrian Minister and suite intend to call on Governor Haight at Sacramento before their departure.

The incompetency and inexperience of the new employees of the branch mint have virtually suspended operations in that institution. The Superintendent was compelled to reinstate a number of the dismissed.

The great council of the improved order of Red Men of California is in session here. The official reports represent the order as prosperous.

The meeting of the Oregon Republican State Convention has been called for April 7th.

Ben Halladay, President of the North Pacific Transportation Company, left for Washington, yesterday it is said for the purpose of obtaining Government subsidy for carrying the mails between San Francisco and Australia. It is also stated on reliable authority, that the colonies of New South Wales, New Zealand and Queensland have already offered to grant a subsidy for the establishment of a line of steamers between this port and Australia. It is rumored that a line of propellers will be placed on the route next spring, whether Congress grants a subsidy or not.

Tom Allen declines Joe Coburn's challenge to fight for $5,000 or $10,000, until after his (Allen's) contest with Jim Mace, in July next.

The Fifteenth Amendment hangs fire in the Legislature. Both houses have postponed the discussion of the subject several times.

TENNESSEE.

The Recent Murder in North Alabama—Legislative and Convention Proceedings.

NASHVILLE, TENN., January 21.—Information received here from North Alabama states that the murderers of Granville and Wm. Pillow publicly announced their crime some days ago, and left the country. Family troubles appear to have been the cause of the murder.

The Senate to-day passed on final reading the House bill regulating the reception of Tennessee bank notes for taxes, and providing for burning them. But a few more bills of public interest remain to be acted on.

The Constitutional Convention refuses to increase the term of the Governor. The committee on elections and franchise reported to-day an amendment providing for the election of members to the Legislature hereafter on the first Tuesday in November, and the meeting of the Legislature on the first Monday in January ensuing. This amendment, if adopted, will cut off the terms of members of the present Legislature who were elected for two years from August, 1869.

Spasms in Children

Are most frequently caused by worms. B. A. Fahnestock's Vermifuge will expel them immediately. TThs

SECOND EDITION.

4 O'CLOCK, A. M.

EUROPE.

BY THE ATLANTIC CABLE

The Strike of Iron Workers at La Creuzat, France—Fears of a General Strike Entertained—A Terrible Accident Increases the Excitement—Troops Sent to the Scene—Anxiety Felt for the Safety of the Great Eastern—Baron Haussman Dangerously Ill—Death of Admiral Sir George Francis Seymour—The Crusade Against French Journalists—Three More Sentenced to Imprisonment—The German Bishops Threaten to "Bolt" from the Ecumenical Council—Stormy Scene in the Spanish Cortes.

The Great Strike.

PARIS, January 21.—The strike of the operatives at La Creuzat still continues, and is making a profound sensation throughout the country, on account of the large number of workmen concerned in it. It is feared by the Government that the example the strikers have set will be followed elsewhere, and this is not all. It was supposed the strike was brought about by revolutionary agents, and this idea is strengthened from the fact that their numbers are increasing and their demands becoming more and more unreasonable. La Creuzat is one of the greatest iron manufacturing towns of Europe, and this defection of workmen is entailing heavy losses, which increase every day. The primary cause of the strike was a change in the general direction of affairs there, to which the workmen objected. They petitioned for the reinstatement of the old direction, which was refused. A dreadful accident, the nature of which has not transpired, occurred there yesterday, whereby several miners were killed. This has had a tendency to increase the general excitement. The semi-official journals state that the troubles at La Creuzat have been greatly increased by the distribution of extreme radical journals among the workmen. M. Schneider, President of the Senate and one of the largest proprietors of the works at La Creuzat, had arrived there. Several companies of troops have also arrived on the scene, and others are on the way.

PARIS, Midnight.—It is now thought the strike at La Creuzat will not endanger the peace of the country. There are some hopes that an accommodation will be reached to-morrow. A force of 2,000 infantry and 600 cavalry has already arrived at La Creuzat. One editor of the *Marseillaise*, who it is alleged helped to foment the disorder at La Creuzat, has been arrested.

The Great Eastern.

LONDON, January 21.—Much anxiety has been felt for the safety of the steamship Great Eastern. A vessel that arrived yesterday brings news that she was spoken on the 5th of December in the South Atlantic ocean.

Baron Haussman Ill.

PARIS, January 21.—Baron Haussman, ex-Prefect of the Seine, is dangerously ill.

Primate of Belgium.

ROME, January 21.—Archbishop Duchampe, of Mecklin, who is at the head of the Infallibility party in the Ecumenical Council, has been appointed Primate of Belgium.

Death of Admiral Seymour.

LONDON, January 21.—Sir George Francis Seymour, Admiral of the fleet, and for a long time stationed in American waters, died to-day, aged 83.

The Crusade Against Journalists.

The legal proceedings against the proprietors of the radical journal *Reform* have been terminated. Three of the editors were sentenced to imprisonment for six months, and the manager for seven months. It is thought the trial of Rochefort will merely result in a fine of 1,000 francs.

Action of the German Bishops.

ROME, January 21.—The German Bishops in attendance at the Ecumenical Council had a meeting to-day, and resolved that unless the numbers of members in diocese be taken into consideration in the votes taken in the Council, they will return home in a body. Their action had caused much excitement.

A Greek Loan.

LONDON, January 21.—A Greek loan of £500,000 will soon be introduced here.

Stormy Scene in the Spanish Cortes.

MADRID, Jany 21.—A stormy scene occurred in the Cortes to-day, in consequence of the students' manifestation in the city. Senor Rivero declared he would imprison and subject to the tribunals the authors of the disorder, be they old or young. The country should soon see that he was not speaking to the wind. He repeated he would castigate all disturbers of public order.

Marine News.

FALMOUTH, January 21.—The steamship Silesia, from New York, arrived to-day.

London Money Market.

LONDON, Evening, January 21.—Consols for money 92⅝; for account 92¾@92⅞. American securities quiet; 5-20s, 1862, 87¾; '65s, old, 86¾; '67s, 86; 10-40s, 84¾. Erie, 18¾; Illinois Central, 104; Atlantic and Great Western, 26.

Paris Bourse.

PARIS, January 21.—Bourse firm; rentes 73 francs 55 centimes.

U. S. Bonds in Frankfort.

FRANKFORT, January 21.—Bonds firm.

Liverpool Markets.

LIVERPOOL, January 21.—Cotton—Sales for the week 104,000 bales; export 14,000 bales; speculation 17,000 bales; stock 341,000 bales. American 135,000; receipts for the week 62,000 bales, American 55,000; quantity afloat 242,000 bales, American 141,000 bales. Market to-day steady; sales 12,000 bales; uplands 11⅝d; Orleans 11⅞d. Manchester market firm.

Wheat 9s 2d@9s 3d for California white; 7s 9d for red western, and 8s 7d for red winter. Receipts of wheat for three days 40,000 quarters, 30,000 American. Peas 34s 6d. Western flour 21s. Corn—No. 2 mixed 27s 6d. Oats 2s 6d. Barley 5s.

Provisions—Pork has a declining tendency at 102s 6d. Beef 102s. Lard 69s. Cheese firm at 71s.

Spirits petroleum 1s 6d; refined 2s.

London Produce Market.

LONDON, January 21.—Tallow 46s 6d. Linseed oil flat. Refined petroleum firm at 1s 8¾d.

Petroleum Markets.

ANTWERP, January 21.—Petroleum heavy at 60½ francs.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, January 21, 1870.

ARRIVAL OF PRINCE ARTHUR.

Prince Arthur arrived to-day from Montreal. He was quietly received at the Hudson River depot by the British Minister, Mr. Thornton, and unostentatiously escorted to the Brevoort House. The party rode in the Central Park in the afternoon, and attended Booth's theater in the evening. They leave in the morning for Washington.

Prince Arthur and suite, accompanied by the British Minister and Consul Archibald, attended Wallack's theater, to-night, not Booth's. There was no demonstration in the theater, but the party was cheered when leaving the building.

COMMITTED FOR TRIAL.

Oakley, the defaulting cashier of the Merchants' National Bank, was to-day committed to Ludlow street jail in default of $15,000 bail, on a motion on behalf of the bank, who are about to institute a civil suit against him.

EXAMINATION OF VELTMAN.

The examination of Veltman, clerk of the Fourth National Bank, charged with defrauding the Bank by forged checks and false entries, was opened to-day with the evidence of the cashier, the points of which are already known.

MOTION DENIED.

Judge Cardozo to-day denied a motion to vacate an order transferring the suit of G. F. Train against the Union Pacific Railroad to the United States Court.

IGNATZ GLAUSKY,

One of the parties arrested for alleged concern in defrauding the Government of tax amounting to over $500,000 on liquor in Barker's establishment, in Eighteenth street, has been held to bail in $5,000 to answer.

SWINDLER ARRESTED.

Wm. H. Reeves, *alias* McCarty, was arrested on a charge of obtaining from Nelson, Morris & Co., of Chicago, by a forged order, a bill of lading for a quantity of beef valued at $1,700, and ordering the beef sent to New York, though originally consigned to Messrs. Comstock, of Providence.

REPORT OF JAY GOULD.

The annual report of Jay Gould, President of the Erie Railroad, shows the earnings of the road were nearly $2,500,000 greater in 1869 than in 1868, but the money has been expended in extensive improvements, hence the absence of dividends.

THE RICHARDSON ESTATE.

Letters of administration were granted yesterday by the Surrogate of Essex county, New Jersey, to Charles A. Richardson, brother of the late Albert D. Richardson, in reference to his property at Woodside. They were granted by the consent of Mr. Richardson's widow. The property is valued at $12,000.

FATAL ACCIDENT.

A child named John Killet was killed, and two others named Andrew and Alexander Moffit shockingly injured, in Newark yesterday, while playing in a lumber yard, by the fall of a heavy piece of timber.

MEETING OF CARTMEN.

At a mass meeting to-night of the public cartmen, whose interests have been effected by the recent order of Collector Grinnell, that order was denounced as a movement for putting more Republicans in office in the Custom House. A petition for its revocation will be presented to the Collector to-morrow.

A CINCINNATIAN ARRESTED.

Rodney M. Pomeroy, claiming to be a partner and agent of a Cincinnati firm, was arrested to-day, charged with having swindled New York merchants of goods to the value of $20,000.

The Reputation

Of Pier, Dannals & Co. as brewers is not confined to Pittsburgh. The demand for their ales comes from all points of the compass, even from the Eastern cities, where one would suppose they could make their own ale. This firm pays particular attention to country orders, and ships promptly on receipt of them. †

Do not Neglect;

A slight cough, it may end in consumption. C. F. Galton's Cough Balsam will relieve you. TThs

STANTON AND BLACK.

Reminiscences of the Close of Buchanan's Administration—Letter of Hon. Jeremiah S. Black.

The letter of Hon. Jeremiah S. Black, reviewing the relations of Edwin M. Stanton, with the Buchanan Cabinet, of which a brief telegraphic synopsis appeared in the COMMERCIAL of yesterday morning, fills a column and a half in the New York *Herald*. Judge Black, as to his intercourse with Mr. Stanton, says that "before he (Stanton) fell away from the Democratic faith" it was "intimate and close," and adds:

"There was no separation afterwards except the separation which is inevitable between two persons who differ widely on public subjects believed by both to be vitally important." Judge Black then states that previous to Mr. Stanton's appointment as Attorney General by Mr. Buchanan he was wholly with the Democratic party; favored its Kansas policy; supported the Lecompton Constitution, and "in the canvass of 1860 he regarded the salvation of the country as hanging upon the forlorn hope of Breckinridge's election." The Judge then passes to a review of the state of public feeling on the questions of secession and coercion after the election of Mr. Lincoln. We quote:

On the 20th of November I answered the President's questions concerning his legal powers and duties, holding that the ordinances of secession were mere nullities; that the seceding States were and would be as much in the Union as ever; that the federal Executive was bound there as well as elsewhere to execute the laws, to hold the public property and to collect the revenue; that if the means and machinery furnished by law for these purposes were inadequate, he could not adopt others and usurp powers which had not been delegated; that neither the executive nor legislative departments had authority under the constitution to make war upon a State; that the military power might be used, if necessary, in aiding the judicial authorities to execute the laws in collecting the revenues, in defending or retaking the public property, but not in acts of indiscriminate hostility against all the people of a State. This is the "opinion" which has since been so often, so much and so well abused, denounced and villified. Mr. Stanton did not stultify himself by denying the plain, obvious and simple truths which it expressed. The paper was shown him before it went to the President, and after a slight alteration suggested by himself, he not only approved but applauded it enthusiastically.

It disappointed the President. He had hastily taken it for granted that Congress might make secession a cause for war; and in the draft of his message already prepared he had submitted the question of war or peace to their decision. But the advice of the Law Department, supported by a powerful argument from General Cass, convinced him of his error, and that part of the message was rewritten. The substance of the message so modified received Mr. Stanton's hearty indorsement in everything that regarded secession, and the treatment it ought to receive.

Judge Black states that upon the resignation of Mr. Cass he was requested to take the State Department, and only did so upon the understanding that Mr. Stanton should succeed him as Attorney General. In regard to Mr. Stanton's services in the Cabinet Judge Black continues his letter as follows:

There were disputes and serious differences of opinion in the Cabinet during the period of Mr. Stanton's service; but his share in them has not been truly stated. I am not writing the history of those times, and therefore I say nothing of what others did or forbore to do, except so far as may be necessary to show Mr. Stanton's acts and omissions in their true light.

Before the election it was determined that the forts in Charleston harbor should be strengthened so as to make them impregnable. The order was given, but the execution of it was unaccountably put off. When Gen. Cass ascertained that the delay was acquiesced in by the President, he indignantly resigned. Two weeks afterward Major Anderson, commanding Fort Moultrie and apprehending an attack, threw his garrison into Fort Sumter. Simultaneously came certain commissioners from South Carolina demanding the surrender of the latter fort to the State. The character of the answer that should be given to the commissioners and the question whether Fort Sumter should be furnished with men and provisions were discussed for three days, each day running far into the night.

On one side it was insisted that the surrender of the fortress was so utterly incompatible with our plainest duty that the demand itself was a gross insult. To leave it in a condition which would enable rebellious citizens to take it if they pleased was still worse, for that would be merely another mode of making the surrender, and a worse one, because it would be fraudulent and deceptive. Major Anderson should, therefore, be immediately reinforced that "his castle's strength would laugh a siege to scorn," and then no attack would be made. This last, instead of being dangerous, was the only measure that gave us a chance of safety; it would not bring on hostilities, but avert them, and, if war must come at all events, the possession of Fort Sumter, which commanded the other forts, the harbor and the city, would be of incalculable value to the government of the Union.

To this there was absolutely no answer, except what consisted in saying that the fort could not be relieved without difficulty and danger of successful opposition; that South Carolina would take it as an affront, and that it was tantamount to a threat of coercion. The replication was easily made: There was no danger of even an attempt at resistance to a ship-of-war, the statements made of the hostile power were mere brag; if South Carolina took offense at our preparation for the safety of our own men and our own property, she must already be in a temper to make reconciliation impossible; and, as to coercion, let her take care not to coerce us, and she would be safe enough.

At length the President produced his decision in the form of an answer to the commissioners. While it was far from satisfactory to the Southern members it filled us with consternation and grief.

Then came the desperate struggle of one alone to do what all had failed to effect. It was painful in the extreme but unexpectedly short and decisive. The President gave up his first ground, yielded the points on which he had seemed most tenacious; the answer to South Carolina was essentially changed, and it was agreed that Fort Sumter should have men and provisions.

During these discussions Mr. Stanton was always true, but the part he took was by no means a leading one. He said many times that he was there only that I might have two votes instead of one. On no occasion was there the slightest conflict between him and me. He exhibited none of the coarseness which some of his later friends have attributed to him. He never spoke without the greatest respect for his colleagues and the profoundest deference to the President. He said no word to the President about resigning. He told me that he would resign if I did; but when certain concessions were made to my wishes he expressed himself perfectly satisfied. He did not furnish one atom of the influence which brought the President round on the answer to South Carolina. Nor did he ever propose or carry any measures of his own, directly or indirectly, relating to the secession troubles. He uniformly professed to be as anxious for the preservation of the public peace as any man there.

It would be a wrong to the memory of Mr. Stanton not to add that, so far as I know, he never gave countenance or encouragement to those fabulous stories of his behavior.

JEREMIAH S. BLACK.

THE Canal Convention was opened at Rochester, N. Y., in grand style on Wednesday. The important speech of the day was from Horatio Seymour, who advocated the abolition of the contract system, the placing of the canals absolutely under the Canal Commissioners, with the Canal Board as an advisory body; the reduction of the tolls, and even the total abolition of tolls if necessary, to secure the trade of the West. The ex-Governor's views will doubtless form the programme of the Convention; and this would seem to indicate that the grain trade down the Mississippi has alarmed the canal interests in New York.

ADDITIONAL MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

Buffalo Cattle Market.

BUFFALO, January 21.—Cattle—receipts 1,300; demand active and market stronger at an advance of ¼c; sales 2,200 head at 8@8½c for extra Illinois and Kentucky; 7¾@7⅞c for fair to good do; 7@7¼c for medium butchers' steers, cows and rough oxen; 5½@6¾c for ordinary do. Hogs quiet; supply limited; common to fair shipping 9¼@9½c; extra butchers' 9¾c; fancy 10c. Sheep—Canada nominally ¼c lower; western quiet at 3½@4½c for common to fair; 5@6¼c for extra.

New Orleans Market.

NEW ORLEANS, January 21.—Cotton—receipts to day 9,254 bales; exports 8,455 bales; week's receipts 47,237 bales; exports 29,838 bales; stock 177,464 bales; sales of the week 39,000 bales. Other articles unchanged.

MARRIED:

NELSON—CAREY—At the residence of the bride's father, on Thursday evening, January 13th, 1870, by Rev. J. Dickerson, D. D., Mr GEO. A. NELSON and Miss LIZZIE B. CAREY, all of Mt. Washington.

DIED.

LEE—On Monday morning, January 17th, at Freedom Forge, near Lewistown, Pennsylvania, J. LEWELLYN LEE, aged thirty-two years.

RELIGIOUS.

RICH, RACY, INSTRUCTIVE,
COMMON SENSE LECTURES,
BY
REV. GEORGE P. HAYS,
IN THE
CENTRAL PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Corner of Lacock and Henderson streets, Allegheny,
January 27—Hunting an Appetite.
February 1—Stunted Humanity.
February 3—Fashionable Education.
Course Tickets, $1 00. Single Tickets, 50 cents.

PLYMOUTH CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH—Rev. E. Y. GARRETTE, Pastor. Preaching TO-MORROW MORNING and EVENING, at 10½ and 7 o'clock, in EXCELSIOR HALL, corner of Lacock and Federal streets, Allegheny. Subject of the Evening: "The Way to be Saved: Second Step—Resolution." Seats are free and a cordial welcome to all.

REV. GEO. P. HAYS, PASTOR, will preach in the CENTRAL PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Allegheny, TO-MORROW MORNING, and in the EVENING will continue the Mount Olivet Discourses. Subject—"The Triumph." Luke 19: 37, 38. All are requested to come early, so that the crowd may be quietly seated before service.

PUBLIC LECTURE AT THE NEW JERUSALEM CHURCH, corner of Wood and Sixth streets, on SUNDAY EVENING, January 23. Subject: Are the Sacred Scriptures to be read and interpreted literally or spiritually? Or, How the New Church (Swedenborgian), differs from the so-called Orthodox Churches, in its belief and understanding of the Word of God.

FIRST METHODIST CHURCH, Fifth avenue, above Smithfield street. Rev WM. COLLIER, D. D., President of the Pittsburgh Conference, will preach TO MORROW, at 10:30 A. M., and the Pastor, ALEXANDER CLARK, at 7:15 P. M. Free seats and welcome to all.

UNIVERSALIST CHURCH, corner of Third avenue and Grant street. SUNDAY EVENING, January 23d, Mr. VAN DE MARK will deliver the Fifth Lecture of the Doctrinal Series. Sunday School, at 9 A. M. Seats Free and a welcome to all.

REV. W. A. PASSAVANT, D. D., will preach in the FIRST ENGLISH EVANGELICAL LUTHERAN CHURCH, Seventh avenue, TO MORROW, 23d inst. Hours of service, 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M.

Magnificent Organs.

The most splendid assortment of organs ever opened in this city, is now on exhibition at Mellor & Hoene's Palace Music Rooms, comprising instruments of the celebrated Mason & Hamlin make, which won the first prize at the Paris exhibition, and several other celebrated brands; among them is a beautiful assortment of the Unique Eureka Grand Organs, which are the latest *sensation* in the organ line. All of the organs here have the patent human voice (Vox Humana) tremolo, which is the most sympathetic and expressive attachment ever added to organs. Any of their instruments will be rented, and the rental allowed to go towards paying for it; thus every one can in a short time become the possessor of one of those household treasures. Remember the place, Mellor & Hoene, 53 Fifth avenue, next door to Masonic Hall. †

☞ *Advertisements on this page under the several heads of* WANTED, FOR SALE, FOR RENT, *&c., will be inserted at transient rates only*—TEN CENTS, *per line for each insertion. No advertisement less than* THIRTY CENTS.

WANTED.

WANTED—BUYERS—FOR SOME OF the best Coal Land on the Monongahela river, and for some of the best Farms in Fayette county, Pa.; 60,000 Acres of the Delaware Reservation Lands in Kansas, for sale by GIBSON & SEARIGHT, Real Estate Agents, Uniontown, Pa.

WANTED—TO RENT—A FARM CONTAINING from 50 to 75 Acres, within fifteen miles of city, and adjacent to railroad or river. State terms and particulars. Address Farm, Commercial office.

WANTED—JOB PRINTERS—TWO good Job Compositors wanted, at the Printing Establishment of JAMES McMILLIN, northeast corner Wood street and Third avenue.

WANTED—HOUSE—A HOUSE CONTAINING 7 or 8 Rooms, within fifteen minutes walk of the Postoffice. The House must be pleasantly located, containing all modern improvements. Rent not to exceed $700. Address "House," Commercial office.

WANTED—ROOMS—TWO OR THREE Rooms, at a moderate rent, suitable for a small family, within five minutes walk of Postoffice. Address B Commercial office.

WANTED—BEAVER ACADEMY WANTS A PRINCIPAL—A thoroughly competent man can have permanent employment and do a good work. A bonus of from $300 to $500 per annum will be paid. This, in addition to the tuition fees, ought to secure the services of a first-class man. References required. Apply to either of the undersigned, at Beaver, Pa. I. P. LOWARY, President of Board of Trustees; JOHN BARCLAY, Secretary. TUS

WANTED—SALESMAN—BY WM. SUMNER & CO., No. 140 Wood street, one first-class Salesman. A good position is open to the right man; must be prepared to furnish the best city references. Apply from 3½ to 5½ P. M., for one week. MWS

WANTED—SALESMEN—A FEW reliable, energetic Salesmen, to sell by sample standard goods Address H. H. RICHARDS & CO., 413 Chestnut st., Philadelphia, Pa. TS

WANTED—TO EMPLOY—AN ENERGETIC, intelligent Young German, who has a fair control of the English language, can hear of a good position by applying to WM. SUMNER & CO., No. 140 Wood street, from 3½ to 5½ P. M., for one week. MWS

WANTED—SAFE—A LARGE SECOND hand Safe, suitable for office use. Address, stating price and where same may be seen. R. BAGALEY, corner Liberty and Twenty-fourth streets.

WANTED—TO RENT—OR WILL TAKE an interest in a Mill Property, by a practical Miller; best of reference given. Address Box 159, Indiana, Indiana county, Pa.

WANTED—CANVASSERS—TO SELL our Pocket Corn Shellers, Sash Fasteners and other small Patents. Quick sales, and over 200 per cent. profit. Apply to WEAVER & JONES, Utility Works, corner of Fulton and Juniata streets, Sixth ward, Allegheny. tf

WANTED—GIRL—A GIRL TO DO general Housework for a small family; must come well recommended. Apply at No. 97 Roberts street, Eleventh ward.

WANTED—SOMETHING NEW—BUSINESS FOR ALL—I want good Salesmen, who want to make money, to sell one of the best selling articles ever offered in any community. Any enterprising man can clear $10 per day. Call on or address J. H. LYON, 124 Wood street.

WANTED.—SEVERAL GIRLS FOR city and country. Several men want work. Apply at Employment Office, No. 1 Sixth street.

WANTED—MORTGAGES—FIRST-CLASS Mortgages in large sums. City Property preferred. S. N. LIGHTNER, 58 Fourth avenue. tf

WANTED--AGENTS.

WANTED—AGENTS AND SALESLADIES—Wanted to arrange for several active, energetic Salesmen. Terms liberal. No capital required. Also, two Salesladies of experience. Reference required. H. HERMAN, Agent Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine, Harrisburg, Pa.

MONEY TO LOAN.

$20.000 TO LOAN ON BOND AND Mortgage, in large or small amounts. THOS. K. PETTY, Bill, Mortgage and Real Estate Broker, 179 Smithfield street.

$50.000 TO LOAN ON BOND AND Mortgage. Apply to CROFT & PHILLIPS, Real Estate Agents, No. 139 Fourth avenue.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

FOR SALE—A WHOLESALE AND Retail Mercantile and Manufacturing Business, on one of the principal streets of the city. The business has been established since 1835. The present owner has been its head for the past fifteen years, and is retiring on account of failing health. He will give a Lease of the Warehouse for one or a term of years. The House has an established trade of the very best class—in Jobbing, Wholesale and Retailing. The Stock, Tools and Fixtures may amount to a sum less than $10.000, for which time will be given for a part if properly secured. Address with real name, six days, Hardware, Commercial office, Pittsburgh, Pa.

FOR SALE—STOREROOM AND RESIDENCE, located at No 179 Ohio street, Allegheny city. The building is three-story high, containing a large Storeroom on first floor and two large Rooms each the remaining stories. There is a two story Brick Building, with two Rooms, Wash-house, Stable, &c., attached. Also a fine stock of Groceries, Good Will, &c. For particulars inquire on premises.

TO FURNACE AND IRON MANUFACTURERS.—For Sale, "Raccoon Furnace" and furnace tract of ten thousand acres of unexceptional, excellent minerals, timber and farming lands, in Greenup county, Kentucky, six miles from Greenupsburg, in the celebrated "Hanging Rock Iron Region." The Furnace is now in blast and in successful operation: it stands directly upon the line of a railroad, the completion of which (from extensive ore banks in Carter county to the Ohio river) within one year will be guaranteed to the purchaser. By this railroad the distance from the Furnace to the Ohio river is ten miles. The tract has plenty of Ore and Timber, and to parties desiring a first-class Furnace Property offers inducements rarely met with.

For descriptive circulars, &c., apply to J. C. McGREW, Smithfield, Jefferson county, Ohio; R. C. HOFFMAN, Attorney-at-Law, Columbus, Ohio; R. D. BARR, Greenup Court House, Ky.; C. KIRTLEY, Greenup Court House, Ky.

Maps of the property and of the railroad line can be seen at the office of J. M. GOODWIN, Engineer, Greenupsburgh, Greenup county, Ky.

FOR SALE—STOCK AND FIXTURES, Lease and Good Will, of a first-class Grocery, doing a good business. The undersigned being engaged in other business, is the reason for selling. G. W. PUSEY, 49 Federal street, Allegheny. tf

FOR SALE—HOTEL—A FIRST-CLASS Hotel, situate in the Oil Regions of Venango county Pa., now doing a No. 1 business, has 31 Rooms and large Hall for meetings, &c. Will take Western Lands in a good locality in part pay. Apply to CROFT & PHILLIPS, No. 139 Fourth avenue.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—BROOMS—800 DOZEN choice Brooms, in store and for sale by JAMES CONNOR, No. 355 Liberty street.

FOR SALE—A LARGE SECOND-HAND Safe. Inquire of or address R., 112 Water street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

FOR SALE—ENGINES AND BOILERS—New and second-hand, of all sizes. Engines of 2 to 60 horse-power, now on hand. JAMES HILL & CO., corner Marion avenue and P. Ft. W. & C. R. R., Allegheny, Pa.

NEW LEAF LARD—NEW LARD IN tierces, half bbls, firkins, pails, kegs and 3 lb caddies, F. SELLERS & CO., cor. Penn and Tenth sts.

LARD OIL—WINTER STRAINED NO. 1 Extra; also, No. 2, at lowest price. JAMES DALZELL & SON, 69 and 70 Water st. TThsf

FOR SALE—BELTING, HOSE—PURE Oak Tanned Leather Belting and Hose, at HARTLEY McKEE & CO., 58 Smithfield st. s

TO GLASS MANUFACTURERS—WE offer for sale the Glass Works and Fixtures complete and in good order, situate on the Beaver river, in Bridgewater, Beaver county, Pa. Splendid opening for the economical manufacture of Glass, having Railroad and River shipping facilities quite convenient. Satisfactory reasons given for selling and full information by applying to CROFT & PHILLIPS, Real Estate Agents, No. 139 Fourth avenue.

FOR SALE—1,000 BUSHELS OHIO Rye, 150 barrels choice Apples, 50 barrels prime Buckwheat Flour, choice lot of Dried Peaches. HITCHCOCK, McCREERY & CO., 349 Liberty st.

FOR SALE--HOUSES.

FOR SALE—RESIDENCE—A VERY desirable Property, situate on the corner of Colwell and Miller streets, fronting 150 feet on Colwell street, and containing about one-half acre of ground, on which is erected a double two-story Brick Dwelling of 47 feet front. The House is in the best repair, has Bath-house, Wash-kitchen, Cincinnati Range, and Cellar under the whole House. There is a Pump on the premises with the very best Spring Water. The grounds are planted with choice Fruit and Shade Trees, and a great variety of Flowers, Shrubbery and Grapevines. Oakland Passenger Cars pass within one square of the premises, and only about fifteen minutes walk from the Postoffice. Possession given on 1st of April. Will be sold on easy terms. Inquire of R. SEIDLE, 42 Fifth avenue.

FOR SALE—COUNTRY RESIDENCE—A new Brick House of 15 Rooms, including Pantry and Storeroom, with 2 acres and 135 perches of ground, at Edgewood Station on the Pennsylvania Railroad. Any person in want of a splendid home, would do well to call and examine it. This property cannot be excelled in beauty and convenience. Also, a small House of 6 Rooms in Wilkinsburg, and a Lot 66 feet front by 132 deep, within five minutes walk of the Station. For further particulars inquire J. GRAZIER, at Edgewood Station, Penna. R. R.

FOR SALE—FIRST-CLASS RESIDENCE in Allegheny city, desirably located. Inquire of JOHN D. BAILEY & BRO., 115 Fourth avenue.

FOR SALE—COUNTRY RESIDENCE—Containing 12 Rooms; Water through house. For full particulars inquire of W. L. DENISON, Highland avenue, East Liberty. TThs

FOR SALE—TWO FRAME HOUSES OF 4 Rooms each and Lot of 30 feet by 115, running back to an alley, Houses Nos. 62 and 63 Union avenue, Allegheny city. For terms apply to JAMES O'HANLON, 64 Federal street, Allegheny city.

FOR SALE—A THREE STORY BRICK Dwelling, No. 26 Sherman avenue, fronting West Common, Allegheny. Inquire of H. McELHENY, office of Pennsylvania Insurance Co., 167½ Wood street.

$3.500 WILL PURCHASE A TWO story Brick House with Hall, 6 Rooms and Cellar. Lot 22½ feet by 90, situate on Bedford avenue, Eleventh Ward. This property is very cheap; the owner is going to leave the city. Apply to CROFT & PHILLIPS, No. 139 Fourth avenue.

TOBACCO AND SECARS.

SEGARS—HAVANA AND DOMESTIC IN great variety, at WM. MILLER & CO.'S, 221 and 223 Liberty street

TOBACCO—D. C. MAYO & CO.'S CELEBRATED Richmond and other brands, at WM. MILLER & CO'S, 221 and 223 Liberty street.

THE WEEKLY COMMERCIAL
A LARGE SHEET CONTAINING ALL THE
CURRENT NEWS, MISCELLANEOUS, LITERARY AND SCIENTIFIC INTELLIGENCE,
AND VALUABLE READING
FOR THE FAMILY.

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☞ Postmasters are requested to act as Agents.

☞ Communications designed for publication should be addressed to the Editor.

☞ Letters on Business, Subscriptions, &c., address
COMMERCIAL, PITTSBURGH.

FOR SALE--REAL ESTATE.

TWO CHEAP FARMS—WE HAVE TWO Farms within two miles of P. and C. R. R. in Stewart township, Fayette county—one 83 Acres, other 122½; good improvements, fine Orchards, both underlaid with a 4 feet vein of Iron Ore, yielding 50 per cent., and a vein of good Coal. They are also well timbered with Oak and Poplar, with a Saw Mill near by. Price, $20 per acre, with easy terms. Address GIBSON & SEARIGHT, Real Estate Agents, Uniontown, Pa.

TIMBER LAND—WE HAVE 300 ACRES of Land covered with fine thrifty Poplar, Oak, Walnut, Butternut, and other valuable Timber, in North Union township, Fayette county, Pa., two miles from Ewing's Station, P. and C. R. R. A good Steam Saw Mill in complete order on the land. Price, $3.300. Address GIBSON & SEARIGHT, Real Estate Agents, Uniontown, Pa.

FOR SALE—A LOT ON BEAVER ST., Sewickleyville, 60 feet front, running back 200 feet on Grimes street to a 16 feet alley. Terms low. Apply to T. P. MILLER, Sewickleyville. TThs

FOR SALE—SPLENDID FARM OF 180 ACRES, two and a half miles from Midway Station, Panhandle Railroad, all underlaid with a six feet vein of superior Coal, and for agricultural purposes, the soil is No. 1, being a rich limestone. Will be sold, coal and all, at a bargain. Full particulars by calling on CROFT & PHILLIPS, Real Estate Agents, No. 139 Fourth avenue.

FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN—390 acres of Land in Fayette county, Pa., on the National Pike, 6 miles from the Connellsville Railroad, for $4 000. Good House and Barn, nice Orchard, good springs and a Coal Bank open on the place. This property is very cheap. Apply to CROFT & PHILLIPS, Real Estate Agents, No. 139 Fourth avenue.

NICE LITTLE GARDEN FARM OF 30 acres, 8 miles from the city, out the Steubenville Pike. Good brick House, frame Barn, 1,700 Grape Vines, 2 acres in Strawberries, nice Orchard, &c., &c. Will be sold cheap and on easy terms. Apply to CROFT & PHILLIPS, Real Estate Agents, No. 139 Fourth avenue.

FOR SALE—OVER $2,000,000 WORTH of Farms, Mills, Hotels, Country Stores, Houses, Lots, City and Suburban Residences. Full particulars of all of the above, with prices, terms, location, quality of improvements, soil, convenience to railroads, towns, churches, schools and market, can be found in the "Pittsburgh Real Estate Register." It is the only Real Estate Medium in Western Pennsylvania, is published by CROFT & PHILLIPS, Real Estate Agents, No. 139 Fourth avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa. It will be sent free to any address. Don't fail to get it, if you want to buy yourself a home.

DESIRABLE LITTLE FARM OF 74 acres, situate in Columbiana county, Ohio, immediately on the P., Ft. W. & C. C., 55 miles west of this city. Good House and Barn, good Orchard; Land comparatively level; rich sandy loam soil, and in a good neighborhood. Terms easy. Full particulars by calling on CROFT & PHILLIPS, Real Estate Agents, No. 139 Fourth avenue.

SNUG GARDEN AND FRUIT FARM OF 65 Acres, situate on the Ohio river, 20 miles below Wheeling, in Monroe county, Ohio. Good Buildings, splendid Orchards, and No. 1 Land. Splendid chance for a man to make money. It will be sold on very easy payments. Apply to CROFT & PHILLIPS, Real Estate Agents, No. 139 Fourth avenue.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.—WE HAVE a number of improved Farms that we will exchange for desirable city property. Persons wanting Farms or Houses of any kind will find it to their interest to call and examine our list. We are continually receiving property of all kinds, and as we, by personal examination, describe that which we offer, purchasers can rely on the description as being correct. We will also take pleasure in accompanying persons wanting to purchase, thus avoiding delay and trouble. CROFT & PHILLIPS, Real Estate Agents, No. 139 Fourth avenue.

MINNESOTA LANDS FOR SALE—ONE Hundred and Twenty Acres of Land, partly within and partly adjoining the city limits of Stillwater, Minnesota. Three Hundred and Sixty Acres adjoining Chengwatana, county seat of Pine county, Minnesota, and Eighty Acres of Mineral Land, near Superior City, Wisconsin. The above property is very valuable. For particulars inquire of CROFT & PHILLIPS, No. 139 Fourth avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa. d*

FOR SALE—FARMS—IN WESTMORELAND, Allegheny, Fayette, Indiana, Armstrong, Washington, Beaver, Greene, Clarion, Lawrence and Butler counties, Penna.; also, in Eastern Ohio. Full information in the "Pittsburgh Real Estate Register," sent free to any one requesting it. CROFT & PHILLIPS, Publishers and Real Estate Agents, No. 139 Fourth avenue.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—WAREHOUSE—NO. 8 Wood street. Inquire of S. McKEE & CO., No. 62 Water street.

FOR RENT—WAREHOUSE—NO. 12, corner Wood and First streets. Apply to ANDW. D. SMITH, 94 Water street.

FOR RENT—SECOND STORY OF Warehouse 325 Liberty street, with front entrance. MWS

FOR RENT OR LEASE—THAT FOUR story Iron Front Warehouse, No. 41 Wood street, now occupied by Messrs. Bryce, Walker & Co. For terms inquire of JAMES A. GRAY, No. 15 Union avenue, Allegheny, or to SAML. P. ARMSTRONG, No. 20 Diamond, Allegheny city, Pa.

FOR RENT—OFFICES—TWO WELL lighted front Offices, suitable for Insurance or other purposes, on the second floor of Lafayette Hall Building, with easy access from Wood street. Apply to W. A. McCLURG, on the premises.

FOR RENT—STOREROOM—THAT FINE Storeroom and Cellar, No. 63 Wood street, now occupied by J. T. Brady & Co. Apply to W. A. McCLURG, Lafayette Building.

FOR RENT—STOREROOM—NO. 254 Liberty street, under Academy of Music now occupied by Geo. Kretz. Apply to W. A. McCLURG, Lafayette Building.

FOR RENT—THREE STORY BRICK Dwelling, No. 26 Sherman avenue, fronting West Common, Allegheny. Inquire of H. McELHENY, at office of Pennsylvania Insurance Co., 167½ Wood street.

FOR RENT—DESK ROOM—IN A HANDSOMELY fitted up office, in a central location for business. Apply at No. 80 Fourth avenue, second floor. tf

FOR RENT—STOREROOM—NO. 42 ST. Clair street. Also, Second and Third Stories of 40 and 42, opposite St. Clair Hotel. Also, large School and Recitation Rooms, on third floor of 52 and 54. Inquire of PLUMMER & JACK, Tradesmen's National Bank. tf

FOR RENT—THE LARGE FOUR-Storied Warehouse, 77 Water street, either as a whole or in parts. Apply to G. W. HAILMAN, on the premises, or J. D. BAILEY & BRO., 115 Fourth avenue, Real Estate Agents. tf

FOR RENT—STORES, HOUSES, ROOMS and Offices. GAZZAM & CO., No. 96 Fifth avenue.

FOR RENT—LIPPINCOTT & BAKEWELL contemplating removing to new warehouse at their Works, the Warehouse now occupied by them, No. 118 Water street, four doors below Monongahela House, is for rent. For terms, &c., inquire at office. tf

GROCERIES.

COFFEES—OLD JAVA, GOVERNMENT, Laguayra and Rio, at WM. MILLER & CO.'S, 221 and 223 Liberty street.

TEAS—A FINE ASSORTMENT OF NEW crop Young Hyson, Japan, Gunpowder, Imperial, English, Breakfast and Oolong Teas, at WM. MILLER & CO.'S, 221 and 223 Liberty street.

SYRUPS—A GENERAL ASSORTMENT at WM. MILLER & CO.'S, 221 and 223 Liberty street.

MOLASSES—PRIME NEW ORLEANS and other grades, at WM. MILLER & CO.'S, 221 and 223 Liberty street.

VINEGAR—IMPORTED WINE VINEGAR by the original package or smaller quantities, at WM. MILLER & CO.'S, 221 and 223 Liberty street.

REFINED SUGARS—A LARGE ASSORTMENT Raw Sugars. Full stocks of Porto Rico, English Island, Cuba and New Orleans, at WM. MILLER & CO.'S, 221 and 223 Liberty street.

CHAMPAGNE—MOET & CHANDON'S Green Seal, Verzenay and Sillery. Also, Piper Heidsick, at WM. MILLER & CO.'S, 221 and 223 Liberty street.

WINES—JUST RECEIVING AND WARRANTED our own importation Clarets, Madeira, Fort and Sherry Wines, Catawba Wines, Still and Sparkling. Also, fine Old Brandies, Gins, Scotch Whisky, &c., with a large stock of very Superior Old Monongahela Rye Whiskies, at WM. MILLER & CO.'S, 221 and 223 Liberty street.

PERSONAL.

PERSONAL—THE PITTSBURGH REAL ESTATE REGISTER is published only by CROFT & PHILLIPS, Real Estate Agents, No. 139 Fourth avenue. Don't fail to get it if you want to buy yourself a home.

JUST RECEIVED

Pure Inodorous Glycerine,
Concentrated Glycerine,
Acetic Acid,
Spirits Nitre,
Bromide of Potash,
Chloroform,
Nitrate of Silver,
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Sub Nitrate Bismuth,
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LINEN GOODS.

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FOR SALE BY
WHITE, ORR & CO.,
25 FIFTH AVENUE.

J. W. CARMACK'S
INTEREST IN OUR FIRM
HAS CEASED FROM JANUARY 1ST, 1870
STEIN BROS.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—LETTERS of Administration being granted to the subscriber on the estate of DAVID HOLMES, deceased, all persons having claims against said estate will present them for settlement, and all persons indebted to said estate will pay to
HENRY A. WEAVER,
Administrator.
Or to ROBERT ARTHURS, his Attorney, 135 Fourth avenue. ws

HEAVY PLATED.
WE KEEP NONE BUT THE BEST
SPOONS, LADLES AND FORKS
Known to the trade. They are plated on the whitest metal, stamped with our name, and warranted.
J. R. REED & CO.,
No. 68 FIFTH AVENUE.

The Daily Commercial.

SATURDAY JANUARY 22, 1870.

A life time Republican who has mingled a good deal with the people of Western Pennsylvania, particularly the Republican voters, reports that the feeling in regard to the result of the Treasurer question is one of general satisfaction. The Republican masses rejoice as with one mind over the defeat of the Treasury Ring and the overthrow of the Cameron Ring, and those representatives who have contributed to such a result stand approved by the people.

Our report of Legislative proceedings yesterday is unusually interesting. Senator Howard introduced a supplement to the Allegheny county license law, transferring the power to grant licenses from the Commissioners to the Court of Quarter Sessions; also, a bill creating a Board of Control to take charge of the State Treasury affairs. A bill was introduced to create an insurance department. All attempts to put through extras were promptly voted down.

The Philadelphians object to Mr. Dawes's economical ideas because they apply to a local improvement of greater interest and importance to the people of that city than to any other community in the Union. This is natural, even if it is not a very high order of self-sacrificing patriotism. But if it is a valid objection in this instance, will it not be equally valid when urged by the people of the Pacific coast, of the Gulf coast, of the New England coast, of the lake coast, and of the interior States, against cutting down appropriations in their respective localities? And then, pray, when, where or how will there be a chance to introduce a system of economy and retrenchment in our national expenditures? The one way to do it is to strike out every appropriation not absolutely necessary, until the taxes are reduced. Let there be no exceptions. If one is made, they will multiply so rapidly that the people will soon discover that Congress has talked economy and not practiced it. In the present state of the public mind, the Republican party cannot very well afford a discovery of this character.

The Virginia Admission bill that passed the House last week, goes back to it from the Senate, patched and hampered with conditions. The decisive vote was taken yesterday, and the "conditionists," as they are styled, carried the Senate by a vote of 31 in favor of new conditions against 28 for the Bingham bill pure and simple. This was the vote on the Drake amendment, and the others proposed by Senators Wilson and Morton were carried by a like majority. There were only four Senators absent when the vote was taken, not counting Mr. Cameron, who was paired off with McCreary. Mr. Scott, of this State, was one of the Senators who stood by the Bingham bill without conditions. The new conditions are not of much account, and were more earnestly opposed on the ground of the principle they established as to the relations between Congress and the States than on their merits. The bill as amended was passed by a vote of 48 to 10, the Democrats alone voting in the negative. It now goes back to the House, and there seems to be no doubt but the amended bill will pass that body on Monday. It does not differ materially from the measure originally reported by the House Reconstruction Committee, and which was defeated by a majority of only three votes.

Lippincott's Magazine for February relates for the first time the circumstances attending Mr. Cameron's expulsion from Mr. Lincoln's Cabinet and appointment as Minister to Russia. For some time, it says, President Lincoln had shown a growing distrust of Mr. Cameron's capacity to manage the War Department in the unprecedented exigency of a civil war of gigantic dimensions. Mr. Cameron received a note from Mr. Lincoln offering him the Russian Mission, which the former conceived was couched in an unfriendly tone. To this effect he expressed himself to Mr. Chase, who, having more tact to manage such men as Cameron, suggested another kind of note of dismissal. "Well, then," said the President, "write what you think proper and I will sign it." Another was written, and the incompetent Secretary resigned, expressing the wish that his successor might be taken from Pennsylvania. Mr. Lincoln did not heed this request, but appointed Mr. Stanton. When the selection was made known to the Cabinet it was heartily approved by all with the exception of Montgomery Blair. After Mr. Cameron had retired, the House of Representatives, by a vote of more than two to one, adopted a resolution pointedly censuring him for placing two or three millions of dollars in the hands of his favorite, Alexander Cummings, and others, from whom no security was required, to purchase army supplies.

In calling the attention of the Legislature to the declining condition of the State Agricultural College and the unsatisfactory results of the management of the institution, Governor Geary started a question which, it is to be hoped, will not be suffered to rest. During the past year the average attendance has been less than forty pupils; and it is equally manifest that the condition of affairs in other respects is not much better. For some years the Institution has been declining, and there seems to be no good ground to expect improvement until a thorough change is made in the management. But it is not clear that even with the best of management the original expectations in regard to the so-called College will ever be realized. There seems to have been a radical mistake committed in locating and starting the Institution; and it is the opinion of not a few that more good would be realized from the grant from the General Government, whereby between twenty and thirty thousand dollars are given annually to this Institution, were the sum conferred on some one that is well established and ably conducted, or divided between two or three of such a character. Dr. Burroughs, who is at the head of the so-called Agricultural College, is doubtless a man of ability and cultivation, but judged by results he is a failure. And nothing would seem to be clearer than that the Legislature should interpose, to the end that the cause of education for which the grant was intended shall receive some benefit.

JERRY BLACK AND EDWIN M. STANTON.

Judge Black's letter on the relations of Mr. Stanton with the Buchanan administration, discloses nothing of startling novelty or interest. It sets forth what we all know to be the fact, that up until the firing on Sumter Mr. Stanton was a Democrat of the straightest sect, and to the last chance he was in favor of compromising with the Southern secessionists. It is very easy to realize how natural was the change from this position to that of bitter opposition to armed rebellion. Every community in the North can show its pro-slavery Democrat of 1860 changed to an intensified radical when the storm of war burst upon the country. The most devoted friends of the South and its peculiar institution became in time their most aggressive adversaries. Mr. Stanton's experience therefore was not at all a novel one. Douglas, had he lived, would have stood shoulder to shoulder with him, precisely as Dickinson, Dix, Tod, Wright, Cushing, Holt, Logan and hosts of other Democratic leaders did. They felt the crime of rebellion more intensely than any other class of our public men, for with them it was mingled with a sense of ingratitude and treachery. The latter part of Judge Black's letter shows that he grows restive under the weight of popular opprobrium that has driven him from public life, and destroyed his political influence. To a man of his unquestioned abilities and "vaulting ambition," a forced retirement is the sorest punishment that can be devised. It is natural therefore he should seek to justify himself, even if in doing so, he covers with a still deeper disgrace the imbecility of Mr. Buchanan. On the question of surrendering Sumter to South Carolina, which the President had resolved upon, Judge Black claims that he was mainly instrumental in preventing the adoption of this shameful policy, and that he was supported in his opposition to the surrender by Mr. Stanton. This fact fully substantiated will probably have the effect of changing the popular estimate of Judge Black, by demonstrating that he is the man who saved the Government from Buchanan's contemplated disgraceful capitulation of the Fort. This would cover a multitude of sins, and we wish the Judge success in his endeavor.

THE LONG STRUGGLE NEARLY ENDED

The Ohio House of Representatives on Thursday ratified the Fifteenth amendment. The Senate having previously approved of it, the action of the State is now complete. So too with Iowa; the amendment was ratified by the Senate on Wednesday, and by the House of Representatives on Thursday. During the debate in the House of Representatives of Ohio, on the amendment on Wednesday, the following letter from Chief Justice Chase to one of the "independent" members from Cincinnati was read:

WASHINGTON, November, 1869.

Hon. Thomas Yeatman:

MY DEAR SIR—The eyes of the whole country are upon the State of Ohio. On your vote depends the passage of the Fifteenth Amendment. I am for universal amnesty. The amendment must be put through at all hazards.

S. P. CHASE.

The ratification by Ohio and Iowa increases the number of States that have ratified the amendment to twenty-seven, as follows:

1. Arkansas,
2. Alabama,
3. Connecticut,
4. Florida,
5. Indiana,
6. Illinois,
7. Iowa,
8. Kansas,
9. Louisiana,
10. Maine,
11. Massachusetts,
12. Michigan,
13. Missouri,
14. Minnesota,
15. Mississippi,
16. New Hampshire,
17. North Carolina,
18. Nevada,
19. New York,
20. Ohio,
21. Pennsylvania,
22. Rhode Island,
23. South Carolina,
24. Vermont,
25. Virginia,
26. West Virginia,
27. Wisconsin.

The legislatures of Nebraska and Texas are sure to ratify the amendment, and Georgia also will ratify. This list makes up thirty States; two more than are necessary. Should the subsequent action by New York in rescinding its ratification be accepted as legal, the amendment will still have one vote more than is necessary. We presume the amendment will be proclaimed part of the National Constitution before the first of April.

The following is the text of the article, which it is well to bear in mind, as it is continually misrepresented by the Democratic journals:

"ARTICLE XV.

"*Section* 1. The right of citizens of the United States to vote shall not be denied or abridged by the United States, or by any State, on account of race, color, or previous condition of servitude.

"*Section* 2. The Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation."

DYING HARD!

Bergner's *Record* job dies hard. It reappeared in the Senate a few days ago under the auspices of Senator White, (more's the pity,) but it is to its credit, that after a discussion that body sent the thing back again. The price now proposed to be given the contractor is fourteen dollars and fifty cents a page, being only fifty cents less, we believe, than was paid under the old contract. So, to all intents and purposes, it is the same old job, involving the same army of pasters and folders, thousands of extra dollars of postage, with a string of items added to make the job "a good thing." No contractor would be so persistent for the job as Bergner is if he did not know it would be "a good thing." It is no part of reform to peddle out "good things" to contractors. This is precisely what the people insist shall not be done.

It is said that there is a practical difficulty in the case. The Legislature needs a daily record of some kind of the proceedings of each house. No one will pretend that the Bergner *Record* ever supplied this want, for its publication was continually behind, sometimes weeks, and even months. Under the Constitution each house is bound to publish as often as once a week a journal of proceedings. Of course neither speeches nor anything aside from a true narrative of the business is contemplated. In other States this journal is furnished daily and laid on the desks of members each morning. Reporting and printing speeches is no part of the business. Speeches are not properly a part of the journal required by our Constitution. If there is any warrant for reporting and printing speeches, it is obtained somewhere else than in the provisions requiring the journal to be printed. As to the expense, even if the daily journal idea, carried out in document form, should be as great as Bergner's $14 50 a page job, it would be the better one, for under such an arrangement the information, which is the kernel of the thing, would be promptly furnished, and the extras of pasting, folding, postage and other usual belongings to a job, would be avoided.

What besides this is desirable the daily papers at the Capital ought to supply, as a matter of private enterprise. But this they will never do so long as, by hook or by crook, the Treasury can be bled to pay for it. Even the smallest modicum of enterprise ought to suffice for this, but this, we repeat, never will be so long as jobbery is tolerated. One year of economy, we venture to say, will do a great deal to stimulate enterprise in this respect, and rid the State permanently of an expense which has long been borne, but which it should not be made longer to bear.

Let the Legislature stand firm on this point. By doing it, if any error is committed, it will be on the side of economy, and the people will applaud their action.

THE SPECTROSCOPE—ITS WONDERS.

The Spectroscope is due principally to Kirchoff v Bunsen, whose original memoir appeared as late as 1861. Its revelations are all recent, and have obtained immense extension with each successive year. It consists essentially of one or more prisms which decompose the light entering through a narrow slit. When different elementary substances are volatilised in a colorless flame, each imparts to it a special hue by which the chemist has long been able to determine the character of the substance, but only when each element was introduced separately. The Spectroscope now enables him to determine the constituent parts of the most heterogeneous substance by the light it gives, since each elementary body is found to emit when incandescent, rays of definite wave-length, which announce by brilliant lines the presence and character of each element, even if any number are present in the most intimate union.

The delicacy of the test in the hands of the chemist is specially wonderful. A milligramme is a quantity insensible to any but a delicate balance, yet a quantity of sodium salt less than 1-3,000,000 part of this minute weight, announces *instantly* its presence by two orange colored lines. A more definite idea of the all but infinitesimal quantity notable, may be gained from the statement that an easterly breeze will bring out the sodium line, for the breeze blows from the ocean, and the salt of the ocean is due to sodium, and thus the presence of the element in the Atlantic and Pacific waves is announced over the continent. Thus the presence of new and unsuspected elements (e. g. Rubidium, cæsium, etc.,) has been announced to the chemist by this instrument, and the no less surprising fact ascertained that some of the very rarest products of the laboratory are among the most widely diffused objects in nature. The chemist possesses no means of analysis comparable in delicacy with this, and it opens new views as to the possible constitution of some of the most familiar substances. Iron, for instance, even in chemical purity, gives, not one line, but hundreds, and great numbers of these iron lines appear to be identical with those from other metals. The full significance of this and other deeply interesting facts, brought to light by the spectroscope, is still to be revealed.

Of the abundant practical applications of the instrument, one may be mentioned in the now general "Bessemer" process for producing cast steel. Here success depends on a knowledge of the *exact* time at which to shut off the blast, a few seconds too much or too little being fatal. The practiced workman guesses closely by the color of the flame from the molten metal, but the spectroscopist can determine the point at once and with absolute precision by watching for the disappearance of the lines announcing the presence of carbon.

The applications of the instrument to Astronomy are of the highest interest, but to do more than suggest them would be impossible. Our sun is found to contain abundant familiar elements, of which iron is specially prominent; those distant suns we call stars tell us here of the presence at inconceivable distances of the substances we are familiar with on earth. Hydrogen glows in Sirius and in the farthest nebula. The same iron whose light our furnaces pour at night over Pittsburgh sends its radiance to us from stars whence light, traveling with inconceivable speed across space, has yet been centuries in bringing tidings of its far off source.

THE CAMERON OVERTHROW.

The Voice of the Republican Press on the Defeat of the Treasury Ring.

[From the Washington Reporter.]

While we deprecate the means used to effect the election of Gen. Irwin, and deplore the necessity which compelled a resort to such extraneous appliances, we think that the result will go far towards justifying the measures adopted. If there is anything disgraceful or censurable, in a party sense, surrounding the election of Gen. Irwin, his opponents must bear in mind that they forced the necessity upon him and his friends. They persisted in attempting to compel the election of a man whom the people did not desire, and for whom a number of Republicans could not conscientiously vote. We are deeply grieved to see any division or discord in the ranks of the party, but cannot censure those who in discharging what they deemed their solemn duty, refused to be intimidated by the lash of party. If blame rests anywhere it is certainly upon the heads of those who created the necessity for a break in the party lines.

We believe that the representatives who joined with the opposition in effecting Gen. Irwin's election, have nothing to fear from their constituents. While the division of party will be deeply regretted, the men who fearlessly obeyed the mandates of the people in regard to the Treasury question will receive their unqualified indorsement.

[From the Bedford Inquirer.]

A great hue and cry has been raised about bargain and sale, corruption, &c., by the friends of Mackey, but without exciting much sympathy for the defeated candidate. We are opposed to bolting as a rule, but there is a tyranny of caucuses that sometimes makes it necessary, and we admire the courage of the man who, from right motives, dares to rend asunder the shackles of king caucus and obey the dictates of conscience and the wishes of constituents. Whether the bolting Republicans have thus done or not, we are unable to say, as we are too far from the scene of operations. We put but little faith in the accusations of corruption, bargain and sale, &c.; like "stop thief," the criminal is likely to be first to join in the cry in order to ward off suspicion from himself. Between Irwin and Mackey we had but little preference, and were satisfied that either would make a good Treasurer. We are inclined to think that unless the matter is carried further and the disposition of the public funds regulated by law, but little good will be accomplished. We are loath to believe that the bolters have any intention of causing a rupture in the party or in any way abandoning it, as they are believed to be as good Republicans as there are in the Legislature. Gen. Irwin himself is a staunch Republican, and his election is quite as acceptable as that of Mackey would have been.

In response to an article in the Beaver *Argus*, the Monongahela *Republican* says: "We presume the *Argus* knows whereof it speaks, and if Mackey was nominated by Cameron's money, then he was not the actual candidate of the Republican party, but only of certain money bags—and if this be true, then we are not sorry that the money bag's candidate is defeated. The *Argus* is published in the town where Gen. Irwin resides, and Senator Rutan, and Representative Shurlock, and certainly ought not to say such naughty things without good authority."

The Pittsburgh "organ" having called upon their constituents to "mark the coalitionists with an indelible hand," the Monongahela *Republican* says: "The old *Gazette*, heretofore ready to join the people in all wholesome reforms, seems to be placed in an unfortunate position in regard to the Treasuryship. We do not profess to know exactly how Erie, Crawford, Butler, Lawrence and Mercer may feel towards those who bolted the caucus nomination, but we can assure the *Gazette* that so far as Washington county is concerned, the election of General Irwin has given almost universal satisfaction."

"The people of this county, we beg to inform the *Gazette*, are in earnest about this matter of reform, and the first business in hand, in order to have a fair field before them, seems to be to break up the old rings. If the majority of the officeholders of the Republican party have not yet learned that the people are in earnest on this subject, and will allow a caucus to be "set up" in the interest of corruptionists, then it is time to smash all such slates. No conscientious, right-thinking man, will vote for a corrupt measure just because it is a party measure, and we congratulate our faithful representative A. J. Buffington for voting as he did on the Treasurer question.

"We also assure the *Gazette* we will do as it urges, namely, 'mark him with an indelible brand,' and that brand shall be—'here goes an honest man.' Here is one who dared to obey the will of his constituents, and serve the cause of honesty and manhood against the trickery and corruptions of party."

The Harrisburg correspondent of the Washington *Reporter* says: "You will doubtless hear a hundred and ninety-nine charges preferred against the combination which so effectually nipped Mr. Mackey in the very opening bud of his glory. You will hear that pledges have been made to the Democracy to admit their contestants into the Senate, to defeat the Philadelphia police bill, and all such gentle impeachments. Don't believe a word of them, Messrs. Editors, for they are not true in the slightest particular. The fifteen gentlemen who refused to bow the knee to the Baal of the Treasury are incapable of being a party to any dishonorable transaction."

The Harrisburg correspondent of the Erie *Dispatch* says: "The Republicans who stuck to Gen. Irwin until he was elected are being literally deluged with letters of approval of their course, and men from all sections of the State who are visiting Harrisburg, are warm in their words of commendation. Our own members are receiving hearty letters of joyfully expressed thanks from many of the townships and villages of Erie county."

A NEW BOOK.

Werever Mr. John Gough has lectured, and where has he not lectured? there are those who admire him. Everybody, we fancy, knows that his life has been one of remarkable adventures and vicissitudes. Twenty years ago, or more, he published a short autobiography which partly satisfied public curiosity—but since that publication Mr. Gough has lived, seen and done much in the interest of humanity. Multitudes will be pleased to learn that a large volume has just appeared, containing a new *autobiography and personal recollections of this famous man.* Turning over its leaves and reading a little here and there, we are strongly impressed with the very entertaining and readable character of the work. It combines the interest of a romance with the interest of a narrative of facts. However, no details are needed to pique curiosity about the book. Pittsburgh is not forgotten, and the reader will find an account of the remarkable panic in Dr. Herron's church, that occurred in 1851, during Mr. Gough's first visit. The book is published by H. C. Johnson, of Philadelphia, and is sold in Pittsburgh by Mr. Wilson, No. 60 Water street.

Just now no public character among us is so much written about as Brigham Young,—and it is to be observed that, one way and another, writers agree in placing a high estimate on his ability and force of character. That he would have taken high rank in almost any enobling cause, can scarcely be doubted; for it is entirely inconceivable that there should be anything in Mormonism calculated to develope a man's great qualities. The reverse must be the fact. Mr. Justin McCarthy says the Mormon leader reminds him of Kossuth, although he does not regard him as a man of great ability, but rather of great plausibility. This writer nevertheless thinks Young is a man of genius.

Pennsylvania Female College.

[From the Presbyterian Banner.]

The movement which we have frequently mentioned, to establish a first-class Female College in this city or vicinity, under Presbyterian control, has taken a definite form. The name "Pennsylvania Female College" has been adopted; a charter has been secured; a Board of Trustees has been organized, and a subscription of $30,000 has been secured. A meeting of the Board was held, in pursuance to the requisition of the charter as recently confirmed by the Court, Monday, December 20th. After accepting the charter, the Board was duly organized by the election of the following persons to serve for the ensuing year, viz: James Laughlin, President; Hon. J. P. Sterrett and Rev. W. D. Howard, D. D., Vice Presidents; Rev. W. T. Beatty, Secretary; Jno. A. Renshaw, Treasurer; Joseph Dilworth, Geo. A. Berry, Chas. J. Clarke, Henry Lloyd, J. S. Slagle, Rev. J. G. Brown, D. D., Col. Wm. Frew, Executive Officers. The Rev. S. S. Shriver, the Financial Secretary, made a report, indicating a good degree of success in the effort to secure funds, about $30,000 having been subscribed in amounts ranging from $500 to $5,000. The prospect is deemed sufficiently encouraging to justify the hope of procuring the additional amount aimed at. To this end the agency is continued, that with the opening of the new year work may be entered upon to prepare the way for the speedy organization and opening of the College.

The character of the officers selected to take charge of this enterprise, should be considered as a pledge of certain success. We can scarcely conceive of failure when gentlemen of such high standing, financial ability, and religion commit themselves to it. We hope to able to announce in a short time that the desired result has been accomplished.

The *National Observer* of Berlin says: There is not a single country in Europe in which the press has been so shamefully treated as in France. The Imperial Government has not been content with proscribing certain journals which it considers dangerous to itself, and with seizing such numbers as may be offensive, in order to destroy them after causing them to be condemned by its own courts, but more than this, it has, in the most arbitrary manner, submitted every sheet to a rigid examination by its own officials. It is a well known fact that the German newspapers are condemned by the quantity by the Minister of the Interior, so that their subscribers in France receive a copy only semi-occasionally. The Imperial Government, while it boasts of always marching at the head of civilization, forgets that such a policy is calculated to turn against itself the whole European press, which thus becomes interested in the overthrow of such a stupid and brutal despotism.

The Opposition in the Corps Legislatif has paid but little attention to this abuse, and it has shown thereby how little it appreciates the unity of European interests, and how slightly sensible it is to the disgrace which the action of the Government casts upon the whole French nation. *Le Temps* and *La Liberte* are the only Parisian papers that have noticed this abuse at all, and in the Chamber M. Garnier Pages has never been able to get this subject placed upon the order of the day on account of the opposition of the majority and the poor support he receives from his political friends. But little attention has been paid to his new interpellation, and nothing is more characteristic of the new era than the reply of M. de Forcade, who states that, as in the past, the Government has the intention of suppressing only such journals as may be dangerous. But as the Government has full discretionary power as to what may or may not be dangerous, there is no indication that the system of arbitrary suppressions will be abandoned.

Gen. Beauregard is about to put in operation in New Orleans a new invention for propelling cars. Instead of being dragged by horses, the car will be carried along by means of a rope running over rollers affixed at stated points upon a frame along the side of the track, and to which the car is attached by a rod. This is no new idea. The cars on the London and Blackwell line, some five miles long, when first opened, some thirty years back, were moved by an endless rope. It run over rollers placed in a groove along the center of the track, and was seized by a gripper under the car, and which was controlled by the conductor. The rope was kept in constant motion by a powerful engine at one end of the line, and as the car reached a station the gripper was opened, and the car became stationary. The endless rope, however, was soon abandoned for the ordinary locomotive. The constant friction produced frequent snappings of the rope, which caused the death of several people by the rebound, and for this, and probably other reasons, was considered a failure. If General Beauregard has conquered the difficulties which have hitherto rendered this kind of propulsion inapplicable, his invention is a valuable one.

THE INSANE.

Dixmont Hospital Under View of the "Dispatch."

A fair censorship on the part of the "press," commands the favor of the people—the reverse, assures the condemnation of a generous and insulted public.

In the matter of institutions established for purposes of benevolence, and largely dependent for success on State benefactions, it is an outrage recklessly to endanger its favor with the beneficent power that supplies their needs, by either ironical laudation of management or by financial details calculated to mislead and alarm its private and official friends.

What citizen deplores the fact made out by the *Dispatch* figures, that our rulers at Harrisburg have, with a just and generous appreciation of the necessities of our exposed and hard working people, given liberally from the coffers of the commonwealth?

The account is stated thus: "Last year it took the nice little sum of $187,347 63 to run it"—the Dixmont Hospital. "Of this $55,863 50 was paid for *maintenance*"—not stopping for a moment to state the fact that the sum of $59,536 09 had been received from various private and public sources to meet this identical disbursement—"$54,211 78 on account of the east wing," absolutely necessary to meet the requirements of the insane. Who growls! that this, as directed by law, has been expended, or that $32,762 00, the "nest egg" of the *Dispatch*, stands on the books of the "Bank of Pittsburgh to its credit," an institution that has served as a safe depository, and has loaned it thousands of dollars in anticipation of falling due appropriations, without interest? None at least, who have knowledge of the facts, or who have ever given a *dime* to light or warm up a single ward of this noble institution.

The Legislature has already assumed responsibility as to the *economy* of its appropriations, which covers the $54 211 78 paid to contractors, and the sum of $43,793 50 *undrawn* from the State Treasury, and held in reserve for future demands of contractors—in all $98,005 28.

Again, the Board expends for "maintenance" $54 211 78, and receives from pay patients $59,536 09, showing an economy and saving of $5,324 31.

To meet the demands of contracts already made, they will have as already appears $43,793 50 *now in the State Treasury*, and the further sum of $32,762 00 now in the *vaults of the Pittsburgh Bank*, making $76,555 50 to carry them through a part of the present year—perhaps the whole of it.

The editors are invited to a telescopic examination of the $30,220 98 expended under the head of salaries, wages and insurance. They may then express surprise that the *item* has not presented *larger* proportions, and hereafter abstain from dealing in the language of political and financial pools or "rings," in reference to "unexpended balances."

The assault on this noble philanthropy, has already reached the desk of every member of our State Legislature, and the editors owe it to their people and the managers to correct the abuse. A moment's reflection will convince, that their article of yesterday was not deserved, and perhaps that they had unintentionally erred.

GENERAL AND PARTICULAR.

TWO YARDS OF EARTH.

Two yards of earth, and a marble bust
Reared aloft from the common dust,
And a hero's sabre covered with rust;
And the sunset's splendor streaming around,
And a thousand glories under the ground.

Two yards of earth and the potter's field,
With the merciful angels alone to shield
A murderer's grave, a convict fled
Into the future to meet the dead;
And the rank wild grasses scattered around,
And crimes and curses under the ground.

Two yards of earth, and heaven's air
Fanning the lilies white and fair,
And modest violets gathered around,
And spotless virtue under the ground.

Two yards of earth, and a woman's name,
Whose life was woe, and whose death was shame;
And the cold rain beating a naked mound,
And a thousand miseries under the ground.

Two yards of earth! O who shall say
Whether of these is the better clay!
God give us grace in our hapless round
That leads to this kingdom under the ground!

EDGAR L. PAXTON, in *Old and New.*

The Wilmington *Commercial* says: An item is going the rounds of the papers, and has been published in this one, stating that "the State of California has 800,000 peach trees, or about five to every voter." These figures may sound large to people who do not live where peaches grow, but they seem somewhat insignificant in this latitude. California has an area of 188,982 square miles, Delaware has an area of 2,120, and the eastern shore of Maryland, adjoining her, has an area of probably about 3,000 square miles. In the spring of 1869 the number of peach trees within this district was 3,959,000. About fourteen to each inhabitant.

Fire-proof furniture is the last scientific announcement in Germany. It is said that a German chemist, acting under a commission from a fire insurance company, discovered that impregnation with a concentrated solution of rock salt renders all timber fire proof. The salt, too, renders wood proof against dry-rot and the ravages of insects.

The London Skating Club spent $2,000 in preparing a basin in Regent's Park, but the morning after it was first filled the expectant members, gathered to look at the ice, found that the water had drained entirely away. The bed proved to be gravel, and not, as was supposed, London clay.

Lands around Gonzales, Texas, may be bought very low, as plantations are large and hands to cultivate them cannot be had. Perhaps not more than one-half or one-third of the bottom land will be cultivated this year. Some of the negroes have made enough money since their freedom to buy homes, and many others are leaving the large plantations to settle themselves on leased or rented lands. Good valley plantations in a state of neglect can be bought at from three to five dollars per acre. Some may be rented for repairs.

The American Sængerbund Committee met in Cincinnati Wednesday evening. Contributions of money from singing societies from various sections of the country were received. Mr. Walter, the director, recommended that Parepa be engaged for the occasion as soloist, the celebrated Wachter for tenor, Hopto for violin, and Charles Walter for the piano solo. For an orchestra he is desirous of having one hundred and thirty performers.

A Rome letter says: There are more American visitors than any other nationality; but as the gaiety has not yet commenced they are improving the shining hour—a horrible irony, by the way, for it does nothing but rain—in visiting the lions, which they do conscientiously, with a Murray under their arms. The Romans declare that Anglo Saxon tourists manage to see more in the same time than any other class of visitors. It is true, they add, that they know less about it when they have "done" the Eternal City than if they had been less rapid and more systematic.

There are sixty-two books in the Bible, written by forty different men. Some were written by statesmen, some by kings, some by shepherds, some by herdsmen, some by vine-dressers, some by prophets and apostles, some by physicians. The authors lived in different countries, and wrote in different ages of the world, there having been one thousand five hundred years from the writing of the first book to that of the last. Yet there are no special contradictions, but a wonderful harmony throughout the whole.

The Boston *Traveller* says: In the year 1858 the bulk of the ice crop in this vicinity was cut and housed in the latter part of the month of March. Some years before, Fresh Pond did not freeze till into April. The present weather does not discourage the ice dealers, as there are some seventy days ahead wherein the thermometer may go several degrees below zero. We learn that there are less than five thousand tons of old ice on hand; enough to keep up the retail demand for less than two months.

The Peoria *Transcript* says: "A gentleman residing in Pekin received a dispatch lately informing him that he had better come home immediately, as his wife had particular business, and would want to see him around. He got here Sunday, and was taken to Pekin by carriage. On the way down he boasted that he had a fine family, consisting of a wife and two children. Upon arriving at Pekin he was met by several gentlemen, who wonderingly asked him why he didn't go to Canada, and several other such mysterious questions. Their queries were explained, when he found that he was the father of five instead of two children, his wife having presented him with three additional responsibilities on the day before. It is said there was a crazy man in Pekin for a short time."

The Melbourne (Australia) *Argus* reports a horrible massacre at Fiji. A Mr. Lattin, who, it is said, was formerly a storekeeper in Melbourne, shipped about 280 natives on board the French bark Morea. Their ultimate destination was, it is believed, Queensland; but it appears that the islanders rose *en masse*, and mercilessly killed every white man on board, with the exception of the mate. Then they jumped overboard, with the intention of swimming to the shore, but only about thirty reached the land, 253 having, it is supposed, been drowned.

The London papers contain accounts of the rejoicing in England on the 1st of January, when the new bankrupt law, which abolishes imprisonment for debt, except in cases of county court judgments, came into operation. There was a general jail delivery from all Debtors' Prisons and "sponging houses" of the metropolis. The Governor of White Cross Street Prison, the largest place of detention in London, notified the prisoners that all who pleased were at liberty to leave the jail at midnight of the 31st of December. Out of ninety-four inmates thirty-one availed themselves of the privilege. Sixty-three begged to remain in jail until the next day, on the plea that they had no homes to go to.

Il Progresso Educativo, a monthly journal published at Naples, gives the following deplorable statistics about the state of education in the province of Reggio (Calabria): Of the population above four years of age, ninety-one of every hundred inhabitants are unable to read or write (*analfabeti*)—86 per cent. of the men and 97 per cent. of the women. The ignorance is, as one would expect, greater in the country than in the towns and larger villages. In the country 98 per cent. of the women are *analfabeti*.

Some months ago an immense surplus of tea accumulated at the London docks, which the owners did not know what to do with. One of the principal holders of it suggested to a scientific man whether it could not be utilized in some way, and he commenced a series of experiments, which have resulted, as he now informs the Society of Arts, in the concoction of various brands of wine, dry, sparkling and effervescing. They are said to be extremely palatable, genially exhilarating and stimulating, and without being intoxicating. The discoverer says that one may drink a bottle or two of the wine without the slightest unpleasant effect, and that even a quarter of a bottle makes a man feel unmistakably, to use his own words, "the better for it." The new liquid was practically tested at the meeting of the society, and pronounced to be admirable. The only defect in the published report is that it does not give the price at which a bottle may be bought.

THE RELIGIOUS WEEKLIES.

OUR CHURCHES.

Denominational and Personal.

UNITED PRESBYTERIAN.

BEGGING MINISTERS.

The *United Presbyterian*, under the taking title of "Donation Visits," has this to say:

We have lately seen a card that was sent to a member of one of our churches from the pastor of a church in another denomination. It struck us as somewhat of a curiosity, and while we fondly trust there is not a single congregation in our United Presbyterian Church where the pastor would have the slightest occasion to do such a thing, or would do it, even if often and sorely pressed for the means of having himself and family properly provided for, we will describe the prominent feature of it:

It is an invitation for the person receiving it to call at the pastor's house, on a certain day and evening that are mentioned, and then it is added that any donations which he may make will be thankfully received. It is, in a word, a literal case of begging; and we could not refrain from asking the question, is not the whole proceeding galling to any spirited and thorough man's sense of self-respect? Is it not a disgrace to the ministerial office, and a shame to any congregation of Christian people, to allow their pastor to be in a condition that would seem to call for such a thing to be done? Besides all this, is it not a violation of the spirit and the letter of the divine ordinance that they who minister or labor in the gospel should be supported by the gospel? Is not the man who labors in the ministerial work worthy of support? Is not the laborer in the gospel ministry as worthy of his hire as any other laborer?

Rather, then, let there be no donation visits, nor any occasion for them. Let every congregation that is blessed with a pastor support him. Let the pastor's salary be sufficient, and let it be promptly and fully paid at the time promised.

JUDGE STRONG.

The same paper, alluding to the statement that some opposition to the appointment of Judge Strong, as Associate Justice of the Supreme Court, resulted from the fact that he presided at a meeting in Philadelphia, at which it was resolved that the name of Jesus Christ should be inscribed in the Constitution of the United States, says:

The opposition to Judge Strong comes from those who hate the Christian religion, and hate all its earnest and determined supporters; and who would prefer Atheists or Rationalists for the Supreme Bench. Judge Strong might be a skeptic, a Swedenborgian, or a Unitarian, and there would be none of this opposition to him as one of our Supreme Judges. He might preside over a grand conclave of Masons, as a late President did, or join with Odd Fellows in vain display, as Schuyler Colfax lately did, and there would not be a word about it; but because he presided at a meeting which proposed to have the name of the Great Jehovah in our Constitution, he must be ostracised, and some one who does not "recognize any creed or system of faith in public affairs" be exalted in his stead!

Is it not time that the Christian men of our land would *exert* themselves to get good men, men of decided Christian character, into office, and also to prevent worthless, drunken reprobates from making and administering our laws? "When the wicked rule the righteous mourn."

INSTALLATION.

The Rev. T. J. Kennedy was installed as pastor of Steubenville congregation on the evening of the 13th inst., by committee, consisting of Revs. Clark, Jamison and Taggart, appointed by the Presbytery of Steubenville.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL.

THE EVILS OF SOCIETY.

The *Christian Advocate* points out some of "our public plague spots," fraught with imminent peril to civil and religious liberty, and which must be promptly arrested if our social and moral institutions are to be preserved. We quote:

EXTRAVAGANCE.

Extravagant living is corrupting the public morals. Luxurious spendthrift habits seem to be universal. Frugality and economy are myths of the by-gone times. Prosperity has made us reckless and wasteful. All classes are living beyond their means. The clerk copies the extravagance of his employer; the maid that of her mistress; the school boy that of his preceptor. This has gone on so long that it has touched business with a paralysis, and now threatens the nation with a momentary crisis. Nothing can prevent this short of the most radical retrenchment. It is imperative that we abandon our inflated notions of living, and return to more frugal ways and means.

OFFICIAL CORRUPTION.

The venality of public men—municipal officers, legislators, judges—is an element of great danger in the body politic. Integrity in office once distinguished the makers, interpreters and administrators of our laws. But this is so no longer. Votes of legislators are bought and sold. Office is sought for nothing but its emoluments and its means of amassing wealth. Many men in high stations have their price, and put themselves in the market with an immodesty and effrontery that seem surprising. This great evil has at last touched and stained the judiciary, that we had fondly hoped might remain pure forever. The New York courts are a farce on the very name of justice. The eddying currents from these streams of corruption are threatening to revolutionize our entire social fabric, and, if not soon checked by an indignant people, must reduce all elements of law and order into chaos and confusion. The ultimate remedy must be found in diffusing through the community high moral ideas that will rebuke every species of fraud, corruption and bribery.

AN AGED MINISTER.

Rev. J. K. Miller furnishes some interesting notes about the venerable Rev. J. Monroe. He says: To-day Dr. Dempsey and wife, my wife and myself, had the pleasure of gratifying father Joshua Monroe, by dining with him at his house on his eighty-fourth birthday; but alas! unlike Moses of old, his eye sight was very dim, and his hearing dull, and his natural force greatly abated, not his spiritual, however. It will be greatly pleasing to his numerous friends who are continually asking us about Brother Monroe's health, for us to say, that we found him very comfortably situated in his old days, with everything so clean and nice about him, and a first rate housekeeper to take the very best care of him. It is not every old, worn-out, superannuated preacher, that finds himself so well cared for in this land of the dying.

CATHOLIC.

A CATHOLIC WOMAN ON WOMAN'S RIGHTS.

Last week we published an editorial from the *Catholic*, tending to show that the "woman's rights" movement was the offspring of the Protestant doctrine of the right of private judgment. In that article the editor declared that no Catholic lady was found identified with the movement. In this week's issue, however, "A Catholic Woman" gives her views very frankly to the editor, in a letter dated at Detroit, Michigan, from which we append a few extracts:

In your issue of the 15th inst., you favor us with your views upon "Woman's Rights," and "pity" those of our sex who are believers in the movement. You state, also, that no Catholic lady is to be found among its advocates. I beg to correct your error. Your correspondent honestly believes that every intellectual being living under a republican form of Government is entitled to a voice in the Government; and that in a republic every person living under its laws, and punishable by them, has a right to a voice in their making. I sincerely believe, also, that when a woman is obliged to pay taxes, she has as much right as any one else to say what shall be done with her money, and how much of it she shall give away for general purposes. I understand these to be women's rights, or men's rights, or the rights of any one, living in these United States.

I think I could go the polls, if they were decently placed, and cast a ballot in a womanly and proper manner, without losing one characteristic of womanhood. Can any one discover what portion of our Holy Faith my casting a ballot would violate? What has religion of any kind to do with a question so perfectly political? Does the religion of men interfere with *their* politics? Does a man's faith decide for him whether he shall vote for railroads or against railroads?

You think no Catholic lady is an advocate of Woman's Rights. I do not know that any female advocate now before the public is a Catholic; but such is not the case because there is aught in Catholicity to prevent any lady's participating in the *political* character of the movement, whose justice is apparent to every unprejudiced mind.

THE CHRISTIAN RADICAL.

WHAT BIGOTRY WILL DO.

Under this head a writer in the *Radical* comments severely upon the report of the Committee of Ministers appointed to investigate the alleged frauds upon the Methodist Book Concern in New York. We append an extract:

It was discovered that the Concern was, without doubt, defrauded in the purchase of paper, and also supposed to have suffered seriously in the bindery department. But, instead of a report having been submitted to the public in accordance with the facts which were unearthed by the testimony, thus throwing the responsibility on the shoulders of the guilty, a very mild and cautiously worded series of resolutions fell like oil on the troubled waters of Methodism. A certain official was implicated in the defalcation, whom it was not prudent to expose. The "church" might suffer if the truth were told and the thief be dragged out into light. It is presumed that in ten years the Concern has lost at least $100,000, and because, forsooth! a certain prominent Doctor's son was at the time one of the principal managers in the establishment, the kind hearted committee shrank from the duty of making a clean breast of the matter, and feared to give the ugly facts to the world.

When a committee of preachers refuse to report the whole truth in a serious matter under investigation, submitting to the public a half dozen resolutions which mean nothing but white wash for a stupendous fraud lest some Doctor of Theology's reputation should be injured and "our church" shown to be very fallible, well may we sigh over the degeneracy of the times and the demoralization which evermore follows in the wake of bigotry.

CHANGE OF FIRM.

The *Radical* has changed its firm, and is now published by S. A. & J. W. Long. A skillful and vigorous business management will thus be secured to the paper. The Messrs. Long are both residents of this city, and are well known as gentlemen of the highest integrity, ability and enterprise. There will be no change in the religious tone of the paper.

PRESBYTERIAN.

THE "ORGAN" BUSINESS.

Since the union of the two branches of the Presbyterian family, there is a good deal of anxiety manifested among certain editors and their friends, as to what particular paper or periodical shall be known as the "church organ." The *Banner*, conceiving that to be "an organ" (so-called) in religion, as in politics, is not a distinction to be coveted, forcibly remarks:

It may be as well for all those who are thus engaged, to know at once that the Presbyterian Church will not for a moment, even by implication, authorize any newspaper or any set of men, metropolitan or rural, to speak for it. The Church will be its own exponent. And if any newspaper or any coterie of individuals attempts to speak authoritatively for the Church, or to assume "the pre-eminence" from any supposed advantages of location or from any other cause, the Church will rebuke such conduct in a manner not to be mistaken. Very soon will the "organ" be found to be out of tune, if not altogether "smashed," and the players will discover that their occupation is gone. It will be impossible for any number of D. D.'s, however worthy or distinguished, to make any paper, in preference to others, "the organ of the Church." The press must be independent, courageous, God-fearing and man-loving. Let us seek to possess these qualities, and let the organ business alone.

MINISTERIAL CALL.

At a meeting of Lebanon Church, held this day (January 13th), a hearty and unanimous call was extended for the pastoral labors of the Rev. Samuel S. Shriver, at a salary of $1,200 and parsonage. The prospects of this old and vigorous church are at present bright and hopeful, and a great degree of prosperity is expected. An enterprise in connection with this congregation, at Dravosburg, gives promise of good results, and a church building will soon be erected to accommodate the increased attendance on public worship.

PERSONAL.

Cassius M. Clay was not a success at the Cuban meeting in New York, on Wednesday evening, even while Horace Greely presided. The audience fairly put Mr. Clay down on account of the "personality, prolixity, and rapidity" of the speech he attempted. He was saluted with such cries as "Hurry up, boss;" "Take a rest;" "Have a drink;" "Go home;" "Put him in the guard house;" "We want to hear about Cuba, that's all we want;" hisses; cries of "Come to Cuba;" "Hail, Columbia" by the band; laughter, and much disorder.

The remains of the late Mr. Peabody were submitted by Dr. Pavy, a distinguished English physician, to a novel preservative process, which consisted in first injecting all the arteries with a solution of arsenic and corrosive sublimate; and, after the lapse of twenty-four hours, with a saturated solution of tannic acid. By these means the softer tissues are actually converted into leather, and decomposition effectually arrested. Into the cavities of the chest and abdomen there was also introduced a paste of arsenic, camphor and spirit; and the coffin was lined with a layer of animal charcoal.

Henry Ward Beecher in a recent sermon said that "men got the notion that they had committed the sin against the Holy Ghost very often as the result of bodily weakness operating upon the mind. It assumed then the form of a religious melancholy or insanity; but when men had any anxiety at all about it, it showed that there was a conscience left and they were not reprobate. Good Christian men sometimes got that notion. One of the predecessors in his father's church—Dr. Champin, of Litchfield, Conn.—had this conviction, and he never showed himself so much a Christian as when he thought that God was about to send him to hell; for if it was His will he said he would go willingly. Well, he was very miserable about it until one bright day the thought struck him that when he got to hell he would open a prayer meeting there."

John Stuart Mill, in a late letter, declines to visit this country owing to want of time. He says: "I have many things to do yet, before I die, and some months (it is not worth while going to America for less) is a great deal to give at my time of life, especially as it would not, like ordinary traveling, be a time of mental rest, but something very different."

A letter to the Philadelphia *Inquirer*, dated Rome, contains the following bit of gossip: People here are very much amused, and not a little astonished, at the importance given in America to Pere Hyacinthe's apostacy—as they call it. He had long been known to be a very eloquent, but a very weak-kneed Catholic. Two years ago he preached a series of Lenten sermons in Rome, and Mr. Loyson's idea of becoming a layman dates back to that spring of 1868, when he converted a fair American widow, a Mrs. M——, from one of the Eastern cities of the United States.

Rev. Harry Jones, an English clergyman traveling in the United States, writes: "I was not prepared to find such strong evidence of popular respect for religion as met me everywhere during my tour. I find them not only in the city and the country, but in the forest, the steamboat, and the railway station."

General O. E. Babcock, of the President's staff, has purchased the residence known as "Hamilton Place," at the corner of Twelfth and K streets, for the sum of $16,000.

The Newark, N. J. *Courier* says: The paragraph going the rounds of the newspapers that Hon. James F. Wilson was once a saddler in this city, is no discredit to that gentleman. We have no doubt that he made as good a saddler as he has since proved a statesman, and that is saying a great deal, considering the fact that he has few superiors among the great men of his time.

FOR DROPSY,
FOR GRAVEL.
Chronic Catarrh of the Bladder,
Morbid Irritation of the Urethra,
Morbid Irritation of the Bladder,
PAIN IN THE BACK,
PAIN IN THE BACK,
DISEASES OF THE KIDNEYS,
DISEASES OF THE KIDNEYS,
And all other cases where a GOOD DIURETIC is indicated. Try one Bottle of
RANKIN'S EXTRACT BUCHU.
Sold at
RANKIN'S DRUG STORE,
44 SIXTH (formerly St. Clair) STREET,
Price ONE DOLLAR, with English and German Directions.

SOME REASONS WHY
DR. SARGENT'S
BACKACHE PILLS
HAVE BECOME SO POPULAR.

1st—They are certain and speedy in their action, relieving the Kidneys at once from all obstructions, and restoring the Organs at once to their natural healthy functions.

2d—They are compounded in strict accordance with the original formula, and will always give the same results.

3d—All the ingredients are purely vegetable, and cannot possibly have any deleterious effects, on the contrary they act in a gentle and invigorating manner, and stimulate all the organs to a healthy action.

Therefore—We can recommend them with the greatest confidence for all diseases of the Kidneys, Bladder, &c.

PRICE, FIFTY CENTS PER BOX.

DR. W. F. FUNDENBERG,
DENTIST,
Will resume the practice of his Profession for a short time, beginning January 6th.
Office—No. 157 FOURTH AVENUE, between Smithfield and Grant streets. tf

BUSINESS CHANGES.

NOTICE.—THE COPARTNERSHIP heretofore existing under the firm name of PLAYER & HENDERSON, at 30 Broadway, New York, terminated by mutual consent on the 1st January, 1870.
JOHN PLAYER.

JOHN PLAYER, M. INST. M. E. OF England has removed his office to 430 WALNUT STREET, Philadelphia, and continues to advise on the construction of Blast Furnaces and Iron Works, and to furnish plans for new furnaces, and all the plans required for them, or for Remodeling Old Works. The Erection of New Works and of Player's Patent Hot Blast Stoves will be superintended by efficient Foremen if required.
Philadelphia, January 18, 1870.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.
Notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between JESSE CROSLAND and CHARLES CHALLINOR, under the style of CROSLAND & CHALLINOR, is this day dissolved, and debtors of said firm are notified not to pay any money due the firm to said JESSE CROSLAND.
CHARLES CHALLINOR.
Pittsburgh, Pa., January 19, 1870.

DISSOLUTION.
WEST POINT FOUNDRY January 1, 1870.
The firm of SMITH & WARWICK has this day been dissolved by mutual consent, WM. WARWICK retiring.
L. H. SMITH,
WM. WARWICK.

THE BUSINESS OF THE LATE FIRM will be settled and continued by the undersigned, under the firm name of L. H. SMITH & CO.
tf LUTHER H. SMITH.

THE FIRM OF BAILIFF, BROWN & CARSON was this day dissolved by mutual consent, JAMES M. CARSON disposing of his interest to JOSEPH C. BAILIFF and THOMAS BROWN. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said firm will please call and make immediate payment, and all persons having claims, will present the same to JNO. R. WATSON, at our Office, 55 Federal street, he being authorized to settle all accounts.
JOSEPH C. BAILIFF,
THOMAS BROWN,
JAMES M. CARSON.
Allegheny City, January 1, 1870.

IN RETIRING FROM THE FIRM OF BAILIFF, BROWN & CARSON, I would take this opportunity of expressing my thanks to my friends for their past favors, and would respectfully solicit a continuation of those favors for the firm of BAILIFF & BROWN.

BAILIFF & BROWN, PLUMBERS, GAS AND STEAM PIPE FITTERS, 55 Federal st., Allegheny City, Pa., would return their thanks to their friends and the public generally for their very liberal patronage during a period extending over ten years, and would respectfully solicit a continuation of their esteemed favors for the old original firm.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE.
The undersigned have this day entered into a partnership for the purpose of carrying on the Wholesale and Retail
Hardware Business,
At No. 56 Wood street, under the name and style of FAHNESTOCK & BIRNEY.
JAMES M. FAHNESTOCK,
THOMAS BIRNEY.
PITTSBURGH, January 1, 1870.
Mr. Birney's experience in the hardware trade for upwards of twenty years enables him to know the wants of those wishing anything in the Hardware line, and with a new stock of goods, they solicit the patronage of their friends and the public generally.

WE MAKE ONLY STRICTLY PURE GOODS.
White Lead,
Red Lead,
Litharge,
Potters' Lead,
Putty,
Vermilion.
DAVIS, CHAMBERS & CO. PURE WHITE LEAD. PITTSBURGH, PA.
Every keg of our White Lead bears the following warrant, and we guarantee a degree of fineness and whiteness unsurpassed:
THIS PACKAGE CONTAINS
Pure White Lead, ... 91 parts.
" Linseed Oil, ... 9 "
100
$25 IN GOLD will be paid to any one finding the contents of this keg different from the above analysis.
DAVIS, CHAMBERS & CO.
TThs Office, No. 9 Smithfield street.

HENRY REA, JR.,
285. LIBERTY STREET. 285.
PITTSBURGH, PA.,
PRODUCE COMMISSION MERCHANT,
For the sale of Apples, Potatoes, Butter, Eggs, Dried Fruit and Country Produce. TThs

WILLIAM BINGHAM, JR.'S
Pittsburgh Advertising Agency,
No. 143 SMITHFIELD STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa.
Advertisements inserted in all first-class Papers at lowest possible rates. Send for lists.

DRY GOODS.

Jos. Horne & Co.,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
NOTIONS, TRIMMINGS,
Straw Goods, Hosiery, &c.
Stock always complete. Orders promptly filled.
77 AND 79 MARKET STREET.

JUST OPENED,
ANOTHER FRESH SUPPLY OF
Winter Dry Goods.
Silks, Poplins, Plaids and
Fancy Dress Goods,
Mantilla Silk Velvets,
Astrachans, Chinchillas
And Beaver Cloths.
FULL ASSORTMENT OF
FINE FURS
AND
Real Astrachan Sacques,
BLANKETS,
FLANNELS
And SHAWLS.
James Caldwell,
120 FEDERAL ST.,
2p ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.

MANUFACTURERS.

ROLLS
Bollman & Bagaley
SUPERIOR WARRANTED
Chill Rolls, Sand Rolls,
AND
PINIONS,
For Iron, Steel, Brass, Gold, Paper, Rubber, &c., cast and finished to order, at Lowest Current Rates.
Phœnix Roll Foundry,
COR. LIBERTY & TWENTY-FOURTH ST

Pittsburgh Utility Works.
WEAVER & JONES,
Corner of Juniata and Fulton streets, Sixth Ward, Allegheny,
MANUFACTURERS OF
STAPLE HARDWARE, AND ALL KINDS LIGHT GREY IRON CASTINGS.
We tender our goods and services to the Trade at the Lowest Prices, and warrant all our work skillfully finished. Orders solicited.
WEAVER & JONES.
Address: Pittsburgh Postoffice.

Duquesne Iron and Steel Works
COLEMAN, RAHM & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF THE
"Duquesne" and "X L," Brands of Iron,
Cut Nails and Spikes,
Spring and Plow Steel.
ALL KINDS
Iron & Steel for Agricultural Machines,
CARRIAGE, BUGGY AND WAGON
SPRINGS AND AXLES.
Office and Works: Sixteenth street and Allegheny river, Pittsburgh.

SMITH & PORTER,
LOCOMOTIVE BUILDERS.
CITY OFFICE:
Corner Water Street and Cherry Alley.

MORRIS & RUTAN,
MANUFACTURERS OF
SPRINGS,
OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.
ws No. 85 FIRST AVENUE.

LIVINGSTON & CO., IRON FOUNDERS,
Manufacturers of Light Grey Iron
CASTINGS.
(Light Cast Goods our Specialty). Loose Joint Butts, Shutter and Gate Hinges, Latches, Sash Pulleys, and other articles of Builders' Hardware, always on hand. Office and Works near Outer Depot, Allegheny city. P. O. address, Lock Box 302, Pittsburgh, Pa.

STEEL MANUFACTURERS.

BLACK DIAMOND STEEL WORKS.
PARK, BROTHER & CO
MANUFACTURERS OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS OF
STEEL,
Office and Warehouse corner Thirtieth, Thirty-first and Railroad streets, Pittsburgh.

PITTSBURGH STEEL WORKS.
ANDERSON & WOODS,
Successors to Anderson, Cook & Co.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
BEST REFINED CAST STEEL,
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION. ALSO, BEST
Refined German Plow and Spring Steel.
Corner Ross and First Avenue.
PITTSBURGH, PA.

HUSSEY, WELLS & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
ALL DESCRIPTIONS OF
CAST STEEL.
OFFICE AND WORKS,
Cor. Penn and 17th sts., Ninth Ward,
PITTSBURGH.

SHEFFIELD STEEL WORKS.
SINGER, NIMICK & CO.,
Manufacturers of Every Description of
STEEL.
BEST TOOL CAST STEEL,
CAST AND GERMAN PLOW STEEL,
PATENT ROLLED SAW PLATE,
RAILWAY SPRINGS and SPRING STEEL,
ELLIPTIC AND SIDE SPRINGS,
AXLES, STEEL TIRE, &c., &c.
93 WATER AND 100 FIRST STS.,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

GLASS MANUFACTURERS.

Pittsburgh Flint Glass Works.
ESTABLISHED 1808.
BAKEWELL, PEARS & CO.,
Factory, BINGHAM STREET, Birmingham. Warehouse, 31 and 33 WOOD ST., Pittsburgh.
J. P. PEARS, B. BAKEWELL, JR.,
B. B. CAMPBELL. J. W. PAUL.

ESTABLISHED 1830.
GLASS. GLASS.
PHŒNIX, SLIGO, FITTSBURGH AND EMPIRE GLASS WORKS.
WM. M'CULLY & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
WINDOW GLASS AND DRUGGISTS' GLASS WARE.
ALSO, WINE, PORTER AND MINERAL WATER
Office, 18 and 20 WOOD ST., Pittsburgh, Pa.
P. S.—We make a specialty of the Manufacture of FRUIT JARS, making the Cork, [illegible] most desirable Self-Sealers in the mark[illegible]

REMOVAL.
Lippincott & Bakewell,
HAVE REMOVED THEIR WAREHOUSE AND OFFICE,
To their Factory, Dinwiddie Street,
Near Fifth Avenue, Eleventh Ward.
Take Oakland Cars, corner of Market and Fourth avenue.

WESTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA, SS: At Pittsburgh, this 7th day of January, A. D. 1869. The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of ANDERSON J. HAGAN of Pittsburgh, in the county of Allegheny, State of Pennsylvania, within said District, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said District.
JOHN H. BAILEY, Assignee,
s Attorney at Law, 89 Grant street.

TO LET.
THE SUBURBAN COTTAGE, Adjoining Union Park, on Greensburg Pike, wide Porches, 10 Rooms in House, Range, two Cisterns, Water in Kitchen, two Cellars, Well of pure soft Water, embowered amidst Shrubbery, Evergreens and Fruit Trees. Lot 100 feet on Pike, 300 feet on Main street. Rent $600 per year. Inquire of HOLDAND RIDDLE, Merchant, No. 183 Liberty street, or Rev. R. LEA, Greensburg Pike, opposite Arsenal wall.

MANUFACTURERS.

FORT PITT
Iron and Steel Works.
REESE, GRAFF & DULL
MANUFACTURE
Iron and Steel
OF ALL KIND,
Horse Shoes,
AND
TRAILS,
10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34 pounds to the yard, with Splice Bars and Bolts complete.
Office at Works, Thirty-second street, near Penn, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Plows! Plows!
JOHN HALL & CO.
MANUFACTURERS OF
Cast, Wrought and Steel Moul-board Plows, Wrought Iron and Wood-beam Plows. All kinds of Plow Castings, Cultivators, Steel Shovel Moulds, &c., &c.
Our Castings being made in an AIR FURNACE are SUPERIOR to all others made in a Cupola or Blast Furnace.
NOS. 121 AND 123 LIBERTY STREET,
PITTSBURGH.

DUNBAR
IRON COMPANY,
MANUFACTURERS OF
NEUTRAL AND COLD SHORT
PIG IRON.
By varying the admixtures of their Native Ores, they are prepared to furnish either
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Steam Engines and Machinery for Mills, Factories and Steamboats, Oil Well Steam Engines and Well Rigs.
All kinds of MACHINERY made to order. ENGINES of almost any size new and perfect kept ready made and so constructed that each Engine can be used either right or left.
Castings of all Descriptions,
MADE TO ORDER.
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STEAM BOILERS,
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Britches, Oil Tanks,
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Bolts, Spikes and Wrought Iron Shapes,
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Water Main Extension Bonds,

EXEMPT FROM STATE, COUNTY AND CITY TAXATION.

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IRA B. M'VAY & CO.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

FRIDAY EVENING, January 21, 1870.

There is not a feature of change in the local money market. The banks are accommodating their customers with a good measure of liberality, and the offerings of acceptable paper on the street are not large, which is an evidence that the banks and discount houses are taking the bulk of first class offerings.

—Local stocks were without any special change in prices, and few were offered. In Allegheny Valley 7-30 Bonds there is no change since Wednesday's prices, which were erroneously printed twice in this column at 86¼—it should have been 83¼. Some lots since are offered at 84 and commission.

—In New York the money market continues to gain in ease. To-day the general rate outside of the banks is 6 per cent. on stocks, and 5@6 per cent. on pledges of Government bonds. Lenders find it difficult to place their balances at better than 5 per cent. where Government bonds are exacted as collaterals. The great ease in call loans has produced a more active demand for commercial paper, and the leading dealers report an active demand for strictly first class names at 7½@8½ per cent., although there are considerable offerings at 9@10 per cent. of names of undoubted responsibility. Single names were quoted variously at 10@18 per cent., with but small amounts offered at less than 12 per cent.

—There was a further decline in the price of Government bonds to-day, which appears to be in sympathy with the fall in gold, which closed at 120⅝.

Messrs. Ira B. McVay & Co., report the following quotations of Government bonds in New York to-day, as furnished them by Jay Cooke & Co., their correspondents:

	Morn.	Noon.	Close
U. S. Bonds '81	117¾	117⅝	117¾
U. S. Bonds '62	115⅛	115⅛	115
U. S. Bonds '64	114⅛	114⅞	114⅝
U. S. Bonds '65	114⅞	115	114⅞
U. S. Bonds, new, '65	113⅝	113⅜	113⅝
U. S. Bonds '67	114	114	113⅞
U. S. Bonds '68	114⅛	114	113⅞
10-40s	112⅛	112⅛	112
Gold	121	120⅞	120⅝

James T. Brady & Co., corner of Fourth avenue and Wood street, quote United States securities in New York to-day as follows:

	Jan. 20.	Jan. 21.	Adv.	Dec.
Gold	121	120⅝	—	⅜
U. S. Bonds, 1881	117¼	117¾	½	—
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s, '62	115¾	115⅛	—	⅝
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s, '64	115	114⅝	—	⅜
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s, '65	115⅛	115	—	⅛
U. S. Bonds, new iss. '65	113⅞	113⅝	—	¼
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s, '67	114⅛	114	—	⅛
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s, '68	114⅛	113⅞	—	¼
U. S. Bonds, 10-40s	112	112⅛	⅛	—
U. S. Currency 6s	110	110⅛	⅛	—

—The principal feature in the New York Stock market to-day was the striking off the Exchange list Rock Island. It has transpired that the Company had increased their capital stock last June two millions without giving the required notice to the Stock Exchange. There was no heavy drop in the price of the stock, but future developments may cause a heavier decline. There is a report on the street, says the *Tribune*, that an injunction will be served on the Pennsylvania Central for the purpose of enjoining that road from perfecting the lease made with the Columbus, Chicago and Indiana Central. If the injunction is granted it must lead to very important litigation and decisions as to lease of railroads in one State by railroad companies in another. It is for the interest of the public, as well as for the companies, that this question of "leases" should be determined by the highest judicial authority.

The following table, made up from dispatches received at J. W. Kennedy's Stock Rooms, Apollo Building, No. 80 Fourth avenue, shows the prices of Railway Stocks, Gold, etc., at the various sessions of the New York Boards during the day:

January 21, 1870.	10 30 A M	11 30 A M	12 25 P M	1 45 P M	4 00 P M
New York Central	192¾	192¾	192⅝	192¾	192⅝
Erie	23⅛	23	23⅛	23⅜	23⅛
Harlem					
Reading	94⅛	94⅛	94⅛	94⅛	94⅛
Michigan Central		117		117	
Michigan Southern	84⅛	84⅛	84⅛	84⅛	84⅛
Illinois Central		138¼		137	
Cleveland and Pittsburgh	92	90	90⅛	91⅛	90⅝
Chicago and Northwestern	72⅛	72⅛	72⅛	72⅛	72⅛
Do preferred	87	88⅝	87⅛	88⅜	88⅝
Rock Island	104⅛	104⅛		105	104⅝
St. Paul		72⅝	72⅛	72⅛	72⅝
St. Paul, preferred		86⅛	86⅛	86⅛	
Toledo and Wabash		52⅛		50	
Toledo and Wabash, pref.		70		70	
Fort Wayne	87⅛	87⅛	87⅛	87⅛	87⅛
Chicago and Alton				144	
Ohio and Mississippi		25⅞		25⅛	
Western Union Telegraph		33⅛		33⅛	
Pacific Mail	41⅛	41⅛	41⅛	41⅛	41⅛
Adams Express		63⅛		63⅝	
Wells, Fargo & Co Express		19⅜		20	
American M. U. Express		36⅛		37	
United States Express		53⅛		54	
Merchants Union Ex.					
Gold	120⅞	120	120	120⅛	120⅝

A comparison between yesterday's and to-day's closing quotations shows the following changes:

	Thurs.	Fri.	Adv.	Dec.
N. Y. Central	192¾	192⅛	—	⅝
Erie	23⅞	23⅜	—	½
Harlem	137	—	—	—
Reading	94⅜	94⅛	—	¼
Mich. Central	117⅜	117	—	⅜
Mich. Southern	84⅜	84⅛	—	¼
Illinois Central	138½	137	—	1½
Cleve. and Pitts	91⅝	90⅝	—	1
Chicago and North	72⅝	72⅛	—	½
do preferred	87⅛	88⅝	1½	—
Rock Island	105½	104⅝	—	⅞
St. Paul	73⅛	72⅝	—	½
do preferred	86⅛	86⅛	—	—
Tol. and Wabash	53⅛	50	—	3⅛
do preferred	75	70	—	5
Fort Wayne	87⅝	87⅛	—	½
Chicago and Alton	144	143⅜	—	⅝
Ohio and Miss	25⅞	25⅛	—	¾
Western U. Tel	33⅜	33⅛	—	¼
Pacific Mail	41⅞	41⅜	—	½
Adams Express	62⅛	63⅝	1½	—
Wells, Fargo & Co	19⅜	20	⅝	—
American M.U. Ex	35⅜	37	1⅝	—
United States Ex	53	54	1	—
Merch. U. Ex	25	—	—	—

—The New York *Herald* of yesterday says: There is no special "bear" movement on foot, for the street is not disposed to sell stocks speculatively in the face of the ease in money, but the late sellers of long stock would like to buy back at lower prices, in pursuance of the programme already announced in these columns of realizing forty or fifty per cent, out of an actual advance of only ten per cent. It will be observed that in repeating this programme, which is the usual one in every bull movement, the cliques realizes at small advances. The reason is that they find it very difficult to maintain a steady upward movement, the public being still too cautious or impecunious since the September panic. Sometimes, on a very buoyant day, that remarkable period passes out of mind, but it inevitably steps in at last to warn the public, and stocks halt. Hence we find the cliques rather disposed to "milk the street" on smaller margins.

—James W. Kennedy, Broker, No. 80 Fourth avenue, (Apollo Building, dealer in United States Bonds, State and Municipal Securities, Railroad, Bank, Insurance and Miscellaneous Stocks. Being represented in the New York Stock Boards every day while in session, he purchases and sells on commission any stocks on the regular lists on the same terms as the New York brokers. Governments, Gold and Railway Stocks purchased for customers on the usual margin.

PRODUCE AND GENERAL MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL, FRIDAY EVENING, January 21, 1870.

The volume of trade done to-day was light, and there is but little change to note in prices. We quote as follows the wholesale store prices unless otherwise noted:

APPLES—There is a moderate demand for good to choice apples. We quote common at $2 00@2 25; good at $2 50; prime to choice at $2 75@3 25; and extra assorted at $3 50@3 75 ꝑ barrel.

APPLE BUTTER—We quote at 70@80c ꝑ gallon, as to quality.

BUTTER—There is a moderate demand for fair to choice roll at 30@33c ꝑ lb. Common grades dull at 25@28c ꝑ lb.

BEANS—Market dull at $2 25@2 75 ꝑ bushel for fair to choice small white.

BACON AND LARD—We quote S. C. hams at 20@20½c ꝑ lb; bacon shoulders at 14@14½c; S. C. shoulders at 15c; rib sides 16½@17c; clear sides 18c; lard in tierces 17c; lard in buckets 18c; lard in kegs 18c. F. Sellers & Co.'s caddy lard, in 3 and 5-lb packages, 20½c ꝑ lb.

MESS PORK—Per bbl $29 50.

CHEESE—The market is firmer but unchanged. We quote Western Reserve at 17c; Hamburg 17½c; Ohio Factory 18c; Ohio Goshen at 18½@19c; New York Goshen at 19½c; Limberger at 19½@20c, and Sweitzer at 20@20½c ꝑ lb.

CRANBERRIES—We quote cultivated at $13@15 ꝑ bbl, and common at $10@12 ꝑ bbl.

DRIED FRUITS—We quote apples at 8@9c; peaches 9@10c for quarters; 11@12c for halves, and 20c ꝑ lb for pared.

CHESTNUTS—We quote at $3 50@4 00 ꝑ bushel.

CIDER—Dull and nominal in price, ranging from $5@8 ꝑ bbl, as to quality and size of barrel.

EGGS—The receipts are more than adequate to the demand at 30@32c ꝑ dozen for fresh packed.

HAY—Receipts by country wagons light, and market firm at $18 00@26 00 ꝑ ton, as to quality.

STRAW—Sales at $14 00@15 00 ꝑ ton.

DRESSED HOGS—We quote at $11 00@12 00 ꝑ cwt, as to quality.

SALT—We quote by car load Allegheny brands at $1 80, and from store in a retail way at $2 00 ꝑ barrel.

POULTRY—There is very little poultry in market, with a fair demand for dressed chickens at 16@18c ꝑ lb, and for dressed turkeys 18@20c ꝑ lb. Live chickens, by the coop, 60c ꝑ pair.

HOMINY—Sales at 3c ꝑ lb.

LIME—We quote Cleveland white lime at $2 25 ꝑ bbl.

LARD OIL—We quote No. 1 lard oil at $1 42@1 45, and No. 2 at 95c ꝑ gallon.

ONIONS—We quote prime to choice at $2 50@3 00 ꝑ bbl and common at $2 00@2 25 ꝑ bbl.

SEEDS—Clover seed is in moderate demand and firmer at $8 25@8 50 ꝑ bushel. Timothy seed is quoted at $3 75@4 00 ꝑ bushel. There is no Flaxseed in market, and we can only quote it nominally at $2 10@2 15 ꝑ bush.

POTATOES—We quote prime to choice peachblows at 55@60c ꝑ bushel.

HOMINY—We quote at $6 00@6 50 ꝑ bbl.

MILL FEED—Sales of bran at 95c@$1, shorts $1 20@1 25, and middlings at $1 65@1 90 ꝑ cwt, as to quality.

FLOUR—The market is very quiet and without change to note in prices. We quote good to choice red winter wheat flour at $5 50@6 00, and choice spring wheat flour, $5 25@5 50. Common and low grades are entirely nominal in price, say from $4 25@5 25 per barrel. Buckwheat flour is dull at $3 75@4 00 per cwt. We quote prime to choice corn meal at $1@1 05 per bushel. Rye flour $5 00@5 25.

GRAIN—The market continues inactive. Red winter wheat, although in light receipt, seems dull at $1 15@1 18 ꝑ bushel. Choice white wheat might command $1 25 ꝑ bush. No spring wheat offering. Corn is dull, although there is not much offering. On the track new ear corn commands 78@80c as to quality and dryness; although there is not much selling at the latter figure. Oats are coming in more freely and dull at 46@47c ꝑ bushel on the track. Rye is dull and nominally 90@95c ꝑ bush. Barley is nominally $1@1 10 ꝑ bush.

WHISKY—We quote highwines at 98c to $1 00; common rectified 98c to $1 00, and proof rectified $1 05 ꝑ gallon.

PITTSBURGH OIL MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL, SATURDAY, January 22, 1870.

The market yesterday continued strong but still only moderately active, and no change to note in prices. We have the following sales reported:

CRUDE OIL.

1,000 bbls, S. O. 40 days at 13c

REFINED OIL.

1,000 bbls, January, at .... 30 c
1,000 bbls, January, at 30¼c
500 bbls, January, at 30¼c
1,000 bbls, January, at 30⅛c

DISPATCHES.

[By Western Union Telegraph.]

NEW YORK, January 21—Closing on 20th.—Petroleum market strong at the advance noted yesterday, with no general demand at 17½c for next week's delivery; 17¾@18c for spot refused. Standard white less freely dealt in, but a moderate supply strengthens the price; sales 1,000 bbls balance of month at 32c, and 1,000 bbls February at 31½c; Philadelphia delivery firm market and moderate inquiry; sales 1,500 bbls refined standard white February delivery at 30¼c.

OIL CITY, January 21, 10:15 A. M.—Sales at $4 75 on lower creek; $5 05@5 10 here; quiet and firm.

ROUSEVILLE, January 21.—Market firm; offering and selling at $4 75.

SHAMBURG, PA., January 21.—Market dull and inactive; prices lower at $4 35@4 40.

TITUSVILLE, January 21.—Market quiet but firm and moderately active at $4 80.

PLEASANTVILLE, January 21.—Market quiet and lower at $4 10 bid; $4 15@4 20 asked.

PETROLEUM CENTER, PA., January 21.—Market quiet but firmer; little doing at $4 80.

TARR FARM, January 21.—Market unchanged and quiet but firm at $4 85 for heavy and $4 75 for light gravity.

PHILADELPHIA, January 21.—Prime light straw to white no quotations; standard white 30¾c; February 30⅝@30¾c; crude 15c. Market quiet and dull.

NEW YORK, January 21, 12 M.—Market unchanged in every respect.

[By Pacific and Atlantic Telegraph.]

PHILADELPHIA, January 21, 11:00 A. M.—Market dull; January 30⅝c, and firm; futures easier without change in prices; February 30⅞c; March 31c; March to December 32¾@32½c. Crude 15¼@16c.

PETROLEUM CENTER, January 21, 12:25 P. M.—Market firm, steady and unchanged. Crude $4 75@4 85. No sales reported yet.

NEW YORK January 21, 1:30 P. M.—Crude 17c; refined 31½@32c. Market easier.

OIL CITY, January 21, 12:30 P. M.—Market quiet but firm; prices $5 10@5 20. No transactions yet.

PHILADELPHIA, January 21—5:30 P. M.—Market quiet; January firm and steady; futures close easier and a shade off. January 30⅝@30¾c; February 30⅝@30⅞c; March 30c. Sales 2,500 bbls January 30⅝c; 500 do January 30¾c. Crude 15¾@16c.

Oil Receipts per River and Rail.

J Speer	52	Bartle	80
W A Sneathen	80	E H Long	400
B S Duncan	80	P Hutchinson	740
Total			1,432

WEEKLY REVIEW OF THE PIG IRON AND BLOOM MARKET.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL, SATURDAY, January 22, 1870.

The market since our last was not an active one, still the sales were materially larger than the week previous. The majority of the mills remain idle, with a misunderstanding existing between the employer and the employee. The former offer to start their works if the skilled workmen will accept of a decline of from ten to fifteen per cent.; up to the present time the latter have refused to submit to any decline. Thus the matter stands.

The prospect for the spring trade is not a very flattering one. Orders are coming in slowly. The supply of pig iron is fully up with the demand, whilst of certain kinds the supply exceeds the demand. We are reported the following sales:

Bituminous Coal-Smelted from Lake Superior Ore.

50 tons medium grey forge .... $37 00—6 mos.
50 tons neutral forge .... 37 00—4 mos.
250 tons medium grey forge .... 37 00—6 mos.
100 tons mottled forge .... 36 00—6 mos.
100 tons medium grey forge .... 37 00—6 mos.
40 tons grey forge .... 37 50—6 mos.

Charcoal.

30 tons extra forge .... $50 00—4 mos.
10 tons extra forge .... 51 00—4 mos.
31 tons Iron Mountain cold blast .... 60 00—4 mos.
10 tons H. R. foundry .... 48 00—4 mos.
15 tons H. R. medium foundry .... 46 50—4 mos.
42 tons H. R. medium foundry .... 46 00—4 mos.

Anthracite.

75 tons white .... $34 00—4 mos.
100 tons No. 3 grey .... 34 50—cash.
100 tons cold short white .... 32 50—4 mos.
10 tons No 3 grey .... 34 50—4 mos.
350 tons No 2 Foundry .... 40 00—4 mos.
150 tons No 2 Foundry .... 40 00—4 mos.
300 tons No 3 grey forge .... 38 00—4 mos.
20 tons No 1 Foundry .... 42 00—4 mos.
30 tons No 1 Foundry .... 41 00—4 mos.
30 tons No 1 Foundry .... 40 00—4 mos.
10 tons No 2 Foundry .... 38 00—4 mos.
10 tons No 2 Foundry .... 37 50—4 mos.
100 tons No 3 forge .... 35 00—cash.

Coke.

100 tons Red Bank .... $38 00—6 mos.

Receipts of Pig Metal, Blooms and Ore, for the Past Twenty-four Hours.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILROAD P. R. R. CO. LESSEE.

	Cars.		Cars.
Nimick & Co., metal	17	Coleman, Rahm & Co., m.	3
Pitts I and F Co., m.	3	Park Bros & co., b.	2
Rogers & B, m.	2	John Moorhead, metal	2
Total			30

PENNSYLVANIA CENTRAL RAILROAD.

Hailman & H., m.	7	J W Porter m.	4
J Reamer, m.	6	R Whiter, m.	3
Bryan & Caughey, m.	6	J Moorhead, m.	4
Total			30

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD.

Shoenberger, B & Co., o.	9	Rees, Graff & Dull, o.	2
McKnight, P & Co., o.	4	McKnight & Co., o.	2
Hussey, Wells & co., o.	4	J Reamer, ore	1
Graff, B & Co., o.	1		
Total			23

ANOTHER SMALL RUN OF COAL.—The coal boat men have had quite a busy time during the present month; for the present week there were almost daily departures of small runs. The following boats have and are expected to leave during the next twenty-four hours:

FOR LOUISVILLE.

Towboats.	Barges.	Bushels.
Eagle	10	100,000
Hercules No. 2	10	100,000
Wild Cat	9	90,000
Niagara	9	90,000
Lioness	12	120,000
V. F. Wilson	8	80,000
Total	58	580,000

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH

CHICAGO MARKET.

CHICAGO, January 21, 1870.

EASTERN EXCHANGE—⅛ off buying, and ⅛ premium selling.

FLOUR—Steady for low and medium grades; high grades dull; sales of spring extras at $4 00@5.

WHEAT—Firm and excited and 2c higher; sales of No 1 at 86c, and No 2 at 80@81c, closing firm at 80¾c; this afternoon market active and irregular at 80@c cash and 80¾c seller February for No 2.

CORN—Quiet and holders firm and 1½@2c higher on No 2, and 5@6c on new; sales of No 2 at 70½@74½c for regular and fresh receipts; new at 65@67c, closing at 73@73½c for No 2, and 66@67c for new; this afternoon No 2 nominally 72c.

OATS—Firm and ½c higher, ranging at 40@40¼c for No 2, closing at 40¼c.

RYE—Moderately active, firm and 2@3c higher; sales of No 2 at 72@73c, closing firm at 73c.

BARLEY—Dull at 74@75c for No 2.

HIGHWINES—Firm, excited and 1c higher ranging at 93c for wooden and 94c for iron bound packages, closing firm.

SUGAR—11½@12½c for common to choice Orleans.

PROVISIONS—Less active and firmer. Mess pork quiet, and 37½@50c higher; sales at $27 12½, cash; $27 25 buyer January; $28 buyer February; $27 75 seller March, closing at $27 12½@$27 25 cash, and $27 75@28 buyer February. Lard firm and steady at 16c cash and seller February. Meats active and firm: dry salted shoulders 10½c; green hams 14@14½c; short clear middles 15c; short ribs 13¾@14c; sweet pickled hams steady and firm at 15c.

DRESSED HOGS—Light fairly active and firm at $10 25@10 62½; heavy lots dull and closing firm at $10 50@11 for prime lots dividing on 200 lbs.

LIVE HOGS—Firm and active for fair to medium grades and 15@20c higher; heavy weights unchanged; $8 75@8 90 for common; $9 15@9 60 for fair to medium; $9 70@9 90 for good to extra.

CATTLE—In good demand at $4 50@5 25 for butchers' stock; $6 40@7 25 for fair to choice shipping beeves.

St. Louis Market.

ST. LOUIS, January 21.—Tobacco in good demand at full prices. Cotton firm and in good demand at 24½@25c for middling. Hemp steady at $128@175 for undressed, and $225@240 for dressed. Flour firm for low grades, but buyers holding off for navigation to resume below; sales of extra at $4 60@4 75; XX $5@5 25; XXX to family $5 50@6 50. Wheat quiet; No. 2 spring in elevator 80c; No. 2 red fall $1 05; No. 1 $1 10@1 12½; choice $1 20@1 25. Corn steady; flour mixed 75@77c; prime white 80c; choice 82@82½c. Oats slow at 50c; in bulk 54@56c sacked. Barley nothing doing. Rye firm at 80c for prime. Groceries quiet and unchanged. Whisky steady at 93½@93c. Provisions a shade firmer. Pork $27@27 50; dry salt shoulders 11c; clear rib sides 14½c; clear sides 15c; bacon shoulders 13c; clear sides 16½c; clear rib sides 16c; sugar cured hams 18½c. Lard dull; prime steam 15½c. Hogs in good demand and market stiffer; 7½@9½c for light to heavy. Cattle quiet at 4@5½c; fair to prime 6@6¾c.

Louisville Market.

LOUISVILLE, January 21.—Cotton—sales 21 bales middling at 24c. Flour quiet; extra family $5 00. Red wheat $1 05; white do $1 10. Corn 93@95c. Oats 53@55c. Rye 95c, including sacks. Tobacco quiet and firm; sales 40 hhds lugs at $6 00@8 50; leaf $9 00@11 50. Provisions quiet and firmer; mess pork $28 00. Bacon—shoulders 13½c; clear rib 16½c. clear sides 16¾c; bulk shoulders 11½c; clear rib 15c; clear sides 15½c. Hams—sugar cured 20c. Leaf lard 17c. Whisky advanced to 94@95c.

Cleveland Market.

CLEVELAND, January 21.—Flour market dull and lower. Buckwheat flour—market steady and demand fair at $7 50@8 00. Rye flour in moderate demand at $5 25@5 50. Wheat dull, heavy and nominally lower. Corn—old unchanged. Oats dull and nominally lower. Rye dull and nominal. Barley—nothing doing. Petroleum firmer and better, with more inquiry for the Western trade; refined, in large lots, held at 27½c; small lots 29@30c; crude firm at $5 80.

Nashville Market.

NASHVILLE, January 21.—Cotton less active but prices firm; low middlings 22½c; good ordinary 22c. Wheat—red $1 05; amber $1 10; white $1 15. Corn 95c@$1 sacked, delivered. Oats 90c. Rye $1. Barley $1 30. Flour $4 50@6 50 for super to fancy. Bacon—clear sides 16½c; shoulders 13½c. Hams 17c; city sugar cured hams 20c; plain 18c. Lard 17½c. Bulk meats—clear sides 15c; clear ribbed 14½c; shoulders 11½c. Rump pork $22.

Memphis Market.

MEMPHIS, January 21.—Cotton quiet at 24½c; week's receipts 10,667 bales; week's exports 9,832 bales; receipts to-day 2,182 bales; exports 1,554 bales. Flour—super $5. Corn 88@90c. Oats 70c. Hay $25@26. Bran $26. Pork $28@29. Lard 16@18c. Bulk shoulders 11½c; bulk sides 15½c.

Toledo Market.

TOLEDO, January 21.—Flour dull. Wheat a shade better; No 1 white Michigan $1 15; regular do $1 06; amber $1 06; No 1 red $1 12; No 2 $1 05. Corn a shade better; No 1 88½c; new 78c; no grade 66@67c. Oats unchanged; No 1 46c. Dressed hogs 10½@11½c. Clover seed 5c better at $8 20.

Philadelphia Market.

PHILADELPHIA, January 21.—Cotton firm. Petroleum held at 21c for crude and 30½@30¾c for refined. Provisions—very small business; mess pork dull at $29. Lard 46½c. Whisky unsettled; iron bound western held at $1 04.

Milwaukee Market.

MILWAUKEE, January 21.—Flour unchanged. Wheat very weak at 80c for No. 1, and 81½c for No. 2. Oats nominal. Corn advancing at 55c for new on track. Rye steady at 70c for No. 1. Barley unchanged. Dressed hogs firmer at $10 00@11 00.

New York Finance and Trade.

Gold Closed at 120⅝@120½.

NEW YORK, January 21—P. M.

ROCK ISLAND STRICKEN FROM THE CALL.

At an interview to-day between the representatives of the Stock Exchange and the President of the Rock Island Railroad Company, relative to the reported issue of new stock by that company, the President admitted that the Directors last June issued 20,000 additional shares, and assigned as the reason for the Directors not having notified the Stock Exchange of the issue as required by article three of the by-laws, that it was inconvenient and expensive to do so. The governing committee of the Exchange this afternoon received the report upon this investigation, and concluded to strike Rock Island stock from the call of the board.

The Long Room was treated to some lively gossip this afternoon in regard to Northwestern shares. It was stated that Daniel Drew had transferred 34 certificates of 1,000 shares each into certificates of 100 shares each, and delivered the same, having previously sold the stock. This announcement caused a rise to 73⅞ for common and 89 for preferred stock.

MONEY.

Money quiet at 5@7 ꝑ cent. on call, at 6 chiefly.

STERLING

Quiet at 108¾@109.

GOLD

Lower, opening at 120⅞, advancing to 121, and closing at 120⅝@120½. Clearances $36,000,000.

GOVERNMENTS

A shade lower. Coupons '81 117⅝@117¾; do '62 115⅛@115⅛; do '64, 114⅝@115¼; do '65, 114⅞@115; do new, 113⅝@113⅝; do '67, 113⅞@114; do '68, 113⅞@114; 10-40s, 112⅛@112⅛. Pacifics, 110⅛@110¾.

STATE SECURITIES

Strong. Missouris, 87½; old Tennessees, 56; new do, 49½; old Virginias, 54¼; new do, 61; old North Carolinas, 40; new do, 23½.

STOCKS

Unsettled and generally weak; Rock Island sold as low as 104 after its expulsion from the Board. Adams rose to 65, on the revival of rumors of dividends. Canton 54; Cumberland 31; Western Union Telegraph 33½; Quicksilver 13½; Mariposa 8; preferred 16½; Adams Express 63¾; Wells Express 20¼; American 37; United States 54; Pacific Mail 41½; New York Central 92½; Erie 23⅝; do preferred 40; Harlem 139¼; do preferred 140; Hudson Scrip 87½; Reading 94½; Michigan Central 117½; Lake Shore 84½; Illinois Central 137½; Pittsburgh 90¾; Northwestern 72¼; do preferred 88¾; Rock Island 104⅝; St. Paul 67½; do preferred 86½; Wabash 51¼; do preferred 72; Fort Wayne 87½; Terre Haute 22; preferred 55; Chicago and Alton 143; do preferred 145; Ohio and Mississippi 25¼; Dubuque 103; Columbus, Chicago and Indiana Central 18½.

MINING SHARES.

Boston prices—Calumet 60; Copper Falls 6; Franklin 8; Hecla 80; Quincy 25.

Sub-Treasury balance—Gold $75,140,214; currency $3,691,187; general balance $81,762,011.

New York Market.

NEW YORK, January 21.—Cotton weak; sales 1,400 bales at 25½c for middling uplands. Flour—receipts 6,725 bbls; flour rather more steady; sales 7,500 bbls at $4 50@4 80 for superfine State and western; $5 10@5 60 for extra State; $4 90@6 10 for extra western; $5 75@6 35 for white wheat extra; $5 70@6 20 for round-hoop Ohio; $5 50@6 25 for extra St. Louis; $6 20@8 00 for good to choice do, including 2,000 bbls extra State for export at $5 15@5 25 delivered. Rye flour unchanged. Corn meal more active. Whisky heavy; sales of 250 bbls western at $1 02 free. Receipts of wheat 5,900 bush; wheat 1c better and quiet; sales 3,800 bush at $1 18@1 18 for No 2 spring; $1 22@1 24 for No 1 do; $1 27@1 29 for winter red and amber western; $1 35 for white State; $1 18 for common winter red Illinois. Rye quiet. Barley more active; sales 18,000 bush at 90@$1 02 for two-rowed State; 95c for Canada east. Barley malt quiet; sales 2,000 bush State at $1 12½@1 15. Receipts of corn 4,160 bush; corn scarce and 1@2c better; sales 29,000 bush at 90c@$1 00 for new mixed western; $1 03@1 05 for old do; $1 02 for new yellow Jersey and southern. Receipts of oats 5,440 bush; oats a shade firmer; sales 38,000 bush at 58@60c for western; 62@65c for State. Rice dull. Coffee quiet. Sugar dull. Molasses dull; sales 100 bbls New Orleans at 76@85c. Hops firm at 18@28c. Petroleum quiet. Linseed oil dull at 90@92c in casks. Turpentine firmer at 45@45½c. Pork quiet and steady; sales 200 bbls at $27 50@27 75 for new mess; $23 00@23 50 for prime; $24 00@25 00 for prime mess; also, 1,000 bbls new mess, seller March and May, at $27 75, and 500 do, seller five months, at $27 37. Beef steady; sales 450 bbls at $10@15 for new plain mess, and $14@17 50 for extra. Tierce beef firm; sales 100 tierces at $26@29 for prime mess, and $27@31 for India mess. Beef hams quiet; sales 100 bbls at $31 00@33 50 for new. Cut meats unchanged; sales 130 packages at 11½@12c for shoulders, and 14@15½c for hams. Middles steady; sales 20 boxes at 14c for Cumberland cut; 14½@15c for short ribbed; 15½c for long clear; also, 1,100 boxes, deliverable in Chicago at 13½c for Cumberland cut; 14½@15c for short ribbed; 15½c for long clear, and 400 boxes deliverable in Milwaukee at 13½c for Cumberland cut, and short ribbed on private terms. Dressed hogs steady at 11@11½c for western. Lard firmer; sales 2,000 tierces at 16@16½c for steam, and 17⅛@17⅜c for kettle rendered; also, 1,000 tierces steam, seller February and March, at 16½@17c. Butter a shade firmer at 17@33c for Ohio. Cheese quiet. Freights to Liverpool steady; shipments per steamer 25,000 bush wheat at 5¼d.

LATEST—Flour closed a shade firmer for low grades, with a moderate export and home trade demand. Wheat a shade firmer and quiet, holders generally very firm; shippers unwilling to pay higher prices; No 2 spring $1 18@1 17; winter red and amber western $1 27@1 29. Rye nominal at 90@98c. Oats quiet and steady at 58@60c for western. Corn firm at 90@91c for new and $1 04@1 06 for old mixed western. Pork dull at $27 62 bid and $28 asked for March. Beef quiet and demand firm. Cut meats steady and quiet. Bacon moderately active and firm. Lard steady at 16½c bid, and 17c asked for prime steam for February. Eggs dull and declining.

Cincinnati Market.

CINCINNATI, January 21.—Flour unchanged; family $5 25@5 50. Wheat unchanged. Corn firmer; ear 76@77c. Oats firm at 50@52c. Rye dull at 85c. Barley unchanged; spring $1 10@1 20; winter $1 25@1 30. Cotton unchanged and firm at 24½c. Tobacco steady; sales 30 hhds at $7 75@13 50 for trash to common leaf; receipts light and demand good. Whisky advanced to 95c; sales 600 bbls. Hogs opened dull but closed firmer at $8 75@9 60; receipts 4,500 head. Pork sold at $27@27 25, and $27 50 asked at the close for standard brands. Bulk meats firm but quiet at 12½@14¾c, and 16c for shoulders, clear rib and clear sides, packed, ½c less loose. Bacon in good demand as regards sides, and prices higher; shoulders held at 13c; sides 15½@16c for clear rib to come out of smoke; clear sold at 16½c; sugar cured hams 18½@19½c, and dull. Lard sold at 16½c for prime steam; kettle 16½c, and dull. Butter dull at 28@32c. Eggs 25c, and dull. Linseed oil quiet at 90c. Petroleum 29@31c for refined. Sugar firm; New Orleans 11@11½c. Coffee steady at 18@22c. Gold 120⅝ buying. Exchange firm at par buying. Money market steady.

New York Cattle Market.

NEW YORK, January 21.—With 1,030 cattle to-day, making 5,400 so far this week, there was a little firmness, but not much advance. They were nearly all thin cattle. Everything sold off clear, and prospects are brighter. Poor Illinois steers of 4½ cwt sold at 12@13½c, and 7 cwt cattle at 15c.

All the stale sheep and the 3,500 fresh were sold off to-day. The line of the market was prime, but no advance can yet be expected. Poor 60 lb state sheep are selling at 4½c, and 114 lb fat sheep at 8c.

Only two and a half cars hogs arrived; they are doing a little better, city dressed advancing to 12½c for the best.

New York Dry Goods Market.

NEW YORK, January 21—Dry goods—The market is still lacking in animation, and prices rule steady at 15½@16½c for heavy sheetings; 8½@9c for printing cloths; 11½@12½c for printed calicoes; 15c for printed lawns; 27½c for Pacific percales. Light spring weight wools are selling more freely, but generally at low rates. Linen crashes are in better request at uniform rates.

Detroit Market.

DETROIT, January 21.—Wheat—No 1 1@2c better, at $1 08@1 10. Oats 46@47c. Barley $1 85@1 90 ꝑ cental. Dressed hogs lower at $11 for heavy.

Baltimore Market.

BALTIMORE, January 21.—Provisions unchanged. Whisky very quiet held at $1 01.

IMPORTS BY RAIL.

Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne & Chicago R. R.—P. R. R. Lessee.

Shoenberger & co, 4 cars limestone; R. Christy, 867 bdls paper; Wm Welsh & co, 70 bags s corn; Graff, B & co, 2 cars limestone; Laughlin & co, 2 do do; Haworth & D, 2 bxs butter; Geo Kelly, 1 bbl f oil, 1 do refined do; Demer & D, 1 do eggs, 1 bx butter; S Hare & Son, lot sundries; Keil & R, 1 car bulk corn; Spencer, McKay & co, 60 bags barley; Mellon Bros, 1 car door sash; W W Knox, 2 bags s seed; Godfrey & C, 2 do rags; Coleman, R & co, 10 springs, 4 axles; Frazer, M & co, 11 bdls paper; Arbuckles & co, 10 bxs soap; M McWhinny & co, 4 do wooden stirrups; F Sellers, 25 tcs lard; S Keys, 4 rolls leather, 2 bbls apples; W J Meek, 157 sks rye; T Pare & Bro, 10 bdls w trees; Pier, Dannals & co, 267 sks barley; Wm Haslage & co, 100 bbls flour; Jones & L, 1 car s iron; T C Jenkins & Bro, 800 sks flour; S Johnson, 1 bbl alcohol; Cunningham & L, 3 casks glass, 3 bbls do; Jones, N & co, 19 bxs hardware; S A Keller, 2 bbls alcohol; Seward & K, 200 bags bone dust; H Rea, Jr, 1 doz brooms; A H English, 1 bx books; S P Shriver & co, 1 bx c starch.

Allegheny Station.

Balya & R, 2 cars staves; J M Hemphill, 2 do do; J Rhodes, 1 car barley; Wm McKee & co, 1 do wheat; R T Kennedy & Bro, 8 do do; Smith & co, 1 do barley; Rudolph & T, 1 car shingles; Superior Iron co, 2 do limestone; Wilson, B & co, 1 do lumber; S C McMasters & co, 1 do feed; M B Suydam, 241 sks timothy seed.

Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railroad.

J Spear, 52 bbls oil; Bruggeman & O'B, 1 car potatoes; Bricker & co, 1 do do; B Pflaum, 121 bbls oil; Pickersgill, L & co, 5 bxs frames; W B Hays & Son, 25 bbls lard oil; Totten & co, 31 bdls, 3 bars iron; J F Keeler, 5 iron levers, 1 bx; Godfrey & C, 8 sks rags; G H Heffstott, 3 rolls leather; Adams, McKee & co, 13 bbls knobs; Jones, N & co, 6 do do; McCullough, S & co, 30 sks barley, 1 bbl tallow; Bigger & L, 4 kegs lard, 3 bags beans, 2 tubs butter; T B Young, 12 bdls chairs; J & W Fairley, 22 sks rye; S S Marvin, 25 bbls flour; Day & co, 18 bxs cheese, 4 do butter, 1 bbl eggs; Thos Hare & Bro, 12 bdls bows; Union Iron Mills, 2 cars fire brick; Whitmore, W, D & co, 8 bxs h ware; S Devol, 15 sks d fruit, 7 do rags; J Nantz, 1 car lumber.

Allegheny Station.

J Kemsh, 1 car staves; Hipply & B, 20 bags c meal; S Walters & Son, 2 cars lumber; Kennedy, Childs & co, 62 bales cotton; A Holstin, 108 g hides; M Steel & Son, 5 bbls flour; J B Jones, 3 bbls s iron.

Pittsburgh, Cincinnati & St. Louis R. R.

J Seirferth, 16 bbls whisky; F Evert & co, 10 do do; F Sellers & co, 6 casks hams; Dalzell & co, 1 do bacon, 30 tcs lard; J A Renshaw, 25 bxs soap; Haworth & D, 5 bbls oil; Arbuthnot & co, 1 bx dry goods; J W Morrison, 2 do frames; A B Mills, 20 bbls bungs; W & D Rinehart, 7 hhds tobacco; W McKnight, 5 boxes; Hastings & D, 2 cars staves; Seward & K, 1 do bone dust; Haworth & D, 10 tcs lard, 10 bbls oil; A Kirkpatrick, 5 do do; P H Nevin, 1 do oranges; S McDonald, 4 do do; Schomaker & L, 200 bxs soap; Gotleib & G, 25 do do; L G Blanchard, 5 do do; M P Adams, 2 cars staves; P Gerst, 1 do malt; J Woodwell, 1 bx tools; J Knox, 18 step ladders; S P Shriver, 15 bxs tobacco; G Anderson, 2 bbls apples, 1 do onions; McHenry & H, 56 bags barley; Meanor & H, 22 bbls apples, 26 bags corn; Pittsburgh Paper Manf'g co, 20 bales paper.

Oil Receipts Per A. V. R. R.

Bartle, 80 bbls crude, to A B Mills; W A Sneathen, 80 do do, to Forsyth Bros; E H Long, 400 do do, to Fisher Bros; B S Duncan, 80 do do to Eagle Oil Works; P Hutchison, 740 do do, to Tarentum Oil Works.

Freight Receipts Per A. V. R. R.

H Schnelback, 37 sks oats; Moreland & M, 1 car hay; C Spangler, 47 g hides; J Callary, 5 bbls tallow, 7 beef hides; A Kirkpatrick, 11 bags seed; Shoenberger & co, 5 cars limestone; R Stewart, 16 bags oats, 7 do corn; M W O'Connor, 13 sks potatoes; Henderson & Bro, 50 do flour; Wm Hale, 19 bags flour; A Gallagher, 2 bbls eggs, 2 do butter, 2 bxs poultry; Head & M, 7 sacks onions, 11 sks flour; C D Arnsthal, 20 cads tobacco; S Hood, 31 bags rye; Wm M Gormly, 5 kegs butter; J Sohl, 1 bx butter, 1 bbl d poultry; Blaney & M, 1 car hay, 1 bale do; Jas Leslie, 11 sks oats, 1 basket butter; Consignees, 3 bxs butter, 1 coop geese, 1 bx mdse, 1 sk onions, 1 coop poultry.

IMPORTS BY RIVER.

Pittsburgh, Brownsville and Geneva Packet Co.

A S Carlile, 15 bales hay, 1 bx fruit, 1 p wheel; M W Rankin & Bro, 5 bbls poultry; Voigt, M & co, 2 bbl eggs, 1 bx butter, 2 kegs lard; W D Cooper, 720 galls stoneware; S M Young, 84 do do; P Duff & Sons, 2 bxs poultry, 1 sk d apples, 1 do do cherries, 65 bbls apples; Weldin & co, 1 bx books; Bruggeman & O'B, 2 bbls eggs, 1 bx do; Johnson & C, 2 bbls onions, 4 bbls d apples, 1 do eggs; H Smertze, 22 sks d apples; H Rey, Jr, & co, 35 bbls apples; E F Weaver, 3 bdls s pelts, 3 bxs poultry, 1 bag flaxseed; Henry Freke, 2 bbls eggs, 1 bx lard, 1 bx butter; Frank Seibold, 1 bbl eggs; John Feoll, 1 bx butter, 1 do eggs; J W Craig, 2 bxs butter, 1 bbl eggs, 1 do poultry; Erney & H, 52 sks oats; Neal Boye, 107 bbls apples; Geo Dixon, 4 sks wool; John Martin, 31 bbls apples, 55 sks potatoes; Alex King, 183 bxs glass; R C Schmertz, 150 do do; Gilmore, S & co, 70 sks barley; Mrs. Cochran, 3 baskets poultry.

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RIVER TELEGRAMS.

Oil City.

Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Commercial.

OIL CITY, PA., January 21, 1870.

River falling slowly, with six feet water in the channel. Weather clear; thermometer 32° at 6 P. M. F.

Morgantown.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

MORGANTOWN, January 21, 1870.

River falling, with fifty inches of water in the channel. Weather clear; thermometer 46° at 4 P. M. W.

Greensboro.

Special Dispatch to Pittsburgh Commercial.

GREENSBORO, PA., January 21, 1870.

River stationary, with five and a half feet water in the channel. Weather clear; thermometer 40° at 4 P. M. F.

Brownsville.

Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Commercial.

BROWNSVILLE, PA., January 21, 1870.

River falling, with six and a half feet of water in the channel. Weather clear; thermometer 38° at 4 P. M. C.

RIVER NEWS.

ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES

Arrived.

Elizabeth	Houghton	Elizabeth.
Chieftain	Phillips	Geneva.
E. Bennett	Carmack	Geneva.
Belle	Richey	Parkersburg

Departed.

E. Bennett	Carmack	Geneva.
Elizabeth	Houghton	Elizabeth.
Chieftain	Phillips	Geneva.
Elector	Bougher	Geneva.
Argosy	List	Cincinnati.

MONONGAHELA—Eleven feet three inches and falling.

ALLEGHENY—Twelve feet and a half and falling.

THE marks last evening indicated eleven feet three inches and falling fast. The weather was remarkably mild for the season. Trade on the landing was not very active. The departures include the Argosy for Cincinnati. The R. C. Gray will take her departure this day for St. Louis.

THE packet Argosy, Capt. List, left last evening for Cincinnati. Pilots M. Murray and Amos Davis.

THE mammoth towboat Ajax, Capt. Wysall, passed Cairo on Wednesday, en route for this city.

JEFFERSONVILLE, January 19.—River about on a stand, with 54 feet under the bridge in the Indiana chute. Clear, calm and moderating. D. M. DRYDEN, Falls Pilot.

THE steamer Mollie Ebert, Captain Ebert, and Wild Duck and barges, Captain J. W. Anawalt, passed Louisville on Wednesday, *en route* for this city.

THE punctual packet Belle, Capt. Richey, takes her departure this day at noon, for Wheeling, Marietta and Parkersburg. Passengers and shippers will bear this in mind.

THE fine packet Messenger, Captain Dean, is the only boat loading for Memphis and New Orleans. She will have dispatch. Our old friend, Mr. John C. Fisher, has charge of the office.

THE Lady Gay—sunk a few days since in the Mississippi—was commanded by Captain Isaac Jones, well known in the Pittsburgh and Cincinnati packet trade as clerk of the Monongahela, Captain Charles Stone.

THE Evansville *Journal* says: "A dispatch was received on Saturday, by L. Ruffner, Jr., & Co., from the President of the St Louis Board of Trade, asking them to secure a steamer to take a party of forty up Green River on next Wednesday. It is understood that they are capitalists of St. Louis, who go up Green River to examine the mineral wealth of that region."

THE new and magnificent sidewheel packet Arlington, Captain D. Moore, is announced and will start on her first trip in the Pittsburgh and Cincinnati trade on Tuesday next, at 12 M. The Arlington is an entirely new boat; was built expressly for the packet trade, and will make weekly trips. In her construction no expense has been spared, either in outfit or finish. She is well worth a visit, and must be seen to be appreciated. Give her a call.

THE magnificent passenger steamer St. Charles, Captain C. H. Dravo, takes her departure this day at 12 M. for Wheeling, Marietta, Parkersburg and Portsmouth. This packet is noted for fine speed, superior accommodations and careful and attentive officers. The St. Charles is the pioneer of the new Pittsburgh and Cincinnati Packet line. The next boat is the Arlington; she leaves on Tuesday. A third boat is building by Capt. Brennan, and will be completed next month. The first clerk of the St. Charles is Mr. Geo. L. Reppert, one of the most gentlemanly officers that comes to this or any other port.

HARDWARE.

ESTABLISHED 1831.

Logan, Gregg & Co.

DEALERS IN

HARDWARE,

52 Wood Street, PITTSBURGH.

LEATHER BELTING,
LACE LEATHER,
SPENCER'S FILES,
JESSOP'S C. STEEL,

AND A FULL ASSORTMENT OF

GENERAL HARDWARE,

CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

1847. 1870.

Joseph Woodwell & Co.

JOSEPH WOODWELL, WM. K. WOODWELL, JOSEPH E. WOODWELL.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

HARDWARE.

In addition to a very full and well assorted Stock of Hardware, keep the following

SPECIALTIES.

Morse Twist Drills, Reamers and Chucks.
Ornamental Wood, Mouldings, Carved Handles.
Carvers' Tools, Moulders' Tools.
Porcelain Pew Numbers, Plates and Ornamental Knobs.
Harris Paint Mills.
Washoe Picks and Mattocks.
Weather Vanes.
Auburn Files and Rasps.
Ship Augers and Car Bitts.

COR. SECOND AVE. AND WOOD STREET PITTSBURGH, PA. TTh&

THE BEAVER FALLS

Cutlery Company,

Having Opened Salesrooms at

NO. 70 WOOD ST.,

Invite an examination of their Stock of

Superior American Cutlery

Exclusively of their own manufacture.

QUALITY UNSURPASSED.

Now in Store and daily arriving from their Works, all the well known and approved, together with new and elegant styles of

Table Knives and Forks,
Carvers,
Bread Knives,
Butchers' and Cooks' Knives, &c., &c

ALSO, EVERY DESCRIPTION OF

Pocket Knives,
Pen Knives,
Sportsmen's Knives,
Pruners,
Budders, etc., etc. etc.

Special attention is invited to an assortment of

BREAKFAST CARVERS AND Carved Ivory, Dinner and Dessert Sets,

NOW OFFERING.

Beaver Falls Cutlery Company,

No. 70 WOOD STREET, Pittsburgh.

CLOTHING.

JANUARY, 1870.

FOR BARGAINS IN MEN AND BOYS' CLOTHING,

CALL ON

Gray & Logan,

89 FIFTH AVENUE,

47 Sixth, late St. Clair.

CITY HALL,

DIAMOND, PITTSBURGH.

This elegant, large and commodious Public Hall has been thoroughly Refitted and Refurnished, and is now offered for rent for Balls, Parties, Fairs, Conventions, Lectures and General Amusements. It is the largest and best ventilated Room in the city, and is the only Hall supplied with proper means of egress in case of fire or accident. A Supper Hall, Dining Room and Kitchen, all in first-class style, have been recently added to its appointments, making it the most convenient and desirable for Balls, Parties and Reunions. For terms and other particulars apply to

SAMUEL KILGORE, Market Superintendent, City Hall. STTh

NOTICES.

EXCHANGE NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH.—At a meeting of the Directors held this day, Mr. JOHN H. SHOENBERGER was elected President and Mr. DAVID McCANDLESS, Vice President of this Bank. A. LONG, Cashier. Pittsburgh, Pa., January 17, 1870.

OFFICE PITTSBURGH AND CONNELLSVILLE R. R. CO.—NOTICE TO BONDHOLDERS.—Coupon No. 21, Turtle Creek Division Bonds due February 1, 1870, will be paid on and after that date on presentation and delivery, at the First National Bank of Pittsburgh. JNO. H. PAGE, Jr., Treasurer. Pittsburgh, January 14, 1870. TThs

NOTICE.—A MEETING OF the Stockholders of the OHIO VALLEY OIL COMPANY will be held at their office, at St. Charles Hotel, on FRIDAY, January 21, at 3 o'clock P. M. E. SEITHER, Secretary.

DIVIDENDS.

OFFICE OF SUPERIOR LUMBER CO., COR. TWENTY-SECOND AND RAILROAD STREETS.—The Board of Directors of this Company have this day declared from the earnings of the past twelve months, a Dividend of TWELVE PER CENT., and have also placed EIGHT PER CENT. to the credit of the Contingent Fund. EDW. DITHRIDGE, President. T. A. WRIGHT, Secretary. Pittsburgh, January 20, 1870.

DIVIDEND NOTICE—CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH R. R. CO., OFFICE OF SECRETARY AND TREASURER.—The Board of Directors of this Company have declared a Dividend of TWO AND A HALF (2½) PER CENT. on the Capital Stock, free of Government tax, payable on and after the 29th inst. Stockholders registered in New York will be paid at the office of the Farmers' Loan and Trust Co., 26 Exchange Place. The Transfer Books will be closed on the 17th inst., and reopened on the 31st inst. G. A. INGERSOLL, Secretary. Cleveland, Ohio, January 17, 1870.

THE BOARD OF MANAGERS of the MONONGAHELA NAVIGATION COMPANY have this day declared a Dividend on the stock of said Company for the past six months, of FIVE PER CENT., or Two Dollars and a half a share, free of United States tax, payable on and after the 18th inst., at the office of the Treasurer, No. 91 Diamond street, Pittsburgh. WM. BAKEWELL, Treasurer. Pittsburgh, January 13th, 1870.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.—THE Board of Directors of the PITTSBURGH GRAIN ELEVATOR COMPANY has this day declared a Dividend of FOUR (4) PER CENT. on the full shares of full paid stock as standing on the books January 14th inst., payable at the office of the Treasurer (Citizens' Bank), on and after MONDAY, January 24th inst. The Transfer Books will close January 14th and be reopened January 24th inst. T. L. RODGERS, Secretary. Pittsburgh, January 12, 1870.

BANKS AND BANKERS.

N. Holmes & Sons,

BANKERS,

NO. 57 MARKET ST., PITTSBURGH.

DEPOSITS RECEIVED IN PAR FUNDS AND CURRENCY.

Collections made on all the Principal Points of the United States and Canadas

STOCKS, BONDS, AND OTHER SECURITIES,

BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION.

Particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of UNITED STATES SECURITIES. eod

---

S. M'CLEAN & CO.

BANKERS,

No 75 Fourth ave., Pittsburgh, Pa.

Everything in the General Banking and Brokerage Business has personal and prompt attention, on the most liberal terms.

We receive accounts in Gold and Currency, allowing Interest on Balances and Time Deposits.

We make collections on all points in the United States and Canadas and Europe.

We are Dealers in all classes of Securities, Buy and Sell Foreign and Domestic Exchanges, Gold, Silver, Bank Notes, Land Warrants, Stocks, Bonds, &c.; negotiate Commercial Paper, &c. We make a specialty of advancing on Governments and other first-class securities, as collateral, and tender our services as above.

The Safe Deposit Company

OF PITTSBURGH,

FOR THE

Safe Keeping of Valuables,

UNDER GUARANTEE, AND THE RENTING OF SAFES IN ITS

Fire and Burglar-Proof Vaults,

NO. 83 FOURTH AVENUE.

President—WILLIAM PHILLIPS.
Vice President—HENRY LLOYD.

DIRECTORS:

WILLIAM PHILLIPS, HENRY LLOYD, WILLIAM REA, WILLIAM M. LYON, JAS. I. BENNETT, BYRON H. PAINTER, JOS. S. MORRISON, GEORGE BLACK, CURTIS G. HUSSEY.

Sec'y. & Treas.—S. F. VON BONNHORST.

Open Daily from 9 o'clock A. M. to 4 o'clock P. M.

Tradesmen's National Bank,

WOOD STREET, CORNER SECOND.

INTEREST PAID ON DEPOSITS.

GOLD, COUPONS, Bonds and Stocks,

BOUGHT AND SOLD.

A. BRADLEY .... President.
W. VANKIRK .... Vice President.
CYRUS CLARKE, Jr. .... Cashier. d*

REMOVAL.

HART, CAUGHEY & CO.,

Bankers and Brokers,

COR. FOURTH AVE. AND WOOD STS., PITTSBURGH, PA.,

(Successors to HANNA, HART & CO.)

Dealers in Exchange, Coin, Coupons, &c.

Particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of Government Bonds. Sight Drafts on London.

G. BUCKINGHAM, JR., Late with Jay Cooke & Co. | J. M. BROWN, Late of A. H. Brown & Co.

BUCKINGHAM & BROWN,

BANKERS,

Dealers in Government Securities,

No. 6 WALL ST., NEW YORK.

Orders in Stocks, Bonds and Gold, executed on commission. Interest allowed on deposits. TThs

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FLOUR AND GRAIN.

Pearl Steam Mills FLOURS,

Possessing all the latest improvements in Machinery, with a Cooling Room and Bolting Cloths

UNEQUALED IN THE CITY,

A CAPACITY OF

1,000 Barrels Daily,

And a System in purchasing Wheat by our regular Traveling Agent, Mr. S. KENNEDY,

Which has many advantages and not followed by any other Mill in the two cities.

Warrants us in asserting that no other Mill in this section CAN DUPLICATE OUR SALES on the same grades of Flour.

PEARL 3 STAR GREEN BRAND,

Unequalled in the city as a PASTRY AND BISCUIT FLOUR, being made from the Cream of the BEST WHITE WHEAT to be found in this country.

PEARL DOUBLE EXTRA 2 STAR BLUE BRAND,

Acknowledged to give better satisfaction than any Family Flour in the market. Made from STRICTLY PRIME WHITE and SOUTHERN AMBER or HILL WHEAT.

PEARL 1 STAR RED BRAND,

Is made from SOUTHERN RED and AMBER WHEAT, and is the best Low-priced Flour to be had.

Our Flour can be obtained at all the Best Groceries in the two cities and suburbs.

All Sacks are Sealed and Labeled with Name of Firm and Date of Manufacture.

R. T. Kennedy & Bro.,

PEARL STEAM MILLS,

ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.

FLOUR.

A carefully selected stock of CHOICE WINTER FAMILY FLOUR. Also, Prime Strong dry Minnesotas for Bakers' use; bought at late decline, for sale by D. WALLACE, 353 LIBERTY STREET.

Improvement!

THE PERFECT COMBUSTION

FIRE GRATE.

This Improvement consists of an Open Back of Grate Bars, which can be attached to any Old or New Grate Basket. IT IS FREE FROM DUST! It can be seen in use at the Monongahela House and St. Charles Hotel.

REFERENCES:

J. McD. Crossan, Benj. Singerly, J. & H. Phillips, J. McC. Creighton, Harry Shirls, Wm. Boyd & Sons, A. & S. Wilson, Geo. Allen.

COSTS ONLY $2 00.

FOR SALE AT 26 AND 28 ST. CLAIR ST.

State and County Rights for sale. Send for a Circular. Address G. H. McELEVEY, Patentee, NEW CASTLE, PA.

INSURANCE.

$35,000,000.

PITTSBURGH

General Insurance Agency.

ESTABLISHED 1850.

No. 63 Fourth Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.

COMPANIES REPRESENTED:

Conn. Mutual Life	Assets nearly	$30,000,000
	Surplus over	7,000,000
Ætna, Fire		5,300,000
Albany City, Fire		400,000
Ætna, N. Y., Fire		500,000
Lancaster, Fire		225,000
Travelers', Accident		1,500,000

FIRE AND INLAND TRANSPORTATION RISKS taken at the Lowest Rates consistent with fair profit and reliable indemnity.

ACCIDENT POLICIES ISSUED.

LIFE INSURANCE effected in any of the various forms.

LIBERAL ARRANGEMENTS made by SALARY or otherwise with SUCCESSFUL Life Insurance Solicitors for Districts in Western Pennsylvania. Correspondence and applications for Insurance solicited.

S. S. CARRIER, AGENT AND MANAGER.

GEO. S. SWARTZ, Special Agent and Surveyor

Fire Insurance.

GOLD ASSETS.

Individual Liability.

PACIFIC INSURANCE CO,

OF CALIFORNIA.

Gold Capital, - - - $1,000,000.
Gold Assets, - - - 1,639,928.

$200,000 Deposited in the State of New York.

Having secured the Agency of the PACIFIC INSURANCE CO. for Pittsburgh and vicinity, we earnestly recommend it to the business men of this community, as a Company worthy in every respect of their confidence and patronage.

The large Gold Assets of the Company, together with the individual liability of all its stockholders, who are estimated to be worth TWENTY-FIVE MILLION DOLLARS IN GOLD, give an absolute security to the policies of the PACIFIC that cannot be surpassed by those of any other Company in the United States.

Policies issued and losses paid at this Agency.

R. EDWARDS & SON,

AGENTS,

38 Wood Street,

UNDER ST. CHARLES HOTEL. TWS

MONONGAHELA INSURANCE CO.,

OF PITTSBURGH,

INCORPORATED 1854.

CASH CAPITAL .... $175,000.

Insures against Fire and Marine Losses.

Office, No. 98 WATER STREET.

WM. A. CALDWELL .... President.
JNO. McDEVITT .... Vice President.
JNO. H. CLANEY .... Secretary.

Capt. F. A. DOHRMAN, Genl. Agent and Surveyor

DIRECTORS:

W. A. Caldwell, John McDevitt, George A. Berry, Wm. H. Forsyth, James Woodburn, Samuel B. Robison, R. H. Palmer, David M. Smith, William Rea, Robert Dalzell, William Means, Geo. W. Dilworth, David McCandless, D. S. H. Gilmore, James McCandless.

CITIZENS' INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF PITTSBURGH.

Office corner Market and Water streets, second floor

WM. BAGALEY .... President.
W. A. SHEPARD .... Secretary.

Insures Steamboats and Cargoes. Insures against loss or damage in the navigation of the Southern and Western Rivers, Lakes and Bayous, and the navigation of the Seas. [illegible]

DIRECTORS:

Wm. Bagaley, James Park, Jr., W. G. Johnson, B. F. Jones, Samuel Rea, Capt. Thos. Snowden, Barclay Preston, S. M. Kier, [illegible], [illegible], S. [illegible], J. Caldwell, Jr., John S. Dilworth, George Bingham, Wm. A. Rodgers.

Capt. J. ATKINSON, General Agent.

PEOPLES' INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF PITTSBURGH.

Office, N. E. corner Wood and Fifth sts., second floor.

Insures against LOSS OR DAMAGE BY FIRE on Dwellings, Stores and other Buildings; Furniture, Household Goods and Stocks of Merchandise.

Insures Marine and Inland Risks on Steamboats and Freight at as liberal rates as are consistent with security. Losses promptly adjusted and paid.

DIRECTORS:

Wm. Phillips, John Watt, John E. Parke, Jared M. Brush, Wm. F. Lang, C. H. Love, Samuel P. Shriver, Capt. J. L. Rhodes, Wm. Vankirk, James D. Verner, Samuel McCrickart, Charles Arbuckle.

WM. PHILLIPS .... President.
JOHN WATT .... Vice President.
WM. F. GARDNER .... Secretary.

National Insurance Company

OFFICE IN THE SECOND NATIONAL BANK BUILDING,

COR. FEDERAL ST. AND THE DIAMOND.

W. W. MARTIN, President.
JNO. BROWN, Jr., Vice President.
JAS. E. STEVENSON, Secretary.

JNO. A. MYLER, JAS. L. GRAHAM, JNO. BROWN, Jr., O. H. P. WILLIAMS, JAS. LOCKHART, ROBT. LEA, GEO. GERST, JNO. THOMPSON, JOS. MYERS, C. C. BOYLE, JACOB KOPP, JOS. McNAUGHER. TThs

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WESTERN INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF PITTSBURGH.

ALEX. NIMICK .... President.
WM. P. HERBERT .... Secretary.
Capt. GEORGE NEELD .... General Agent.

Office, No. 92 WATER STREET, Spang, Chalfant & Co.'s Warehouse, up stairs, Pittsburgh.

Will insure against all kinds of Fire and Marine Risks. A home institution managed by Directors who are well known in the community, and who are determined by promptness and liberality, to maintain the character which they have assumed, as offering the best protection to those who desire to be insured.

DIRECTORS:

Alex. Nimick, James McAuley, Alexander Speer, Wm. Morrison, Charles J. Clarke, Wm. S. Evans, Philip Reymer, Reuben Miller, Jr., Andrew Ackley, David M. Long, John R. McCune, D. Ihmsen, Joseph Kirkpatrick.

WM. P. HERBERT, Secretary.

JEWELRY.

DIAMONDS, PRECIOUS STONES AND Jewelry. Large stock and endless variety. J. B. McFADDEN & CO., 95 Market street.

SOLID STERLING SILVERWARE IN Spoons, Forks, Ladles, &c., &c. J. B. McFADDEN & CO., 95 Market street.

BEST AMERICAN WATCHES FOR Ladies and Gentlemen. J. B. McFADDEN & CO., 95 Market street.

EXTRA SILVER-PLATED WARE IN Tea Sets, Ice Pitchers, Castors, &c., &c. J. B. McFADDEN & CO., 95 Market street.

BRONZES, FRENCH CLOCKS AND Fancy Goods—Great reduction in prices. J. B. McFADDEN & CO., 95 Market street.

SOLID STERLING SILVERWARE, suitable for Bridal Presents. J. B. McFADDEN & CO., 95 Market street.

ENGLISH AND SWISS WATCHES—Largest and best assortment. J. B. McFADDEN & CO., 95 Market street.

WE ARE READY FOR THE HOLIDAYS

WITH A COMPLETE STOCK OF

FINE GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES,

Elegant Gold Chains of every description

Beautiful New Jewelry,
Fine Vases,
Toilet Sets, Statuettes,
Sterling Silver and
Silver-plated Ware, &c.

Our Goods and Prices will bear inspection.

CALL AND BE CONVINCED.

Orr & M'Conahy,

NO. 114 FEDERAL STREET,

CORNER OF WATER, ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.

M. WINTERHALTER,

CHRONOMETER AND WATCHMAKER AND DEALER IN

WATCHES AND JEWELRY

No. 213 Penn street, above Sixth, Pittsburgh.

Eighteen years with J. B. McFadden & Co., and late with Meyran & Siedle, Agent for the Zimmerman Watch, similar to the Chas. Frodsham Watch. tf

---

James Morrison & Co.,

PORK PACKERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

AND MANUFACTURERS OF

LARD OIL AND PURE FAMILY LARD,

CINCINNATI, OHIO.

Office, 17 Pike's Building.
Packing House, corner Bank and Riddle streets.
Factory, 168 and 170 Findlay street.

NOTICE TO GRAIN DEALERS.

THE PITTSBURGH GRAIN ELEVATOR COMPANY will receive and store Grain in lots of Five Thousand (5,000) Bushels and over, at the following reduced rates, viz:

For receiving and elevating and ten days storage, oats, 1½ cents per bushel; other grain, 2 cents per bushel; additional 10 days storage, ½ cent per bushel; second 10 days storage, ½ cent per bushel; second month (or part thereof over ten days), 1 cent per bushel; third and each succeeding month or part thereof, ½ cent per bushel.

The Elevator Company will guarantee the delivery of the same Grain that they receive, but will assume no liability for loss from *fire, heating* or *evaporation*.

By order of the Board of Directors.

T. L. ROGERS, Secretary.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA.

EDWARD P. KEARNS,

A Bankrupt under the Act of Congress of March 2d, 1867, having applied for a discharge from all his debts, and other claims provable under said act, by order of the Court, notice is hereby given, to all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons interested, to appear on the 31st DAY OF JANUARY, 1870, at 11 o'clock A. M., before SAMUEL HARPER Esq., Register in Bankruptcy, at his office, No. 93 DIAMOND STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA., to show cause, if any they have, why a discharge should not be granted to the said Bankrupt.

s S. C. McCANDLESS, Clerk.

FINANCIAL.

THE FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS OF THE Chicago, Danville and Vincennes RAILROAD,

Total amount to be issued $2,500,000
Capital Stock paid in 2,109,600
Estimated Cost of Road (140 miles) 4,500,000
Estimated Earn'gs per annum 2,639,306
Net Earnings per annum 879,768
Interest on Loan per annum 175,900
Amount of Bonds per mile of Road 18,000
Amount of Interest per mile 1,260
Amount of Net Earnings per mile 6,284

The Bonds follow the completion of the Road—have the Union Trust Company of N. Y. as their Official Register and Transfer Agent—and are sold at present at 95 and accrued interest.

They bear examination and comparison, better, it is believed, than any other now before the public, in the fixed and unchangeable elements of *Safety, Security and Profit*.

They bear good interest—Seven per cent. Gold for forty years—and are secured by a *Sinking Fund*, and First Mortgage upon the road, its outfit, and net income, the Franchises, and all present and future acquired property of the Company.

They depend upon no new or half-settled territory for business to pay their interest, but upon an old, well settled, and productive country; assuming that a railroad *built* through the heart of such a region offers better security for both *Interest* and *Principal* than a road *to be built* through the most highly extolled wilderness or sparsely settled territory.

This Railroad possesses special advantages in running into and out of the city of Chicago, an important Railroad and Commercial Center; in running through a line of villages and old farming settlements in the richest portion of the State of Illinois; in running near to deposits of Iron Ore of great extent and value, and over broad fields of the best coal in the State—which mining interests are its monopoly. And besides the local and other business thus assured there will be attracted to this road the considerable traffic already springing up "From the Lakes to the Gulf;" as with its Southern Connections it forms a Trunk Line 45 miles shorter than any other route from Chicago to Nashville.

These Bonds are therefore based upon a Realty and a Business that a few years must inevitably double—and competent judges say treble—in value.

Governments selling while the price is high pay well if put into these Bonds, and Trust or Estate Funds can be put into NOTHING BETTER.

Pamphlets, with Maps, &c., on hand for distribution. Bonds may be had directly of us, or of our Agents in Pittsburgh,

S. M'CLEAN & CO. FOURTH AVENUE.

W. BAILEY LANG & CO., Merchants, 54 Cliff Street, New York, Agents for the sale of the Bonds. ThsT

GROCERIES, &C.

AT M'CLURE'S,

346 LIBERTY STREET.

New Sugar-cured Hams and Dried Beef.
New Sugar-cured Breakfast Bacon.
Fresh Smoked Beef Tongues.
New Mess and No. 1 Large Mackerel, in kits.
New Hulled double extra Buckwheat Flour.
New Corn Meal, White and Yellow.
Pineapple and Young America Cheese.
New Lard in caddies and buckets.
Fresh Smoked Salmon and Halibut.

At the Family Grocery Store of

GEO. W. M'CLURE, 346 LIBERTY STREET.

Goods delivered free.

Dilworth, Harper & Co.,

243 LIBERTY STREET,

Opposite head of Wood street.

Wholesale Grocers,

HAVE PURCHASED

500 Hhds New Orleans Sugar,

2,000 Bbls New Orleans Molasses.

Receipts of the above by Boat and Rail will be almost daily.

They also invite attention to their brand of superior

Richmond Navy Tobacco.

Cheapest Grocery and Tea House

IN THE TWO CITIES.

STILL ANOTHER REDUCTION.

PRICE LIST OF TEAS:

Good Black Tea	$ 75
Fine Black Tea	90
Extra Fine Tea	1 10
Very Choice Tea	1 40
Good Young Hyson	1 00
Fine Young Hyson	1 10
Extra Fine	1 40
Best Imported	1 80
Good Uncolored Japan	90
Extra Fine	1 20
Best in the city	1 35
Good Imperial	1 20
Choice Imperial	1 60
Very Best Warranted	1 80
Choice Gunpowder	1 50
Very Choice	1 80
English Breakfast Good	1 00
Choice Strong	1 20
Best Imported	1 40

J. KOHEN,

No. 69 FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY.

ALLEN KIRKPATRICK .... JOHN J. M'DERMOTT.

REMOVAL.

Allen Kirkpatrick & Co.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

Flour and Seed Dealers,

Have Removed from No. 243 Liberty Street, to their New Warehouse,

No. 231 LIBERTY STREET,

OPPOSITE THE HEAD OF WOOD STREET, PITTSBURGH.

KNOX & ORR,

Wholesale Grocers

268 Liberty Street,

Pittsburgh, Pa.

Have always on hand and are receiving daily additions to a large and well selected Stock of GROCERIES, BOUGHT FOR CASH, to which the attention of Buyers is solicited. 4p

---

City and Country Merchants

WANTING

FANCY, CHOICE OR PRIME

Rio Coffee,

Can Select from the Largest Stock in the City and at the Lowest Prices,

AT

LITTLE & BAIRD'S,

112 AND 114 SECOND AVENUE.

WM. GLENN & SONS

IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF

GROCERIES,

70 and 72 VINE ST., CINCINNATI,

Have a full supply of

New Crop N. O. Sugar and Molasses,

AND OTHER STAPLE AND VARIETY GOODS. sth

DRUGGISTS.

PAINTS AND OILS.

Pure White Lead, B. B. & Co.'s,
Pure White Lead, English Crown,
Pure Red Lead, B. B. & Co.'s,
Linseed Oil, Raw,
B. W. Whale Oil,
B. W. Sperm Oil,
Bank Oil, Straits Oil,

RECEIVED AND FOR SALE BY

GEO. A. KELLY,

Wholesale Druggist,

CORNER WOOD STREET AND SECOND AVE

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

Persons visiting BROOKVILLE, Jefferson county Penna., will do well to call on

Dr. W. J. McKnight & Bro., Druggists,

CLEMENTS HOUSE,

Where they can at all times find the best brands of TOBACCO and SEGARS; also, BOOKS, NEWSPAPERS and MAGAZINES, at publishers' prices; FANCY NOTIONS, &c.

Prescriptions filled at all hours.

The PITTSBURGH DAILY COMMERCIAL can always be found on their counter, and subscriptions received for both Daily and Weekly.

EDUCATIONAL.

HOLLIDAYSBURG, PA., SEMINARY.

REV. JOSEPH WAUGH, Principal.
A. P. WYMAN, Professor of Music.

Full corps of thorough Teachers; Building one of the most elegant and complete in the country; Gymnasium, Bath Rooms, Apparatus, Latest Maps and Charts, Rooms unrivalled, furnished with Wardrobe, Bureau, Washstand, Carpet and Gas. Session begins January 19, 1870. d*

VARNISHES AND JAPAN.

DEALERS SUPPLIED WITH

WM. HARLAND & SON'S

CELEBRATED ENGLISH

VARNISH and JAPAN,

BY THEIR ONLY FORWARDING AGENTS IN THE UNITED STATES,

WALKER & SON,

GUM MERCHANTS,

And Importers of Acetate Lime, Glue, &c., &c., &c.,

57 CEDAR ST., NEW YORK.

P. O. BOX 3,947.

RIVER PACKETS.

BROWNSVILLE AND GENEVA.

U. S. MAIL LINE.

PITTSBURGH, BROWNSVILLE AND GENEVA PACKET CO.

LEAVES DAILY, 8 A. M., 5 P. M.,

For all Points on the Monongahela River

STEAMER ELECTOR .... CAPT. DOYLE BOUGHER.
STEAMER CHIEFTAIN .... CAPT. ROBT. PHILLIPS.
STEAMER E. BENNETT .... CAPT. Z. W. CARMACK.

For further particulars, inquire on Wharfboat, foot of Grant street, Pittsburgh.

N. B.—No Commission charged on Eastern Freight. A. S. CARLILE, Agent.

PARKERSBURG.

Wheeling, Marietta and Parkersburg.

LEAVES PITTSBURGH WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY—12 M.
RETURNING LEAVES PARKERSBURG MONDAY AND THURSDAY—7 A. M.

THE SWIFT PASSENGER STEAMER

BELLE,

JOHN RICHEY .... Commander,

Leaves as announced.

For Freight or Passage apply on Board or to JAS. COLLINS, Agent.

MUSKINGUM RIVER PACKET LINE.

For Wheeling, Marietta and Zanesville.

Leaves Pittsburgh EVERY TUESDAY, 4 P. M.
Leaves Zanesville EVERY FRIDAY, 8 A. M.

THE NEW AND SPLENDID Passenger Steamer JULIA No. 2, Captain C. R. STULL, will leave as announced above. For Freight or Passage apply on board, or to J. D. COLLINGWOOD, Agent.

CINCINNATI PACKETS.

Cincinnati Weekly Packet.

Leaves Pittsburgh TUESDAY—12 M.
Leaves Cincinnati FRIDAY—12 M.

THE NEW AND SPLENDID Sidewheel Passenger Steamer ARLINGTON, G. D. MOORE, Commander, A. S. SHEPARD, Clerk, will leave as announced. For freight or passage apply on board, or to JAMES COLLINS, or FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

Cincinnati Weekly Packet.

Leaves Pittsburgh, SATURDAY—12 M.
Leaves Cincinnati, TUESDAY—12 M.

THE NEW AND SPLENDID Sidewheel Passenger Steamer ST. CHARLES, C. A. DRAVO, Commander, GEO. L. REPPERT, Clerk, will leave as announced. For freight or passage apply on board or to JAMES COLLINS, or FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

ST. LOUIS.

For Cairo and St. Louis.

THURSDAY, 27TH.

THE STEAMER NICK WALL, THOMAS POE, Commander, will leave as announced above. For Freight apply on Board, or to FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

For Evansville, Cairo and St. Louis.

SATURDAY, January 22—4 P. M.

FINE PACKET R. [illegible] WHITAKER, Commander, [illegible] will leave as announced above. For [illegible] FLACK & COLLINGWOOD [illegible]

NEW ORLEANS.

For Memphis, Vicksburg and New Orleans.

TUESDAY, 27TH INST.

THE FINE PASSENGER Steamer MESSENGER, JESSE DEAN, Commander, will leave as announced above. For Freight or Passage apply on board, or to FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, or GHRIEST & PORTER, Agents.

Through bills of lading to Galveston, Indianola and Brazos, Texas, and Mobile, Selma and Montgomery, Alabama, via Morgan Line from New Orleans, and by Kouns's Red River Packet to Alexandria, Shreveport and Jefferson given by GHRIEST & PORTER, 93 Water street.

NOTICE

To persons having Boats of any description, or Material of any kind, lying on the Allegheny River, Carts, Drays or Wagons, not having reported, you are hereby notified

TO REPORT AT ONCE,

Or they will be sold at the expiration of Twenty Days.

ROBERT A. HILL, ALLEGHENY WHARFMASTER.

STEAMSHIPS.

BOSTON AND PHILADELPHIA

STEAMSHIP LINE.

THE STEAMSHIPS

Roman, Norman, Saxon and Aries,

FORM A SEMI-WEEKLY LINE, SAILING FROM PHILADELPHIA ON

Wednesdays and Saturdays at 10 A. M.,

AND FROM

Boston on Same Days, at 3 P. M.

For Freight or Passage apply to HENRY WINSOR & CO, Philadelphia, or WHITNEY & SAMPSON, Boston.

THE LIVERPOOL AND QUEENSTOWN—INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

Rates of Passage by the Saturday Steamer:

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.		Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	100 00	Liverpool or Queenstown	$35 00

Passage by the Tuesday Steamer, via Halifax.

Liverpool or Queenstown	$80 00	Liverpool or Queenstown	$30 00
Halifax	20 00	Halifax	15 00
St. John's, N. F., by branch Steamer	45 00	St. John's, N. F., by branch Steamer	30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland and the Continent at moderate rates. Excursion Tickets reduced rates.

For further information apply at the Company's Offices. JOHN G. DALE, Agent, 15 Broadway, New York, or WM. BINGHAM, JR., No. 143 Smithfield street, near Sixth avenue, Pittsburgh, Where plans of the Cabins may be seen and Berths secured. Send for Circular.

PROPOSALS.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.—PROPOSALS will be received at the Store of Wm. Cooper & Co. No. 213 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, until WEDNESDAY, the 26th inst., at noon, for about 7,000 Yards of Embankment and about 150 Perches of Stonework. The work to be done on the line of the Allegheny and New Brighton Turnpike, at Jack's Run, McClure township. For further information, inquire of WM. COOPER, as above. Pittsburgh, January 21, 1870.

PROPOSALS FOR TRANSPORTATION.

Proposals will be received till February 1st, 1870, for

TOWING 60,000 TONS COAL,

From Grand Tower to Carondelet.

Parties making proposals to furnish barges. Further particulars may be had on application at our office, No. 111 Locust street, St. Louis, Mo.

LEWIS IRON CO.
SOUTH ST. LOUIS IRON CO.
CARONDELET IRON WORKS.

PROPOSALS FOR GRADING, &c.

SEALED PROPOSALS

Will be received by the undersigned until MONDAY, the 24th day of January, 1870, for the Grading and Macadamizing of the Roadway, and the Paving of the Gutters of Market street, in the Borough of McKeesport, from Sixth to Ninth streets.

Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of JAS. H. BERRY in said Borough.

JNO. ROWLAND,
J. H. WEST,
Street Committee, McKeesport, Pa.

PATENT VALVES.

PEET PATENT VALVE.

WE CALL THE ATTENTION OF Engine Builders, Steam Fitters, Oil Refiners, Brewers and others to this Valve.

It has but recently been patented, and is rapidly superceding all other Valves now in use.

S. CADMAN & SON, AGENTS,

Corner Duquesne and Sixth street, late St Clair street.

WALL PAPER.

WALL PAPER.

JAMES HOWARD,

Manufacturer, Importer and Dealer in

Wall Paper, Window Shades, Manilla Roofing and Wrapping Papers.

COR. SMITHFIELD AND SEVENTH AV

Felt, Cement and Gravel Roofing.

RAILROADS.

PENNSYLVANIA CENTRAL RAILROAD—On and after 11 P. M. SUNDAY, November 14, 1869. Trains arrive at and leave the Union Depot, corner of Washington and Liberty streets, as follows:

ARRIVE.		DEPART.	
Mail Train	1:20 a m	Southern Ex.	5:20 a m
Fast Line	1:45 a m	Pacific Ex.	2:10 a m
Wall's Ac No. 1	6:20 a m	Wall's Ac No 1	6:30 a m
Brinton Ac No 1	7:50 a m	Mail Train	8:10 a m
Wall's Ac No 2	8:50 a m	Brinton's Ac	10:20 a m
Cincinnati Ex.	9:20 a m	Braddock's Ac No. 1	5:10 p m
Johnstown Ac	10:50 a m	Cincinnati Ex.	12:35 p m
Braddock's Ac No. 1	7:00 p m	Wall's Ac No 2	11:51 a m
Pittsburgh Ex.	1:30 p m	Johnstown Ac.	4:05 p m
Pacific Ex.	1:50 p m	Braddock's Ac No. 2	8:20 p m
Wall's Ac No. 3	2:50 p m	Phila. Ex.	3:50 p m
Braddock's Ac No. 2	9:55 p m	Wall's Ac No 3	3:05 p m
Wall's Ac No. 4	5:50 p m	Wall's Ac No 4	6:05 p m
Brinton Ac No 2	1:10 p m	Fast Line	7:40 p m
Way Passeng'r	10:20 p m	Wall's No 5	11:00 p m

The Church Train leave Wall's Station every Sunday at 9:05 a. m., reaching Pittsburgh at 10:05 a. m. Returning leave Pittsburgh at 12:50 p. m., and arrive at Wall's Station at 2:10 p. m.

Cincinnati Express leaves daily. Southern Express daily except Monday. All other Trains daily, except Sunday.

For further information apply to W. H. BECKWITH, Agent.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company will not assume any Risk for Baggage except for Wearing Apparel, and limit their responsibility to One Hundred Dollars in value. All baggage exceeding that amount in value will be at the risk of the owner, unless taken by special contract.

EDWARD H. WILLIAMS, General Superintendent, Altoona, Pa.

WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.—On and after NOVEMBER 14, 1869, the Passenger Trains on the Western Pennsylvania Railroad will arrive at and depart from the Federal Street Depot, Allegheny City, as follows:

Leave Allegheny City.		Arrive at Allegheny City.	
Mail	7:00 a m	Springdale Ac. No. 1	6:40 a m
Freeport Ac. No. 1	9:20 a m	Freeport Ac. No. 1	8:20 a m
Sharpsburg Ac	11:20 a m	Express	10:40 a m
Express	2:20 p m	Sharpsburg Ac	1:20 p m
Springdale Ac No. 1	3:10 p m	Freeport Ac. No. 2	4:05 p m
Freeport Ac. No. 2	5:20 p m	Mail	5:50 p m
Springdale Ac No. 2	6:30 p m	Springdale Ac No. 2	6:20 p m

Above Trains run daily except Sunday.

The Church Train leaves Allegheny Junction every Sunday, at 7:40 A. M., reaching Allegheny City at 9:50 A. M. Returning, leaves Allegheny City at 1:20 P. M., and arrives at Allegheny Junction at 3:40 P. M.

The Train leaving Allegheny City at 6:20 A. M. makes direct connections at Freeport with Walker's Line of Stages for Butler, Hannahstown and Saxonburg. Through Tickets, too, may be purchased at the office, No. 3 St. Clair street, near Suspension Bridge, Pittsburgh, and at the Depot, Allegheny City.

For further information apply to JAMES LEFFERTS, Agent, Federal Street Depot.

The Western Pennsylvania Railroad will not assume any risk for Baggage, except for Wearing Apparel, and limit their responsibilities to One Hundred Dollars in value. All Baggage exceeding this amount in value will be at the risk of the owner, unless taken by special contract.

EDWARD H. WILLIAMS, General Superintendent, Altoona, Pa.

PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS RAILWAY, PAN HANDLE ROUTE. After NOVEMBER 14, 1869, Trains leave from and arrive at Union Depot, Pittsburgh, Pittsburgh Time.

DEPART.		ARRIVE.	
Mail	2:08 a m	Mail	12:13 p m
Southern Ex.	2:28 p m	Southern Ex.	5:00 a m
Fast Line	9:48 a m	Fast Line	7:18 p m
Mixed Ac.	5:43 a m	Mixed Ac.	6:53 p m
M'Donald's Ac.	11:28 a m	M'Donald's Ac.	7:33 a m
Steubenv'le Ac	3:43 p m	Steubenv'le Ac	9:48 a m
M'Donald's Ac.	5:53 p m	M'Donald's Ac.	3:23 p m
Sunday Church Train	12:58 p m	Sunday Church Train	9:58 a m

2:28 p. m. Express will leave daily.
12:13 p. m. Mail will arrive daily.

S. F. SCULL, General Ticket Agent, Columbus, Ohio

W. W. CARD, Supt., Dennison, Ohio.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILWAY [illegible]

From NOVEMBER 14th, 1869, trains will leave the Union Depot, Pittsburgh, City Time, as follows:

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Chicago Ex.	2:08 a m	Chicago Ex.	1:53 a m
Erie & Ygn Ex.	7:28 a m	Pacific Express	12:08 p m
Cl. & Whg Mail	6:38 a m	Wheeling Ex.	10:48 a m
Chicago Mail	6:58 a m	Chi&StLouis Ex	7:18 p m
Fast Line	9:58 a m	Chic Ex & Mail	3:28 p m
Cl. & Whg Ex.	2:08 p m	Cleveland Ex.	3:38 p m
Chicago Ex.	2:58 p m	Erie & Ygn Ex	6:03 p m
W'lie & Ygn Ex	4:03 p m	Cl. & Whg Ex.	7:08 p m
Depart from Allegheny.		Arrive in Allegheny.	
BeaverFalls Ac	8:38 a m	Leetsdale Ac.	6:53 a m
Leetsdale Ac.	10:18 a m	Beaver FallsAc	8:28 a m
Leetsdale Ac.	11:53 a m	New Castle Ac.	10:23 a m
Rochester Ac.	2:48 p m	Enon Ac.	9:13 a m
Enon Ac.	4:28 p m	Leetsdale Ac.	12:43 p m
Leetsdale Ac.	5:13 p m	BeaverFalls Ac	2:43 p m
BeaverFalls Ac	6:13 p m	Leetsdale Ac.	4:33 p m
Leetsdale Ac.	10:43 p m	Leetsdale Ac.	7:33 p m
Fair Oaks, Sunday Church	1:13 p m	Fair Oaks, Sunday Church	9:58 a m

2:28 p m Chicago Express will leave daily.
12:08 p m Chicago Express arrives daily.

J. N. McCULLOUGH, General Manager.

F. R. MYERS, General Passenger and Ticket Agent.

ALLENTOWN ROUTE TO THE EAST.—SHORTEST AND FASTEST LINE between Pittsburgh and New York, via Harrisburg, Reading, Allentown and Easton. NO CHANGE OF CARS BETWEEN PITTSBURGH AND NEW YORK. SLEEPING CARS ON NIGHT TRAINS.

Trains leave Union Depot of Pennsylvania Railroad in Pittsburgh Daily.

Leave.		Arrive.	
Pittsburgh	2:10 a m	New York	6:50 p m
Pittsburgh	7:40 p m	New York	12:15 a m

Leave New York for Pittsburgh, from Station, Central Railroad, of New Jersey, foot of Liberty street.

Leave.		Arrive.	
New York	9:00 a m	In Pittsburgh	1:45 a m
New York	5:00 p m	In Pittsburgh	9:20 a m

On Sunday, leave Pittsburgh, at 12:30 p. m. only, and New York, at 5 p. m. only.

Baggage checked to all points between Pittsburgh and New York.

H. P. BALDWIN, General Passenger Agent.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD.

THE ONLY DIRECT ROUTE TO THE OIL REGIONS WITHOUT CHANGE OF CARS.

On and after MONDAY, November 22, 1869, two through Trains daily (except Sunday), will leave Pittsburgh Depot, corner Eleventh and Pike streets, for Franklin, Oil City, Buffalo, and all points in the Oil Regions.

Leave Pittsburgh.		Arrive at Pittsburgh.	
Day Express	7:15 a m	Day Express	5:30 p m
Night Express	8:00 p m	Night Express	7:00 a m
Brady's B'd Ac	3:15 p m	Brady's B'd Ac	10:05 a m
Freeport Acc'n	9:30 a m	Freeport Acc'n	6:15 p m
Soda Works Ac	6:30 p m	Soda Works Ac	7:55 a m
1st Hulton	6:40 a m	1st Hulton	6:25 a m
2d Hulton	11:50 a m	2d Hulton	9:00 a m
3d Hulton	5:00 p m	3d Hulton	2:10 p m
4th Hulton	11:00 p m	4th Hulton Ac.	7:15 p m
Church Train	1:00 p m	Church Train	10:10 a m

Express Trains stop only at principal points. Accommodation Trains stop at all stations.

J. J. LAWRENCE, Gen'l. Supt.

THOS. M. KING, Asst. Supt.

PITTSBURGH AND CONNELLSVILLE RAILROAD. On and after TUESDAY, Nov. 17, 1868, the Trains will leave the Depot, corner Grant and Water streets, as follows:

	DEPART.	ARRIVE.
Mail to and from Uniontown	7:00 a m	6:00 p m
M'Keesport Accommodation	11:00 a m	2:00 p m
Express to and from Uniontown	3:00 p m	10:10 a m
West Newton Accommodat'n	4:30 p m	8:35 a m
Braddock's Accommodation	6:15 p m	7:55 p m
Night Accommodation to McKeesport	10:30 p m	6:45 a m
Sunday Church Train to and from West Newton	1:00 p m	10:00 a m

For Tickets apply to E. M. RAYMOND, Agent. WM. B. STOUT, Supt.

PETROLEUM.

ECLIPSE PETROLEUM REFINERY

HERBERT W. C. TWEDDLE,

MANUFACTURER OF

Lubricating and High Test Burning Oils.

Eclipse Railroad Axle Oil, Stands great heat without change; remains limpid at lowest temperatures. Special Oil for tropical climates or hot weather.

Locomotive, Engine, Machine Shop, Will cut Screws.

Saw Mill and Planing Mill Oils, Adapted for high speed.

Spindle Oil, Wool Oil, Tanners' Stuffing & Finishing Oil, Harness Oil, | Head-Light Oil, Benzole, Gasoline, Parraffine.

ARMOR VARNISH, to preserve Bright Iron Work and Machinery from Rust.

These products are manufactured under Dr. Tweddle's patents by Superheated Steam in Vacuo. The Lubricating Oils are almost odorless, perfectly pure, uniform, and mostly light colored, stand a high temperature unchanged, and remain limpid during extreme cold. The Railroad Oils are unequalled, and are in constant use on many of the principal Railroads. Samples can be examined and orders left at 174 WOOD STREET. Works at Sharpsburg Bridge.

CRYSTAL PETROLEUM WORKS LIVINGSTON BROS PITTSBURGH

LIVINGSTON BROTHERS

CRYSTAL

Refined Petroleum

IN

Five Gallon Tin Cans with Patent Caps,

DUQUESNE WAY, PITTSBURGH, PA.

OWSTON & SOWERS.

DEALERS IN CRUDE OIL.

Office: PERRY BUILDING, PITTSBURGH, PA. OIL CITY and PLEASANTVILLE.

E. S. WARING, Pittsburgh. HENRY H. KING, Philadelphia.

WARING & KING,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS AND BROKERS IN PETROLEUM AND ITS PRODUCTS,

Office No. 4 DUQUESNE WAY, Pittsburgh, Pa.

JOHN H. STEWART .... ROBT. H. PATTERSON,

ROBT. H. PATTERSON & CO.,

Livery, Sale and Commission Stables,

COR. SEVENTH AVENUE AND LIBERTY ST PITTSBURGH, PA.

The Daily Commercial.

CITY MATTERS.

List of Unmailable Letters.

The following is a list of letters held at the Pittsburgh Postoffice for want of pre-payment of postage, and on account of misdirection. The writers can get them by applying at the Postoffice:

Albert Rose, Monongahela city, Pa	3c.
J. M. Cook, East Liverpool, Ohio	3c.
John Hughes, Keiths, Ohio	3c.
Frank R. Suerwin, New Pork	3c.

PARHAM—70 Smithfield street, between Fourth and Fifth avenues.

MUST BE SOLD!—A magnificent 7 octave rosewood piano will be sold at a sacrifice if applied for to-day, at 70 Smithfield street, between Fourth and Fifth avenues.

THE COURTS.—The ejectment case of McClurken vs. Thompson, in the District Court, and the case of Franz vs. Jones & Laughlins, in the Common Pleas, are still on trial.

Y. M. C. A.—The regular monthly meeting of the Young Men's Christian Association will be held at 7½ o'clock this (Saturday) evening at the rooms, No. 23 Fifth avenue.

STILL IN THE LOCK-UP.—James M. Starr, whose arrest on suspicion of having stolen a buffalo robe was noted yesterday, is still in the lock-up, the robe not having as yet been identified.

COMMISSION GIVEN.—Officer Hugh Boyle, an excellent police officer, who is appointed by the two cities to take charge of the Allegheny suspension bridge, has had his Allegheny commission renewed by Mayor Callow.

A NOTEWORTHY PAINTING.—The representation of the charge of the Sixth Pennsylvania Cavalry at the battle of Gettysburg, an oil painting, nine by six feet, attracts universal attention at Barker & Haseltine's.

PEANUT stands on our street corners and public thoroughfares are increasing rapidly, and unless the ordinance bearing upon the subject is strictly enforced, we may expect to see our prominent highways seriously obstructed.

COMMITTED FOR TRIAL.—A hearing took place before Mayor Brush yesterday in the case of Charles Frankenback, charged with the larceny of an accordeon worth nine dollars, the property of James Brown, which resulted in the accused being committed for trial.

THE SURVEY COMMITTEE.—The Survey Committee organized on Thursday afternoon by electing H. W. Oliver, Jr., of the Eleventh ward, Chairman. Mr. W. E. Roe, clerk to the Street Committee, officiates in a similar capacity for the Survey Committee.

SAILED FOR EUROPE.—Capt. T. Donaldson Esq., of Brownsville, Pa., Alfred Slatterly, of Greenfield, Pa., and W. L. Parkinson, Esq., of Wheeling, West Virginia., sailed per steamer city of Brooklyn yesterday from New York. They were booked at the office of the Inman Line, T. H. Rattigan, agent, 47 Smithfield street, Pittsburgh.

THE PENNSYLVANIA SCHOOL CHRONICLE.—The first number of this magazine has just been issued by the editors and proprietors, Messrs. Sloan, King & Co., No. 96 Fourth avenue. This periodical will be issued monthly at one dollar a year. It will succeed the "School Casket," which has been published here during the past two years.

NEW PAPER.—"*The People's Weekly*" is the title of a new paper just issued by "The People's Weekly Publishing Company," No. 84 Third avenue. It is to be "an independent reform paper for the people," and will advocate, among other things, "total prohibition" of the traffic in liquors. It is a quarto in form, and is published at two dollars per year.

CENTRAL PASSENGER RAILWAY—ELECTION OF OFFICERS.—At a meeting of the Board of Directors of the Central Passenger Railway, held on Thursday, the following officers were elected for the ensuing year: President, E. P. Jones; Vice President and Treasurer, M. K. Moorhead; Secretary and Superintendent R. G. Herron.

THE LADY GAY DISASTER.—The St. Louis telegram in yesterday's paper relative to the insurance on the steamer Lady Gay, credited the Boatman's Insurance Company, of this city, with $7,666 of the losses. The sum should have read $4,666, a difference of three thousand. The Boatman's Company is one of the most reliable in the West, and its affairs are managed by prompt and experienced officers.

RELIGIOUSLY INCLINED.—At an early hour yesterday morning J. K. Patterson, the irrepressible, was arrested and placed in the lock-up on a charge of drunkenness. He was released at four o'clock, and between seven and eight last evening went into the M. E. Church, corner of Liberty avenue and Fourth street, blind drunk. He was arrested and conveyed to the lock-up, where he said things had came to a sorry condition when a man could not go to church. He will be disposed of this morning.

TURNED UP.—Bartley Davis, the colored man who attempted to pass a forged check upon the Allegheny Trust Company, a few days ago, and fled when the Cashier tried to arrest him, has turned up at Columbus, Ohio, under arrest for some offense committed there. He had in his possession the check book stolen from the office of Mr. James McBrier, lumber merchant, the night before he presented the forged check. The authorities of Allegheny have been notified of his arrest.

RELIGIOUS REVIVAL.—The Rev. Dr. C. A. Holmes, Pastor of the Methodist Church at Sewickley, is now engaged in holding a protracted meeting. On last Sabbath twenty united with the church, and during the week a number of others have joined. On Thursday night twenty persons were at the altar, and the interest appears to be increasing every night. Rev. Mr. Baker, the Presiding Elder of this district, was present in the former part of the week, and preached a number of sermons in his usual eloquent and forcible style.

HEALTH REPORT.—Dr. Whitmer Snively, Physician of the Board of Health, reports twenty-four deaths in the city during the week ending January 15th, of which sixteen were adults and eight children. The diseases are stated as follows: Old age, 2; marasmus, 1; hemorrhage, 1; rheumatism, 1; spinal disease, 1; disease of heart, 1; epilepsy, 1; cirrhosis, 1; congestion of lungs, 1; pneumonia, 2; typhus fever, 1; hemiphlegra, 1; convulsions 2; tuberculosis, 4; still born, 3. There were seven under one year of age, four between twenty and thirty) and one between ninety and a hundred. The balance ranged from two to eighty. There were sixteen males, eight females, twenty-two white and two colored.

TOOK A FIT.—Between twelve and one o'clock yesterday, a man named Luty Engel, a journeyman tailor employed by A. Aronson & Son, corner of Liberty and Sixth streets, was passing down Sixth street, when he was noticed to fall to the pavement. He had on his arm at the time a large lot of unmade clothing, and of course fell very heavily. He was picked up and carried into a store, and Dr. Kerns being sent for, he responded and made an examination. He discovered that the man was only in a fit, and applying the proper remedies he was soon restored to consciousness. Engel is subject to fits. He resides on Spring Hill, where he was taken soon after the occurrence.

THROWING STONES.—Last evening the members of a singing society, which meets weekly, assembled in the school house on Fulton street. A number of rude boys were outside, who continually annoyed the "singers" by throwing stones through the windows, and creating a disturbance. They continued these demonstrations until the meeting had to be broken up. The janitor succeeded in arresting one of the boys named Little, and conveyed him to the lock-up. Shortly after his arrival a friend of the lad came to the lock-up, and after leaving ten dollars as collateral security for his appearance this morning, he was released.

THE BURNS CELEBRATION.—From one of the Committee of Arrangements of the forthcoming celebration, we have ascertained that our gifted townsman, Rev. Wm. J. Reid, is to speak to the memory of Burns; Rev. J. R. W. Sloane will speak to Scotland; Prof. Newell will give "Young Lochinvar" and "The Comerenian's Dream," and such songs as "Tak' your Auld Cloak Aboot Ye," "Scots wha hae" and "Heather Hills" will be sung, and the inimitable poem of "Tam O'Shanter" will be recited in the real vernacular. The celebrated Allegheny Quartette Club will discourse some of their finest music, so that Masonic Hall will be a lively place on next Tuesday night. All lovers of Burns (and who are not?) should certainly endeavor to be present.

NO. 70 SMITHFIELD STREET, between Fourth and Fifth avenues, new salesroom for Parham Sewing Machine. H. Millinger, agent.

Prof. Barker's Lecture.

We understand that Prof. Barker has arrived in our city, and that the elaborate preparations necessary for his lectures on the spectroscope are nearly completed. The amount of labor and cost necessary to set the powerful battery of seventy-five elements in operation, get ready the chemicals, adjust the scenes and the like, could hardly have been anticipated. The reserved seats have been in great demand, our physicians, lawyers, clergymen and manufacturers all manifesting an interest in the course such as we have never yet seen taken in lectures that make the popularization of the sublimest phenomena of science their only claim to attention. It should be understood that the lectures constitute *a course*, the first being, indeed, in some sense complete, yet introductory to the more advanced deductions set forth in the second.

Arrest and Discharge.

John Baurer made information before Mayor Brush yesterday, charging Abraham Emrich with the larceny of $48. The facts in reference to the case appear to be these: The parties to the suit were in the employ of Mr. Reineman, on his farm, in Reserve township, until within a day or two ago, when Emrich was discharged. Thursday evening he came back to the house, but staid only a moment or so. The same night a pane of glass was removed from a window, the same raised and an entrance effected into the house. The thief then took $48 from Mr. Baurer's trunk and decamped. Suspecting Emrich for having committed the theft the information was made as related above, and Emrich was arrested. In the afternoon a hearing took place, but as no evidence was adduced to sustain the charge, the accused was honorably discharged.

Sudden Death in Allegheny.

A married lady named Mary Hoffman died suddenly yesterday morning at eleven o'clock, at her residence, on Madison avenue, Third ward, Allegheny. She took sick in the afternoon of the preceding day, but was able to prepare supper. When her husband came home she complained of being unwell, but ate as usual, saying that she thought she would soon be better. She had been in feeble health for some time past, and these attacks frequently came over her, but in a day or two she would be as well as usual. As soon as Mr. Hoffman entered the house he proposed to summon a physician, but she said it was no use, as she was getting better. She gradually grew worse, however, until morning, when she began to improve. Mr. Hoffman then went to the house of Mrs. Shaler, near by, to request her to make some tea for his wife which was accordingly done. The unfortunate woman again grew worse, and Mr. Hoffman, having serious apprehension, summoned Dr. Allinder. When the two arrived, Mrs. Hoffman was found lying on the floor, life being extinct. The Doctor examined her, and pronounced that death resulted from natural causes. The deceased was about nineteen years of age, and had been married three years. Alderman Donaldson (acting Coroner) was notified of the affair, and in the afternoon proceeded to hold an inquest. A number of witnesses were examined, after which the jury returned a verdict of death from natural causes.

THE POPULAR SEWING MACHINE—The Parham, No. 70 Smithfield street.

THE SCHOOL OF DESIGN.

Fifth Annual Examination—Prizes Awarded, Etc.

The fifth annual examination of the Pittsburgh School of Design for Women took place yesterday morning, in the rooms, corner of Wood street and Sixth avenue. There was a large attendance, embracing some of the best judges of art in the two cities, and the various drawings, paintings, etc., were closely examined, and all pronounced highly meritorious. The school has been doing a grand work in the way of encouraging and developing art in this community, and it should receive the support and countenance of all who admire and appreciate the beautiful and the artistic. Some of the paintings are very fine, and many of the water colors are about as close to nature as art can approach. The display is highly creditable to the pupils, and also to the worthy Principal, Mr. Hugh Newell. There are about fifty pupils now in attendance, and the work of the past year has been of a very satisfactory character.

The following is the report of the fifth annual examination of the studies of the pupils of the School of Design for Women: *Practical Geometry*—A. Harvey, No. 1; E. Robinson, No. 2; J. G. Owston, No. 3. *Perspective*—F. Williams, No. 1; C. Barclay, No. 1; A. Shaffer, No. 2; C. Holmes, No. 2.

MAJ. WM. WADE, J. FINLAY, W. P. MARSHALL, Committee.

Elementary Outlines from the Flat—E. Robinson, No. 1; I. Chambers, No. 2; L. Wilton, No. 3. *Ornament*—E. Robinson, No. 1; E. Watkins, No. 2; F. Williams, No. 3.

J. BEESON, CHAS. LINFORD, Committee.

Figure—F. Williams, No. 1; E. Watkins, No. 2; C. Barclay No. 3.

C. M. JOHNS, CHAS. LINFORD, Committee.

Landscapes in Pencil—E. Watkins, No. 1; C. Holmes, No. 2; F. Williams, No. 3.

W. P. MARSHALL, HENRY PHILLIPS, Com.

India Ink—C. Holmes, No. 1; A. Harvey, No. 2; E. Watkins, No. 3. *Diagrams in Color*—E. Watkins, No. 1; C. Holmes, No. 2.

C. M. JOHNS, J. FINLAY, Committee.

Flowers in Color—Studies from Nature—R. Henderson, No. 3. *Copies*—A. Shaffer, No. 1; H. Woods, No. 2. *Landscapes*—R. Henderson, No. 1; E. Watkins, No. 2; A. Shaffer, No. 3.

REV. WM. BENADE, WM. THAW, ALFRED WALL, Committee.

Drawing from the Cast—Geometrical Figures.—J. G. Owston, No. 1. F. Williams, No. 2; B. Doerflinger, No. 3. Groups—M. Hazlewood, No. 1; B. Doerflinger, No. 2; J. G. Owston, No. 3.

A. DALBY, DR. PRESTON, Committee.

Ornaments in Crayon—A. Shaffer, No. 1; E. Watkins No. 2; R. Baelz, No. 3.

DR. PRESTON, A. DALBY, H. PHIPPS, JR., Committee.

Detail of Figure—L. McIntosh, No. 1; A. Shaffer, No. 2; H. Woods, No. 3.

DR. PRESTON, A. DALBEY, Committee.

Figure—Busts—J. Baum, No. 1; J. Nelson, No. 2; H. Woods, No. 3. *Anatomical Figures*—A. C. Way, No. 1; E. C. Okely, No. 2; J. Dunn, No. 3. *Full Length*—O. Turney, No. 1; R. Henderson, No. 2; J. Dunn, No. 3.

WM. THAW, J. LAWMAN, DR. CYRUS KING, Committee.

Ornament in India Ink—R. Henderson, No. 1; A. C. Way, No. 2.

C. M. JOHNS, EMIL FOERSTER, JOSIAH KING, Committee.

Landscape in Oil—From Nature—A. Henderson, No. 1; L. McLaughlin, No. 2; A. C. Way, No. 2; O. Turney, No. 3. *Group*—L. McLaughlin, No. 1; P. Howard, No. 1; O. Turney, No. 1; C. Holmes, No. 1; J. Dunn, No. 2; A. Shaffer, No. 3. *Landscapes Copied*—Rosa Baelz, No. 1; J. Walker, No. 2; A. Phipps, No. 3; A. C. Way, No. 3.

WM. THAW, REV. WM. BENADE, ALFRED WALL, A. DALBEY, JASPER LAWMAN, Committee.

The prize scholarships in Oil Class were awarded to Misses Emma Watkins and Carrie Holmes; in the Regular Class to Misses F. Williams and A. Harvey.

THERE is nothing in all the range of family sewing that the Parham will not do.

Who is to Care for Him?

On last Monday night there was brought to the watch house, from the vicinity of the Point, a man named Edward Ryan, violently insane and so demonstrative in his conduct as to require the efforts of five policemen to get him to the station house. He had no sooner been placed in the lock-up than he stripped himself of all clothing and amused himself by performing all sorts of gymnastic feats in the bars in front of the cell. Tuesday morning, Mr. Fortune, Secretary of the Borrd of Guardians, was sent for and he visited the place of confinement and "looked" at the insane subject, remarking that he was insane from strong drink, and to his mind the insanity was only temporary. Ryan is still in the lock-up and any one who may have seen him in the cell cannot but ask themselves the questions, "Has the city no officers to look after such persons? Have we no institutions where such persons may be properly cared for?" If Ryan had any friends we are confident he would not have been allowed to remain in the lock-up twenty-four hours—deprived as he is of every comfort which his condition demands. He will not keep clothes on, and being exposed his continued strange performances have worn the skin off him in several places, and he presents the most distracted appearance. Mr. Fortune's attention has frequently been called to this unfortunate victim of a diseased mind, and just here we feel constrained to say that if this was merely an isolated case, the public attention should not be directed to the matter, but on more than one occasion heretofore have poor unfortunate beings been shut up in the watch-house for days, or until the Overseers of the Poor see fit to take them away. The Mayor is powerless so far as providing them shelter is concerned, and promptly discharges his duty in informing the proper officers, as soon as such arrests are made. Yesterday he again sent word to Mr. Fortune, informing him that some place must be secured for Ryan, but as the office was closed no communication could be had with that official. It is to be hoped that our philanthropic citizens will call at the watch-house and see Ryan, so that they will know from observation how our insane are treated.

State Agricultural Society.

The annual meeting for the election of officers of the Pennsylvania State Agricultural Society, to serve for the ensuing year, met in the Society's room, at Harrisburg, on Wednesday. After transacting some preliminary business, the election of officers was had between the hours of 2 and 4 o'clock P. M., with the following result:

President—John C. Morris.

Vice Presidents—First District, James A. McCrea; second, George Blight; third, W. Heyward Drayton; fourth, James N. Marks; fifth, Adrian Cornell; sixth, W. H. Holstein; seventh, Chalkley Harvey; eighth, Tobias Barto; ninth, Wm. Piper; tenth, Martin Earley; eleventh, Joseph Sigman; twelfth, Daniel G. Driesbach; thirteenth, George Scott; fourteenth, John A. Smull; fifteenth, J. D. Bowman; sixteenth, C. M. Duncan; seventeenth, John J. Thompson; eighteenth, B. Morris Ellis; nineteenth, Lucius Rogers; twentieth, J. D. Kirkpatrick; twenty-first, George Rhey; twenty-second, John Murdoch; twenty-third, Wm. S. Bissell; twenty-fourth, David McCracken.

Additional Members of the Executive Committee—Jacob R. Eby, B. G. Peters, John H. Zeigler, A. B. Longaker, Michael C. Trout, Frederick Watts, James Gowan, Thomas P. Knox, David Taggart, Jacob S. Haldeman, A. Boyd Hamilton, and Amos E. Knapp.

Corresponding Secretary—Major Elbridge McConkey.

Chemist and Geologist—S. S. Haldeman.

Librarian—George Bergner.

Ex-Presidents—Messrs. Watts, Gowan, Taggart, Haldeman, Knox, Hamilton and Knapp.

The committee will meet on the 16th of March next, to fix a time and place for the next holding of the exhibition.

The terms of office of the Recording Secretary and Treasurer do not expire until March next.

A Beautiful Picture.

That portion of our readers who are familiar with those exquisite compositions "Rock of Ages" and "Easter Morn," will find a fresh publication at Barker & Haseltine's, 18 Fifth avenue, exhibiting even more beauty than either of the above mentioned pictures. "Thy Will Be Done," the picture alluded to, is unquestionably the finest photograph produced in this country, such a picture as disarms criticism, while it appeals directly to the higher feelings. Its greatest charm lies in its simplicity. The artist takes a simple subject, one with which every member of the human family is familiar, a visit to God's Acre, and avoiding even the semblance of an effort to strive for effect, produces a picture combining elements that appeal directly to the finer sentiments. A beautiful woman retracing her steps from the grave in which her hopes are buried, pauses to breathe the well known prayer. Her uplifted face, rendered all the lovelier by affliction, like her attitude, expresses at once resignation and prayer. No need to glance beyond that quiet figure and sad face, to the cross which marks the fresh grave. The flowers on either hand, and bordering her pathway, are unnoticed in the all absorbing thoughts of the awful present. "Thy will be done" strikes the beholder as though suddenly brought into contact with the fate common to humanity. In a word, it is the embodiment of prayer and resignation.

PARHAM SEWING MACHINE—70 Smithfield street, between Fourth and Fifth avenues.

The Mahlin Suicide.

Alderman McMasters impanneled a jury and held an inquest on the remains of Mrs. Mahlin, who committed suicide on Thursday. Dr. Gallaher and McKelvey testified to the wounds in the neck, and also that she had attempted to tear off the plaster and desired her attendants to let her die. She also asked if her children were dead, and being answered in the negative said that she had intended to kill them on Wednesday night, and thought that she had done so. Dr. Gallaher was of opinion that she had inflicted several cuts on her throat. After the commission of the deed witnesses asked her if she was crazy when she did it and she replied by a movement of the lips as if to say yes.

John Little, one of the boarders, testified in substance that Mrs. Mahlin wanted to take the plaster off her neck, and previous to this asked the witness to shoot her.

The jury returned a verdict to the effect that the deceased came to her death by cutting her throat with a razor, at the boarding house of Mrs. Dobson, No. 139 Grant street, while laboring under a temporary fit of insanity.

The mother and sister of the deceased arrived here Thursday evening from Altoona, and yesterday afternoon the body, accompanied by Mr. Mahlin and the mother and sister, was taken to Altoona.

The Bainon Murder Case.

The girl, Maggie Bainon, arrested for the murder of her father, Philip Bainon, by means of poison, was committed to jail by Mayor Brush yesterday for a hearing on the 31st inst. The chemical analyses of the stomach of the deceased man will have been made by that time and the presence or absence of poison determined. So vague and indiscriminate are the rumors afloat concerning the tragedy that we deem it unjust, until the inquest shall have been concluded, to refer to them.

Market Committee Appointments.

The Market Committee of Councils met last evening, with a full attendance, and organized by selecting James M. McEwen, of Select Councils, Chairman. The Committee elected as market constables, John P. Messner and John Weigley. William J. Black was elected weighmaster at Diamond markets. A variety of routine business was transacted of no general interest to the public.

Public Amusemets.

OPERA HOUSE.—Boucicault's drama of "The Octoroon" will be performed at the matinee this afternoon, and in the evening it will be repeated, in addition to the performance of the "Gunmaker of Moscow."

The seats for Edwin Forrest's engagement next week are being rapidly taken, although there are a number of choice seats yet unreserved.

MUSEUM.—Extra attractions will be arranged for the amusement this afternoon of the little folks, whose day it is for exploring the Museum.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.—The celebrated Wm. Horace Lingard, Alice Dunning, and their burlesque company, will occupy the Academy of Music the last four nights of next week, when they will present a number of their most popular burlesques.

THE PERFECT MACHINE—The Parham.

ALLEGHENY COUNCILS.

Joint Standing Committees for 1870.

The following are the Joint Standing Committees, as appointed by the Presidents of the Allegheny Councils for the ensuing year:

FINANCE—Select Council—*Hall, Riddle, Phillips, Long, Reineman. Common Council—McNeill, Gilliland, Voeghtly, Slack.

STREETS AND SEWERS.—Select Council—*J. C. Patterson, Peterson, Callery. Common Council—Taggart, Hanna, Siedle, Voegtly.

WHARVES AND LANDINGS.—Select Council—Reiter, Megraw, Moul. Common Council—*Hastings, Gilmore, Rowbottom, Reynolds.

CITY PROPERTY.—Select Council—*Riddle, Reineman, J. C. Patterson, Common Council—Thompson, Hunker, Rowbottom, Voegtly.

WATER.—Select Council—*Wettach, Long, Huckenstine. Common Council—Siedle, Thompson, Comley, McNeill.

POOR FARM.—Select Council—Long, A. Patterson, Hall. Common Council—*McNeil, Gilliland, Taggart, Hastings.

POLICE.—Select Council—*Phillips, Megraw, A. Patterson, Common Council—Hastings, Dalzell, Hunker, Brahm.

GAS—Select Council—Moul, Reiter, Gwinner. Common Council—*Rowbottom, Taggart, Hunker, Brown.

RAILROADS.—Select Council—*A. Patterson, J. C. Patterson, Reineman. Common Council—Ashworth, Gilmore, Rowbottom, Brown.

SURVEYS—Select Council—*Reiter, Callery, Huckenstine. Common Council—Moul, Ashworth, Gilliland, Reynolds.

PRINTING.—Select Council—Wettach, Hall, Moul. Common Council—*Slack, Moul, Gilmore, McNeill.

APPEALS.—Select Council—*Callery, Peterson, Gwinner. Common Council—Herchenroether, Taggart, Moul, Gilmore.

ORDINANCES.—Select Council—Long, Riddle, Gwinner. Common Council—*Comley, Seidle, Moul, Voegtly.

FIRE ENGINES.—Select Council—Phillips, A. Patterson, Callery. Common Council—*Dalzell, Hastings, Comley, Slack.

MARKETS.—Select Council—Reiter, Huckenstine, Moul. Common Council—*Hanna, Ashworth, Moul, Thompson.

WOODEN BUILDINGS.—Select Council—*Peterson, J. C. Patterson, Wettach. Common Council—*Seidle, Herchenroether, Brown, Dalzell.

STREET RAILROADS.—Select Council—*Gwinner, Megraw, Wettach. Common Council—*Herchenroether, Gilliland, Voegtly, Hunker.

COMMON GROUNDS.—Select Council—*Long, Reineman, Peterson. Common Council—*Slack, Hanna, Brahm, Reynolds.

DIVISION OF WARDS.—Select Council—*Huckenstine, Megraw, Riddle. Common Council—*Thompson, Reynolds, Comley, Brahm.

*Chairman.

NOTE.—The Presidents of Councils, by Ordinance, are members of all Committees.

Police Intelligence.

[Before Mayor Callow.]

KEEPING A FEROCIOUS DOG.

Eliza Englin appeared before Mayor Callow yesterday, and made information against a man named Moon for keeping a ferocious dog. The parties reside in the Seventh ward. A warrant was issued.

DISORDERLY CASES.

Edward Henry came to the office of Mayor Callow yesterday, and made information against "Circus" Jackson, colored, and Catherine Taylor and Josephine Woods, white, for disorderly conduct. The defendants occupy the same house, on Hemlock street, Allegheny, and as is alleged, act in such a manner as to disturb the peace of the neighborhood. "Circus" Jackson and Josephine Woods were arrested and commtied to jail for thirty days. The other party has not yet been arrested.

[Before Alderman McMasters.]

ALLEGED FALSE PRETENSES.

James McNulty, coal dealer, made information yesterday before Alderman McMasters, against Michael Boyle for false pretenses. The prosecutor alleges that the defendant purchased one hundred bushels of coal from him, by representing that he had left his pocket book at home, and that after the coal was delivered he would return and pay for it. The coal dealer waited a few days, and the defendant failing to return, thought that something was wrong, and hence the suit. A warrant was issued.

DISTURBING THE SINGERS.

James McConnell, of South Fayette township, appeared before Alderman McMasters yesterday, and made information against Wm. McClain for disturbing a public assembly. The young folks had formed a singing society which met once a week in the school house. The members of the society met as usual an evening or two since, and, as is alleged, the defendant was present and raised such a disturbance that the meeting had to be broken up. A warrant was issued for the arrest of the accused.

POINT DIFFICULTIES.

Anna Dunlapp, last evening, came all the way from the Point to the office of Alderman McMasters, for the purpose of making an information against Mary McNulty and Peggy King for surety of the peace. The parties are neighbors, and have had frequent difficulties of late. Yesterday another difficulty arose between them, when, as is alleged, the defendants threatened to kill deponent. Warrants were issued.

[Before Alderman Humbert.]

DISORDERLY CONDUCT.

Anna Dunlapp was charged last evening before Alderman Humbert with disorderly conduct, on oath of Mary McNulty. The prosecutrix alleges that the defendant called her all kinds of obscene and ugly names. A warrant was promptly issued.

[Before Alderman Mullin, of Allegheny.]

ASSAULT AND BATTERY.

Mary Beck, a girl about fourteen years of age, visited the office of Alderman Mullin yesterday, and preferred a charge of aggravated assault and battery against Jacobina Thumm. The girl was employed as a domestic in the house of defendant, who resides in Oakland, and she alleges that at different times the defendant abused her in a shameful manner. A warrant was issued.

[Before Alderman Eggers, Allegheny.]

STRUCK HIM.

Alderman Eeggers was visited yesterday by Nicholas Ritz, and the object of his visit was to make information against a man named Michael Bayer, who, as he alleged, struck him in the mouth with his fist. A warrant was issued.

[Before Justice Heisel, of East Birmingham.]

CALLED HIM NAMES.

Sebastian Rittinger made information yesterday before Justice Heisel, against Joseph Yokel for disorderly conduct, alleging that the defendant came to his house, and called his wife all kinds of names. A warrant was issued.

[Before Justice Ammon, of East Birmingham.]

TROUBLE IN A TAVERN.

Charles Strathous and John Lablatter, while enjoying their "glass" in a tavern in Birmingham, got into a difficulty, when, as was alleged yesterday before Justice Ammon, John struck Charles a number of times. The parties reside in Brownstown. A warrant was issued.

Catherine Hoffman alleged, before Justice Ammon yesterday, that Christ. Hoerr entered her house in a state of intoxication, and acted in a rude and disorderly manner. The police are now looking for the accused.

Challenges Comparison.

The American Buttonhole and Overseaming Family Sewing Machine is pronounced by all who have examined it as the foremost machine in the market, simply because it *completes the work*. No other machine presented to the public makes the slightest claims to perfecting the work. This is the aim and object of the Buttonhole and Overseaming Machine. In addition to these signal advantages, it is easily operated, is comparatively noiseless, is simple in construction, and not liable to get out of repair. It has the preference over all other machines wherever their respective merits are canvassed and thoroughly examined. In proof of this, the agent, Mr. James Espy, No. 12 Fifth avenue, is at all times ready to explain its operations, and institute comparisons between the American Buttonhole and all other machines in the market.

"The Pittsburgh Real Estate Register."

Farmers and others having lands for sale or exchange will find the above publication an excellent medium by which they can bring their property before the public. It is published monthly by the enterprising real estate agents, Croft & Phillips, No. 139 Fourth avenue, and will be sent by mail free to any one requesting it. The extensive real estate business done by this firm fully justifies them in using and circulating *gratis* a work of this kind. All information concerning their manner of doing business will be found in the *Register*. Forward your address and obtain a copy, or call at their office as above.

To European Tourists.

Parties contemplating a trip to the Old World will do well to call on our friend, Mr. T. H. Rattigan, 47 Smithfield street, where every information can be gained in regard to the trip. His arrangements are such that he can secure berths for parties by telegraph, thereby saving persons the trouble and time of being in New York a week or two previous to the sailing of vessels in order to obtain such rooms and berths as they would desire. He has on hand plans of cabins of the different steamers leaving New York—the Inman Line, Cunard, and others. Give Mr. Rattigan a call.

Fine Queensware.

We direct the attention of the trade to the large stock of queensware in store at the establishment of S. M. Kier & Co. No. 363 Liberty street. Messrs. Kier & Co. manufacture queensware in all its varieties and in such a manner that it has attained for itself a reputation equal to any imported wares. Retail dealers will find it to their interest to visit this establishment.

For Rent.

Two houses at McCandless station, Eighteenth ward, adjoining the residence of Judge McCandless. One house contains nine rooms, with large garden, shade and fruit trees, stable, carriage house, out buildings, &c. One house of five rooms, with garden. Inquire at J. D. Thompson's Brush and Notion store, No. 240 Liberty street. TTHS

Valuable and Reliable.

"Brown's Bronchial Troches" will be found invaluable to those exposed to sudden changes, affording prompt relief in cases of coughs, colds, etc. For public speakers and singers, and those who over-tax the voice, they are useful in relieving an irritated throat, and will render articulation easy. As there are imitations, be sure to obtain the genuine.

Brooms.

James Connor, wholesale grocer, No. 355 Liberty, has in store a large stock of superior brooms to which the attention of the trade is directed. See advertisement on first page.

J. D. Thompson & Co.'s

Is the headquarters for brushes, notions and matches, valentines, marbles, lead combs and Twin Brother's yeast wholesale, at No. 240 Liberty street. TTHS

Health's Best Defense.

"The weak eateth herbs," says St. Paul, so that eighteen hundred years ago the value of medicinal plants was appreciated. In the Old Testament botanical remedies are repeatedly recommended, but in no passage of sacred history is man recommended to swallow calomel; or blue pill or any other mineral preparation. The sick were directed to eat herbs to strengthen them, to purify them, to heal them, to restore them. In that day the art of making vegetable extracts was unknown. The herbal medicines were mere infusions.

It was reserved for a latter age to unite the sanitary essences of tonic, aperient and antibilious roots, barks and plants, with an active stimulant, and thus secure their rapid diffusion through the debilitated or disordered system. The crowning triumph of this effective mode of concentrating and applying the virtues of medicinal vegetables was achieved in the production of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Never before had a perfectly pure alcoholic stimulant been combined with the expressed juices of the finest specifics of the vegetable kingdom. Never yet, though eighteen years have elapsed since its introduction, has this great restorative been equaled. It is taken at all seasons, in all climes, as the most potent safeguard against epidemics, as a protection against all unhealthy exhalations that produce debility or beget disease; as a remedy for intermittent and other malarious fevers; as an appetizer; as a sovereign cure for dyspepsia; as a general tonic and invigorant; as a gentle, painless aperient; as a blood depurent; as a nervine; as a cure for bilious affections; as a harmless anodyne, and as the BEST DEFENSE OF HEALTH under unfavorable circumstances, such as sedentary pursuits, undue bodily or mental exertion, hardship, privation and exposure.

The Commercial in Sligo and Temperanceville.

Messrs. Weaver Bros., two enterprising and attentive young men, have now the exclusive agency for the COMMERCIAL in the boroughs of Temperanceville and Sligo, and they will promptly deliver it by carriers every morning in those places. They will continue their canvass for subscribers, and, in the meantime, if any persons who were served by the former carrier do not get their paper, they will be promptly served on leaving notice at Weaver Bro.'s news depot, near Dorrington's feed store, Temperanceville, or at the COMMERCIAL counting room, Fifth avenue.

The Commercial Up Town.

Mr. C. E. Linke, the faithful carrier of the COMMERCIAL in a portion of the upper wards and Minersville, will hereafter deliver the paper in that entire district. Subscribers will continue to pay him as usual, and if any subscriber should fail to receive his paper under the new arrangement, the omission will be promptly corrected by leaving word at the counting room.

LOCAL NOTICES.

Valentines.

Valentines, valentines, wholesale and retail, wholesale and retail, wholesale and retail; sentimental and comic, sentimental and comic, sentimental and comic, embossed envelopes, valentine cards, perfumed satchels. For the convenience of the wholesale trade we have put up lots at $5, $10, $15, $20, $25 and $30. Our stock of valentines for the ensuing season of 1870 is superior in beauty of design and in extent of variety to that of any former season, and challenges competition. Jno. W. Pittock, stationer and news dealer, opposite Postoffice.

Undoubted.

The finest stock of pure drugs, new chemicals, perfumery, pomades, soaps, cosmetics and toilet goods of every description; also the finest quality of sponges, bath and hair brushes, Turkish towels, etc., together with the very best brands of medicinal liquors. All goods as represented, at the lowest prices. Don't forget the place, R. M. Snodgrass' new store, Federal and Robinson streets, Allegheny.

The Weed.

To be found at 116 Market street, has every desirable quality to recommend it to those wanting a good family sewing machine, simple, reliable, durable in the greatest degree, and capable of performing the widest range of work with fewer changes of attachement than any other machine before the public. Sold on easy terms, and satisfaction guaranteed with every sale.

Satin Gloss Starch—Testimonial.

PITTSBURGH, January 6, 1870.

DEAR SIR—For some months I have been using your celebrated starch in my Laundry, and can assure you it gives perfect satisfaction. Its whiteness and purity commend it particularly to the laundress.

Yours, respectfully,
JOHN MCD. CROSSAN,
Proprietor Monongahela House.

To Wm. Duryea, New York. S

There is No Excuse

For those who drag their weary and disordered bodies into our company, when a few doses of Ayers Sarsaparilla would cleanse their murky blood and restore their health and vigor. Ye muddy victims of bilious disease, have some regard for your neighbors, if not for yourselves. TTHS

The Spring Session

Of the Ladies Seminary, Brownsville, Pa., will commence on February 7th, 1870, and will continue for twenty weeks. For circulars address the Principal, Mrs. C. E. Smythe.

Great Closing Out Sale

At W. W. Moorhead's, 81 Market street. All our goods will be sold at very low prices for thirty days, preparatory to taking our inventory. Call and secure bargains, as we intend to do just what we say. Embroideries at exceedingly low prices. W. W. Moorhead's, 81 Market street.

Just Received.

Two hundred pounds Bower's Pure Inoderous Glycerine, admitted to be the finest article in use. Jos. Fleming, 84 Market street, corner of the Diamond.

Diseases of the Scalp

Produce gray hair and baldness!
The use of
Halls's Vegetable
Sicilian Hair Renewer
Will restore it to its natural color and promote its growth.
Our treatise on the hair sent free by mail.
R. P. Hall & Co., Nashua, N. H. Proprietors. MWF

Something New.

Call at No. 413 Liberty street, and see the improved Corn Sheller, for which a stock company is being formed in this city for the purchase of the right to manufacture and sell the article in this State.

C. O. COLE & W. W. NOEL.

Fine Shirts Made to Order.

And warranted to fit, at Russell's Shirt Store, Fifth avenue, one door below Market street.

Latest from the Ladies.

Since the introduction of Phalon's Vitalliaor Salvation for the Hair, ladies who formerly used dyes, are universally abandoning them. They find the new article so harmless, so clean and pure, so pleasant to the senses, and with all so superior as a means of renewing the color, that they absolutely shudder when they think of the filthy stuff they once used. TTHS.

Elegant Tea Sets.

An unlimited assortment of China ware, embracing new and beautiful patterns, at R. E. Breed & Co.'s, 100 Wood street.

Silver Plated Ware.

For the latest designs—plain, chaste and elaborate—see R. E. Breed & Co.'s stock, 100 Wood street.

Country Merchants

In search of a place to purchase their drugs and medicines to their best advantage, and save money, should call at McClarran & McKennan's drug store, 85 Market street, near Fifth avenue.

R. E. Breed & Co.

All that is new and elegant in silver plated ware will be found at 100 Wood street.

W. D. Duffey,

Merchant Tailor, No. 24 Fifth avenue, Pittsburgh. tf

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PITTSBURGH, October 28, 1869.

DEAR SIR—Having given your *satin gloss* starch a thorough trial in my Laundry, I can say that it gives such entire satisfaction that in future I shall use no other.

Respectfully, yours,
HARRY SHIRLS,
Proprietor St. Charles Hotel.

To Wm. Duryea, Agent Glen Cove Starch Company, New York. T.

Satin Gloss Starch Testimonial.

PITTSBURGH, September 27, 1869.

Wm. Duryea, No. 49 and 41 Park Place, New York:

DEAR SIR: Your *satin gloss* starch, which we have been using in our steam laundry, is certainly the best article of the kind we can get. It is easy to prepare and produces a finish which is very durable, and it goes further than any other. Yours Respectfully,
JAMES STEPHENSON,
M Act. Superintendent Central Trans. Co.

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Robert H. Patterson & Co.,

CORNER OF

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AUCTIONEER.

ASSIGNEE SALE OF GROCERIES.—TUESDAY MORNING, February 1st, at 10 o'clock, by order of John H. Bailey, Assignee in Bankruptcy of A. J. Hagan, will be sold on the premises, No. 23 Diamond, near Fifth avenue, Pittsburgh, the entire large and fresh stock of Groceries, Canned Fruits, Wines, Liquors, &c., to which the attention of dealers and others is invited.

A. McILWAINE, Auctioneer.

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Between East Liberty and Wilkinsburg, Pennsylvania Railroad,

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With Mansard Roof, Twelve Rooms each

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Fort Pitt Glass Works, Washington St.

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IN THE CITY.

LIST OF LETTERS

Remaining in the Pittsburgh Postoffice, January 22d, 1870:

LADIES' LIST.

Agnew Mrs H J
Almond Mrs
Anderson Mrs J
Anderson Mrs T W
Applby Catherine
Armstrong Miss Louis B
Bacnle Mrs U
Ballard Miss Mollie E
Beattie Miss B
Beach Miss M O
Beck Miss Annie
Berg Miss Maggie
Bradshaw Miss P
Brazell Miss F
Brunswick J
Brown Miss Eliza
Brown Miss M
Brown Miss Kate
Burns Mrs E
Busha Mrs B
Burrell Matilda
Carey Miss A
Clark Mrs M
Clark Mrs E J
Cobbert Miss M
Cope Jane
Craig Miss M
Curry Miss C M
Dun Miss Mary
Dunn Mrs Jno
Duff Miss M E
Darrah Mary A
Dolby Mrs Mary
Deakin Mrs E H
Donaldson Mrs R
Dougherty Mrs M
Donohoo Miss M
Doerflinger Mrs
Filler Mrs Sarah
Foster Maria
Fuller Mrs Ann
Gallagher Mrs Maggie
Gebhart Mrs Eva
Giffin Margaret
Ginniff Miss S
Gough C S
Grinrod Mrs
Hazlett Mrs M
Hoffey Miss Annie
Hall Miss E
Hanna Mrs S
Hampton Miss M
Hettick Maria
Hewitt Miss Ettie
Hiller Miss E J
Hoskinson Miss L
Holliman Miss Mary Ann
Hough Miss J
Johns Mrs H
Jackson Mrs A
Jacobs Miss D
Johnston Miss D J
Johnston Mrs A
Jones Mrs G D
Jones Mrs P B
Jones Mary
Kenney Mrs C
Kennedy Mrs Ann
Kerr Mrs Jane
Kelley Mrs Sarah
Kelley Miss Mary
Kelley Miss Eliza
Lappey Miss E
Law Miss S
Lewton Miss H
Little Mrs Mary
Lloyd Miss Mary
Mansfield Miss Maud
Meynick Miss M
Mannan Mrs J
Martin Mrs J L
Metcalf Mrs M A
Minnis Mrs M A
Milligan Mrs M
Margait Miss E
Moody Mrs R
Morgan Ann
Mowry Mrs Jane
Mowry Mrs E A
Murdoch Miss M
Menan Mrs A L
McLaughlin Mrs Martha
McCutcheon Miss Jennie
McFarland Mrs C
McElhenny Miss Carrie
McDonald Mrs Mary A
McFadden Mrs E
McGill Mrs Jno
Megraw Mrs E
McKee Miss F G
Noss Mrs E A
Needham Mrs B
Nichols Mrs L
Patterson Mrs E R
Phillips Miss M
Phillips Mrs S
Phillips Mrs S M
Pope Miss Mary
Quigg Mrs J
Freeman (2)
Reed Mrs E B
Reed Mrs
Reynolds Mrs J
Richards Miss P
Rhodes Mrs R M
Rhodes Mrs
Ross Mrs A T
Robinson Miss Flora M
Robertson Mrs M
Sayer Mrs R S
Sanders Sarah
Sheible Miss B
Shaffer Mrs I
Shuman Miss E
Slagle Miss Mary
Smith Miss M
Smith Mrs Eliza
Snyder Mary
Spence Mrs Eliza
Stickney Mrs S
Steen Maria F
Stewart Mrs C
Stewart Miss E
Sylence Miss R
Timothy Miss A
Torence Mrs E A
Vaughn Miss C
Vick Miss L
White Miss
Walkham Miss Lizzie M
Washington S T
Washington Mrs Reade
Welsh Mrs M E
White Mrs M
Williams Rose F
Willson Miss H
Wray Mrs Widow
Yanfretta Mrs D
Jennie Miss
C M E Miss (2)

GENTLEMEN'S LIST.

Agen Edward
Aba J Jos
Addis Mathew
Allice Chas M
Allen Jno R
Anderson F H
Aple Geo
Antrim W W
Arendell Prof
Ache S D
Ashman Geo D
Aston Joseph
Atwater & Co C
Auetler J H
Avery E J 3
Bailey E
Bailey Jas G
Bailey J P
Bailey Thos
Baker J M
Ballow H B
Baler John
Barker T & D
Baumiller John
Bateman J
Barler Wm
Barber Harry
Basher Capt J H
Barry John
Bebb F G
Bennett Wm
Benward Peter
Beggs A
Beers F E
Berry Daniel
Bickman Geo
Bibebey John
Bigget John 2
Blakeley John
Blain W C
Blair & Co Robt
Back J B
Bogle A M
Bowes E N
Boyer E
Brown Jr Chas
Brown Jas
Brown P S
Brown H M
Brown John C
Brown O C
Brown David
Brown S S
Bradley Geo W 2
Brownson & Co
Bruard Jas
Briggs John
Briggs & Co J
Bristol Geo H
Baker R
Burch & Vantassel
Burger W R
Burgham T
Buie Duncan
Buckley Cornel's
Bucher M W
Bumed Frank
Butler J W
Butler Jessie
Cannon Jas
Cameron L O
Call Wm
Callihan C B
Callihan Wm
Campbell A
Carroben A
Carr Curtis
Cavenaugh P
Carey S C
Carson G A
Casey Jno
Chapman Jno
Chisholm Wm
Chesterwood Dr A C
Chistic Jno
Corlin Jas F
Clarkswood S C
Colston Geo
Cobley Eli
Clowes Wm
Cooley Henry
Clerland H 2
Coale Wm
Cole C C
Coleman S
Collins & Co J B
Cooper Jas 2
Cook A
Cordell Allen
Conover John
Comeek H
Connelly Jas
Coulter Graham
Conn Andrew
Coyle Jno A
Crawford F
Crage Wm
Creemer Dennis
Craei Jas
Cronenine A A
Cunningham W
Cunningham Jas
Carrio Dr Jno
Cummins Geo
Cummins Saml
Davis Dick
Davis H 2
Davis Gust
Davis Thos (not collector)
Davis John
David A J
Devine Wm
Decker Daniel
Dittman Jos E
Diley Wilson
Doherty J M
Doerrer Harry
Donaldson J W
Dougherty J R
Drughy David
Dyer S
Duffy P
Duncan Geo
Duncan Alex
Duncan G R
Duseberry C
Dunning Mat
Dunn Richard
Dunn John
Dunn J J
Edwards J F
Ely & Co E C
Endsley Jas
Esta David
Evans N
Evans Jas
Fairman Wm
Fauman H
Fairweather S J
Farward W D 2
Farris Jas B
Feller M
Fitzsimmons W
Finney Andrew
Fleisher Penrose
Flanestien Thos
Forener Isaac
Foote O P
Foster F B
Ford Isaiah
Frea A B
Francis A M
Fulton Andrew (painter)
Galley Jas
Gallyconders Wm
Garner Jas
Gardner J C R
Gardner J R
Gilmore John
Given J W
Gilliland Geo E 2
Glpner J
Gilner Cas
Gorman J J
Gorman Jas
Godfrey Jos S
Gormley Pat
Gordon Geo M
Gray W J
Graham Robt
Graham Jas
Gregg Isaac
Griffin J J
Green Wm
Gutbert H
Gondridge Jos M
Ginnes John
Gothridge & Chandler
Groiner Luis
Hall Erastus
Hadon Ed
Handy, Bremen & Co
Hanna John 2
Hamilton Henry
Hamilton Thos
Hann M S
Hardy Ed
Harlan John
Harran Wm
Harmer David
Harvey John 2
Harvey & Co W C
Harrower Wm B
Harris W
Harrison J & Co
Harper G W N
Hawkins Jas
Hayes John
Hedges Thos
Hedges Rev Chas
Helt Fred
Herr Dan H
Henderson E D
Henderson John
Heynes Matt
Herron Alick
Hiller Sam
Hitchcock S S
Hickock & Co W
Hill Homer
Hill John
Hopkins M F
Hopkins Taylor
Hodges Fletcher
Hobbs, Brokman & Co
Homes Wm
Homen Fred
Horn John
Hogsden Ed
Howard J W
Houdden F
Howell Jones
Huff J S K 2
Hudson Robt
Hubbell Rev E
Hulings F K
Hutchinson E
Hutchinson D
Jacobs Simon
Jackson L A
Jones T W
Jones Sam
Johnson David
Johnston J T W
Johnson Jos H
Kavanaugh J
Kansal A
Kane S K
Kambian Dan
Kenney John
Keyser E J
Kennedy Thos
Kennedy S
Kent Geo
Keep W P
Kelly John
Kinney Jos
Knox J W
Kinsland J S
Kunkle Robt
Layton Geo
Leyman Fred
Landy Michael
Lehman Rev
Lee Wm A
Lee Archie
Lewis Geo
Lewis J P
Little D
Long Chas
Loyd Frank
Loughrey Geo
Lumm Peter
Madens Thos
Maginn W
Mahoney Ed
Mallam C S
Marmness J M
Marshall Hugh
Marshall Jas
Martin John J
Martin Jno F
Mellor J S
Merrick & Co C M
Milligan R B
Mitnacht Chas
Monott Jas H
Mills J E
Michaels Jos
Minor Harry
Miller A B
Miller David S
Miller Andrew
Miller Jacob B
Miller Jno C
Miller Rev J K
Miller Geo T
Mooney Thos
Morly Jas
Morgan John
Morrow E W
Moor Hays
Moor R M
Morrison M
Morrison E R
Myers Abraham
McCauley J W
McCartney Geo
McCune John
McCarty J
McClure J W
McClelmen C W
McClellan Capt J
McClellan Jas
McCollum F
McConnell & Elken
McCormick Jas
McCracken, Van Ryn & McClelland
McCurdy John
McCrory Wm
McFarlin & Co A B
McFarland J G
McGee John
McGrath F
McKnight Wm
McKelvey Jos
McKenna J S
McMahan W C
McLaren Rev W E
McLaughlin J C
McWilliams G W
McRay Wm
Neel S B J S
Nicholson R J
Nicholson A
Nichols H J
Nichols J C
Nolan Simon
Norris Wm E
Orr J C
O'Connell J
O'Brien C
Orth Martin
O'Leary John
Oren Z
Orr Frank
O'Neiel Jas
Palmer Henry
Parker J
Patterson P D
Phelps, Clark Coles & Co
Phillips & Moore
Phillips Wm
Phillips J N
Pratt Jas
Poepert Anton
Paulston A L
Porter J L
Park Lewis
Patt A E
Protsman Benj
Prasser W H
Ragnall J C
Regan Dan
Rose A W
Resnitz Chas
Reynolds C M
Reed Owens
Ream D R
Reynolds F
Read Rev J T
Reich Jno
Richardson W
Rill, Blackburn & Co
Raiter J
Rhodes T (for)
Rogers Jas (for)
Rogers Wm
Rogers Wm A
Robinson Jno N
Ross Wm
Ross Jos A
Rynders Wm A
Rutter Geo
Ryland J E
Russ Wm T
Sayer C B
Sampson S
Sonance Jno
Sayer C B
Sample J C
Schooley S
Scully J
Schomm Wilson
Scholle Wm R
Scott Ed
Scott Master E
Seely Dr
Siebert & Brunning
Sechy H T 3
Sedgwick E O
Shaw & Massey
Shay H O
Shelly Wm
Shriver, Spear & Co
Sheledon & Co
Sill F
Siebert A F
Smithson & Palmer
Smith Saml
Smith T
Smith J
Smith, Cresswell & Co
Smith J E
Smith J H
Smith Rev J M
Smith & Williams
Snyder Rudolph
Sperner A
Stevens M
Stevenson J M
Stevens Wells
Stevens Jno W
Stevenson W P
Stoolfire H O
Stone Benj
Stiles Elbridge
Sutter Danl
Supter T B
Swalan Jacob
Taylor S A
Tasar & Co
Thomas Geo
Thayer Francis
Thomas I C
Thomas Chas
Thomas Jno
Thurlow H G
Thompson S
Thompson M B
Thompson Ed
Titlow A
Tinsdale G N
Townsend & Adams
Torrance E
Tutte Capt C
Tuttle T J
Tucker B
Upton L T
Updike T B
Underwood Thos
Ungleson Thos
Vinsend Jas
Vaux J (for)
Vetter Johan
Valentine Isaac
Vincent B
Warren E T
Walker Jac
Wallace Dr M W
Ward Hommes B
Warren G
Washington G
Wachter W H
Waterman J D
Walsh T J
Webber Willimor
Well & Co
Wells Geo
Weber Peter
White Jno F
Wise L H
Willey Geo
Wise Jno
Wilbraham T (for)
Weaver Mr
Werner Jno
Wilkinson W W
Wigly Jno
Williams Chas
Williams Gus
Williams Jno
Williams G R
Wilson Henry
Wilson J W
Wilson Wm
Wolf Fred
Worrell J P
Woll Christ
Wurpillot X
Wolff Wesley
Wolthow Wm
Woodbury Jas
Wray R F
Yost Geo W N
Young W H
Ynne Jas
W X Y Z
X Y Z
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2. Official Department. State.
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5. Offices for County Superintendents.
6. Permanent Certificates Granted.
7. Institutes.
8. Christmas Presents.
9. Presentation to Teachers.
10. Education of the Heart.
11. Cramming.
12. Indiana County Institute.
13. Allegheny Schools. Reports.
14. A Bad Fire.
15. Poetry—Lulie and Renie.
16. Editorial Department.
17. Earnest Teaching.
18. Monthly Report of County Superintendent.
19. Monthly Report of City Superintendent.
20. Curry Institute.
21. Our Book Table.
22. Pittsburgh Teachers' Institute.
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HATS AND CAPS.

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IS DIRECTED TO THE ANNUAL CLOSING SALE AT

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COMMENCING AT THIS DATE.

The entire Stock in the Wholesale and Retail Department will be sold at a

GREAT

REDUCTION,

And a great part of it at less than cost, as it must be reduced preparatory to invoicing.

Particular attention is invited to the magnificent assortment of

HATS

AND THE GREAT SACRIFICE

IN PRICES,

Of the largest and most attractive line of VELVETS and SATINS to be found in the city.

Birds of Paradise,

Ostrich Plumes, Sea Gulls,

Willow Plumes and

Brazillian Birds,

AT CORRESPONDINGLY LOW PRICES.

If you want Bargains be sure and not overlook this sale, at

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Gent's Beaver Gloves and Collars,

$2 50 to $10 00.

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CITY CONTROLLER'S OFFICE, PITTSBURGH, January 17th, 1870.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED at this office until January 25th 1870, for furnishing the City with STATIONERY AND BLANK BOOKS For the ensuing year.

R. J. McGOWAN, Controller.

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GREAT

REDUCTION

IN

PRICES

OF

DRY GOODS

TO CLOSE STOCK

OF

Winter Goods.

BLANKETS,

FLANNELS,

CLOAKINGS,

CLOTHS,

DRESS GOODS,

VELVETS,

SILKS,

MERINOS.

SPECIAL BARGAINS

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Cloaks and Shawls

Lyons Velvets,

FROM AUCTION,

VERY CHEAP.

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GREAT FINAL

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AT

BARKER'S,

59 Market Street.

Every Article has been Reduced in Price, and may be Sold in Thirty Days.

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LOZENGES IN EVERY STYLE

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

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HERMETICALLY SEALED

FRUITS AND VEGETABLES.

SAUCES, PICKLES, CATSUPS,

Refined Sugars, Jellies, Spices, &c.

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Descriptive Hand-Book and Almanac for 1870.

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137 Liberty Street, Pittsburgh.

CLOVER and TIMOTHY, prime Seed, at Lowest [illegible]

CANARY BIRDS, AQUARIUMS,

GOLD FISH, FERN CASES,

RUSTIC BASKETS, BIRD CAGES,

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For sale by JNO. R. & A. MURDOCH,

Florists, 112 Smithfield street.

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FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH, Pa. Capital $500,000. JAS. LAUGHLIN, President; J. D. SCULLY, Cashier.

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M'BANE & ANJER, COMMISSION Merchants, Dealers in Flour, Grain and Produce, 141 Water street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

WOODWORTH & DAVIDSON, PRODUCE and Commission Merchants, Dealers in Flour, Grain, Bacon, &c., 201 Liberty street.

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SCAIFE WM. B., 119 AND 121 FIRST street, manufacture Copper Pipes of all kinds. Particular attention to Pipes for Rolling Mills, &c. [illegible]

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SCAIFE WM. B., 119 AND 121 FIRST street. Manufactures all kinds of Sheet and Plate Iron Work. Particular attention paid to work for Blast Furnaces, Rolling Mills, Gas Works and Oil Refineries. Also, Corrugated Iron Roofs.

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BUTLER H. L., 127 LIBERTY STREET, Dealer in Iron and Wood-working Machinery, and Manufacturers' Supplies of all kinds.

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M'KINNELL J. H., AGENT FOR WM. L. Ellis & Co.'s Oysters. Also, Dealer in Game, Fish and Fruits. 21 Sixth street, late St. Clair.

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